

### Cover photo:

2025 World Champion Matt Struble

### Back cover photo:

2025 European Champion: Rasmus Maalinn

### 2025 IDNIYRA CHAMPIONS

### **WORLD CHAMPION**



Matt Struble US186 USA Regatta Location: Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, USA

### **EUROPEAN CHAMPION**



Rasmus Maalinn C20 Regatta Location: Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland

### NORTH AMERICAN CHAMPION



Matt Struble US186 Regatta Location: Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, USA

Junior World DN and Ice Optimist titles were not awarded in 2025 due to lack of racing conditions. An attempt to sail the Junior events may be made in December 2025, after the yearbook goes to press.

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### **IDNIYRA 2026 YEARBOOK**

FIRST EDITION: DECEMBER 2, 2025

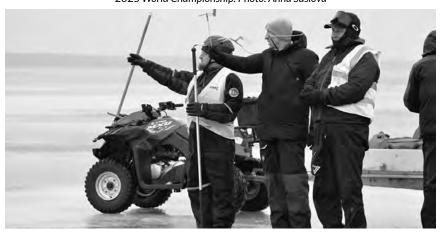
### **CHANGES SINCE THE 2025 EDITION**

IDNIYRA Proposals Effective July 1, 2025

Updated By Laws to reflect the approved proposal reducing the number of scheduled races for the North American Championship to 7 when not held in conjunction with the Gold Cup.



2025 World Championship. Photo: Anna Suslova



2025 European Championship. Photo: Rola Lora

### EARLY HISTORY OF THE IDNIYRA

On February 21 and 22, 1953 the Detroit Ice Yacht Club sponsored a regatta to bring the DN skippers together to help form an association. A meeting of the skippers was held at this regatta and two representatives from each club present were chosen to outline a constitution for the association. North Star Sail Club was represented by John Liston and Fred Kagel; Anchor Bay Ice Yacht Club by Tom King and A. J. Walker; Detroit Ice Yacht Club by William Sarns and Clifford Cartwright. The representatives met at the home of the Cartwrights the following Sunday afternoon and briefly outlined a constitution. William Sarns was elected to serve as temporary secretary and to compose the constitution. The secretary prepared a constitution and sent out copies to the representatives in the following fall. They were returned to the secretary along with desired changes. The changes that the majority wanted were incorporated and 200 copies were printed. A copy was sent out to each individual who attended the first regatta and others who were interested. On January 17, 1954 the Northwestern Ice Yachting Association passed a resolution that they would accept the DN Association's specifications for their DN races which are now included in their annual regatta.

On January 7, 1954 the North Star Sail Club offered to be host for the annual regatta. There were no other offers so theirs was accepted. Sixty-two programs were sent out on February 1 for the regatta scheduled for February 20 and 21. On February 19 the regatta was transferred to Cass Lake because of poor ice at the North Star Club House on Lake St. Clair. The first five DN's in this regatta were: (1) Jack Moran, (2) Skip Boston, (3) Paul Eggert, (4) Bill Sporer, and (5) Bill Sarns.

The IDNIYRA was incorporated as a Non-Profit Corporation in the State of Michigan in 1962 for the following stated purpose.

"To promote, protect, and perpetuate DN one-design iceboating, to advance the art and skill of the DN Ice Yacht construction and sailing as well as the future development of the DN Class Ice Yacht and the sport of ice yachting on all the hard waters of the world."

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DNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

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## EUROPEAN INSURANCE MANAGER

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IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

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### **IDNIYRA OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### **REVISED MAY 2024**

Note: Dimensions are given in inches in the English System (except as noted) and in millimeters (MM) in the metric system.

#### **GENERAL**

The OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS define the requirements for the yacht, sail and attached equipment of a DN. The INTERPRETATIONS of the Technical Committee shall prevail as supplements to the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS unless voided by a simple majority of the membership.

#### INTERPRETATIONS FOR GENERAL SECTION

**12/16/2017**: Material – Kevlar cloth may not be used in DN constructions with the exception of the tiller, reference Spec A22.

**11/24/87:** All DN racing equipment must be in accordance with the DN specifications. Whether or not he reveals the structural components of his equipment, the competitor is responsible for making sure his equipment is in compliance with the DN specifications.

**3/18/89:** Specification A.25. specifies wood in the fuselage with fiberglass added for reinforcement only. Carbon fibers and other materials are not allowed. Specification B.7. specifies wood in the runner plank and fiberglass may be added. Carbon fibers and other materials are not allowed. Specification D.8. specifies the boom will be of wood or aluminum. Carbon fibers and other materials are not allowed.

### **IDNIYRA OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS**

### **REVISED MAY 2024**

#### A. FUSELAGE

### 1. Materials

- 1.a Fuselage shall be constructed of wood only except as provided in specifications A.1.b, A.1.d, and A.1.e.
- 1.b Only fiberglass may be added to wood components for reinforcement only. Other fiber reinforcement materials, such as but not limited to carbon fiber or para-aramid fibers are prohibited.
- 1.c Engineered or composite materials manufactured by binding particles or loose fibers of wood and/or fiberglass are not allowed in the side panels.
- 1.d Core materials are allowed for the internal construction of the fuselage.
- 1.e Adhesives and fasteners are allowed.

#### 2. Construction Methods and Details

- 2.a Design of the internal structure of the fuselage including cockpit floor is optional.
- 2.b Fuselage sides (side panels) and the bulkhead at the front of the cockpit must be solid or laminated wood and shall not have any internal cavities. Adhesives and fiberglass reinforcement may be used between individual wood layers of laminated side panels, but the total thickness of wood laminations must satisfy Specification 4e.
- 2.c Where minimum dimensions are specified for wood components, fiberglass reinforcement may be added to the components only after minimum required dimensions of wood are satisfied.
- 2.d The decks, fuselage bottom skin and cockpit floor skin shall be wood (typically plywood). Fiberglass reinforcement may be added after minimum required dimensions of wood are satisfied.
- 2.e A full bulkhead must be installed at the front of the cockpit.
- 2.f Structural members such as longerons, stringers, knees, listings, bulkheads, etc. may be added provided the addition does not infringe or exceed the specifications and allowed materials.
- 2.g Knees or other means of side panel support in the cockpit shall be made of wood and must be installed as provided in specifications A.1.b, A.1.d, and A.1.e.

### Page 14

- 2.h The deck may not protrude more than 3" (76.2mm) into the cockpit from the bulkhead at the front of the cockpit. For the purposes of this specification the deck is the covering on the top of the fuselage in the areas forward and aft of the cockpit. The deck extends uninterrupted from the outside of the side panel on one side to the outside of the side panel on the other side.
- 2.i The seatback shall be flat, measuring  $11^{\circ}$  (279.4 mm) in length at the center line, no maximum height. The crown on top of the seat must be a minimum of  $2^{\circ}$  (50.8 mm) radius with minimum seat width  $4^{\circ}$  (101.6mm). Top edge of the seatback is determined by use of template. See 5.a.
- 2.j The seatback shall be raked aft at an angle of 45 degrees plus or minus 10 degrees, measured from the cockpit floor skin. The seatback may allow access to a stowage compartment.
- 2.k Grab-rails may be installed on the inside and/or outside vertical surface of the side panels. They may not extend beyond 8" (203.2 mm) from either end of the cockpit. Rails shall not exceed 1" (25.4 mm) in depth or width. Rails are exempted from fuselage measurements
- 2. Ballast, if used, shall be permanently installed.

### 3. Fuselage Fittings

3.a Rigging and fittings are not part of the integral structure or reinforcement of the fuselage and may be attached by mechanical fastenings and/or adhesives. The materials allowed in the rigging and fittings attached to the fuselage are optional but must comply with the specifications in sections H and I, and interpretations in sections General, H and I. The dimension and location of the rigging and fittings must comply with the specifications in sections A, H, I, and the interpretations in sections General, H, and I.

### 3.b Steering

3.b.i Steering shall be accomplished by means of a tiller. Tiller may be of any length or shape but shall not be more than 8 inches (203.2 mm) wide. Material is optional and may include para-aramid fabric (Kevlar).

#### 3.b.ii

- a. The tiller post shall be located forward of the bulkhead at the front of the cockpit. The tiller shall be attached to the post at a point above the level of the deck. The sheet block that is installed on the tiller post shall be attached to the tiller post at a point higher than the point of attachment of the tiller.
- b. For the purposes of Specification A.3.b.ii.a, bails, straps, lashings, shackles or strops used to attach the sheet block to the tiller post are neither part of the block nor the tiller post; they are fittings.

- 3.b.iii The steering post and chock may be inclined in the vertical plane of symmetry.
- 3.b.iv Steering rods, cables, or a single push-pull link shall be used and shall be positioned beneath the fuselage as shown on the Official Plans.
- 3.c National letter and sail number affixed to each side of the fuselage below the mast stepping point is optional. If a national sail letter and sail number are affixed to the fuselage, the color shall contrast with the fuselage and the recommended size of each letter and number is 5.5 inches (139.7 mm) high and 0.79 inches (20.1 mm) wide. National letters and sail numbers affixed to the fuselage shall match those on the sails, except for boats loaned or chartered for a regatta.

### 4. Dimensions and Weights

4.a Hull outer surface cross section must be rectangular  $\pm$  2 degrees from a point 6" (153. mm) from the bow to a point 6" (153. mm) from the stern. Exclusions: Cockpit surface, seat back, knees, rails, fittings, and hardware. A maximum 1/4" (6.4 mm) radius is allowed on the corners of the fuselage where the deck / bottom and side panels intersect. Concavities in the deck are not permitted.

		Englis	sh (in)	Metri	c (mm)
		Max	Min	Max	Min
b.	Length Overall (not including bow tang or bobstay fittings.)	147	141	3733.8	3581.4
c.	Beam (measured to the inside of any external grab-rails.)	21.5	17.5	546.1	444.5
d.	Thickness of wood in deck, cockpit floor and bottom skins.	0.25	0.118	6.4	3.0
e.	Minimum thickness of wood in side panels and bulkhead at front of cockpit.		0.625		15.9
f.	Maximum thickness of wood and any fiberglass reinforcement in side panels and bulkhead at front of cockpit.	1		25.4	
g.	Total thickness of cockpit floor (cockpit floor skin plus internal structure plus bottom skin.		0.625		15.9
h.	Intersection of seat back and cockpit floor skin to pivot point of steering runner. See 5.c.	110.25	98.25	2800.4	2495.6

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		English (in)		Metric (mm)	
		Max	Min	Max	Min
i.	Distance from bow (not including bow tang) to front of cockpit.	66	54	1676.4	1371.6
j.	Width of forward most point of bow.	3.75	2	95.3	50.8
k.	Width of aft most point of stern.	4	1.25	101.6	31.8
I.	Horizontal distance from the bow (not including bow tang) to the pivot point of the front runner.	7	3	177.9	76.2

4.m.i The total height of side panel at each fuselage station shall not be less than heights in Table A.1 (The minimum side panel height does not include the deck and bottom).

4.m.ii The bottom surface of the fuselage (side panels including bottom skin), shall not exceed a maximum of 1" (25.4 mm) above zero line and/or a maximum of 1" (12.7 mm) below zero line. Zero line shall be established by a straight line from bow to stern on bottom surface (not including bow tang or bobstay fitting.)

4.m.iii Maximum height of the fuselage side (side panel including deck) above zero line may be 8-1/2" (215.9 mm). All heights of fuselage sides shall be proportional to height as shown in "Layout of Side Panel". The top edge of the side panel may not be concave at any point along its length. When describing the fuselage side profile: the term "proportional" will be defined as a "smooth curve" without reversing the line abruptly.

4.m.iv A side panel profile is acceptable if there are no concavities on or along its upper edge, the maximum height of fuselage sides is not exceeded, and the side panel height at each station is not less than the specified minimum.

Note: Table A.1 applies to the side panel without deck and bottom skin to assist the builder. Specifications 4.m.ii and 4.m.iii apply to the side panel plus deck and bottom skin to assist the measurer.

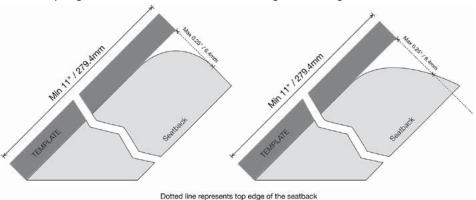
Table A.1: Layout of Side Panel/Minimum Side Heights				
Position along sid		Minimum Side Panel Height (Excluding deck and bottom skin)		
English (in)	Metric (mm)	English (in)	Metric (mm)	
2	50.8	2.563	65	
12	304.8	3.875	98.4	
24	609.6	5.063	128.6	
36	914.4	6.063	154.0	
48	1219.2	6.438	163.5	
60	1524.0	6.625	168.3	
72	1828.8	6.625	168.3	
84	2133.6	6.500	165.1	
96	2438.4	6.188	157.2	
108	2743.2	5.563	141.3	
120	3048.0	4.625	117.5	
132	3352.8	3.375	85.7	
Last station: 2 in.	(50.8mm) from stern	2.000	50.8	

4.n Minimum weight of fuselage complete with all hardware, blocks, tiller, and any ballast required to achieve minimum weight is 46 lbs (20.9kg).

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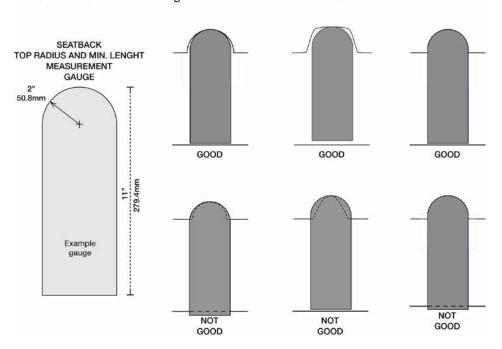
### 5. Measurement

5.a Top edge of seatback is determined according to following method:

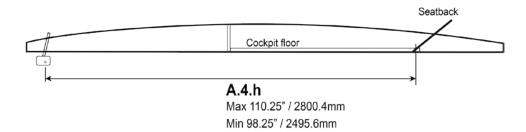


Top of seat shall not have a gap more than .25" /6.4mm measured at 90 degrees from template / seat back to actual seat back surface.

5.b Seatback minimum length at centerline and crown measurement.



5.c Measuring intersection of seat back and cockpit floor skin to pivot point of steering runner.



### **B. RUNNER PLANK**

#### 1. Materials

1.a The allowed materials in runner plank construction are wood, fiberglass (as external reinforcement), adhesives (for gluing or lamination), and non structural cosmetic coatings.

#### 2. Construction

- 2.a The number of wood laminations is optional.
- 2.b The cross Section is optional. Runner plank may be of hollow construction, but only wood or adhesives for lamination purposes may be used to comply with the minimum length, width, and thickness requirements in specifications B.3.a-f.
- 2.c Fiberglass and coatings may be added to the exterior of the wood plank after minimum length, widths and thicknesses are satisfied (specifications B.3.a-f). Added fiberglass and coatings shall not cause the runner plank to exceed the maximum length, width, and thickness (specifications B.3.a-f).
- 2.d The underside of the runner plank shall be higher at the centerline than the underside of the outside ends ("crown"). The profile of this crown shall form a fair continuous curve. Reversals of the curve are prohibited, and the curvature cannot be concave. Cutouts or depressions are prohibited.

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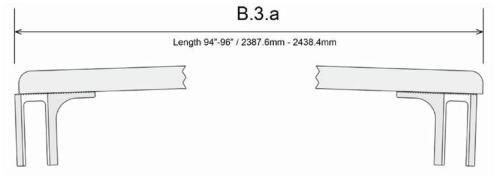
### 3. Dimensions and Weight

		Eng	lish	Me	tric
		Max	Min	Max	Min
a.	Length overall including hardware except pivot bolt. Max dimension refers to finished plank, min dimension refers to wood before adding reinforcements and external coatings.	96	94	2438	2388
b.	Minimum width along entire length of the plank. This measurement is of the wood runner plank and excludes exterior coatings or reinforcement if added.		5.5		139.7
c.	Maximum width along entire length of the plank including any exterior coatings and reinforcement if added.	7.5		190.5	
d.	Minimum thickness over entire length except for fuselage centerline. This measurement is of the wood runner plank and excludes exterior coatings or reinforcement if added.		1.0		25.4
e.	Minimum thickness at fuselage center- line. This measurement is of the wood runner plank and excludes exterior coat- ings or reinforcement if added.		1.125		28.6
f.	Maximum thickness at any point including exterior coatings and reinforcement and excluding hull fitting pads.	1.625		41.3	

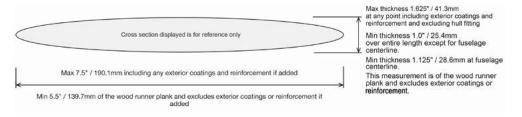
g. The runner plank, including all hardware and pivot bolts, shall not weigh less than 20 lbs.  $(9.1 \, \mathrm{kg.})$ 

### 4. Measurement

4.a Specification B.3.a Length overall shall be measured in a straight line while not mounted on the fuselage and relaxed (under no load). The measurement shall be taken from the end of the runner plank or the chock, whichever gives the longer length; the measurement point may be different on different ends of the plank to determine the longest length. Overall length includes hardware but not pivot bolt.



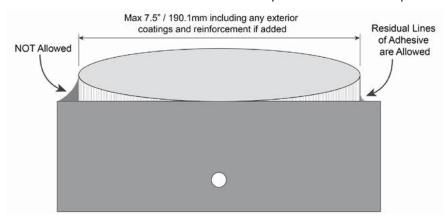
4.b Specifications B.3.b-f. Width and thickness requirements.



4.c Specifications B.3.a-f. Runner plank with exterior coatings and reinforcement where any exterior dimension is the minimum allowed (B.3.a-f) shall fail the minimum wood requirement

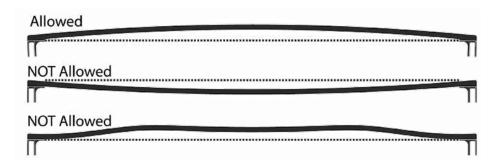
### Page 22

4.d Specifications B.3.c. Areas of plank over the chock: The same fore and aft dimensions apply in this location. Fairings of any type in this area are not allowed if they extend outside the maximum width of the runner plank unless they are part of the chock. Fairings may be considered part of the chock only if the height (Specifications I.5.b) and materials (Specification I.13) requirements for the chock are satisfied. Small residual lines of adhesive between the plank and chock are acceptable.



4.e Specification B.2.d, Crown: A 'fair continuous curve' may be one whose radius varies along its length. When not mounted on the fuselage and relaxed (under no load) the radius of the crown shall nowhere be concave, and no part of the curve shall be lower than the ends. The radius of curvature of the crown may vary along the length of the plank.

Examples shown below. Localized buildups for chock mounting are excluded from the measurement.



### C. MAST

	English		Metric	
1. Dimensions	Max	Min	Max	Min
a. Length overall (including hardware)	192	186	4876.8	4724.4
<ul> <li>b. The maximum fore and aft dimensions, excluding hardware:</li> </ul>	4	_	101.6	
c. The minimum fore and aft dimensions, measured from full section above boom jaw area to a point located 127-1/2" (3238.5 mm) above the mast base:	-	3-1/2	-	88.9
d. The minimum fore and aft dimensions, measured above a point located 127-1/2" (3238.5mm) above the mast base:	-	2	_	50.8
e. The maximum side to side dimension, excluding hardware:	2-1/2	_	63.5	-
f. The minimum side to side dimension, below a point located 127-1/2" (3238.5mm) above the mast base:	-	2	_	50.8
g. The minimum side to side dimension, measured above a point located 127-1/2" (3238.5mm) above the mast base:	-	1-1/8	-	28.6
h. The minimum depth of the boltrope tunnel from the outside trailing edge:	-	3/8	_	9.5

- 2. Materials: Aluminum; wood; carbon or glass fiber; adhesives; foam; fairing and finishing materials.
- 3. Other Specifications:
  - a. Only one boltrope tunnel is permitted. The boltrope tunnel shall be substantially straight with the mast relaxed. Track is prohibited.
  - b. Cross section profiles are optional. Mast may be solid or hollow.
  - c. A halyard must be installed. An internal halyard is permitted.

- d. Devices which prevent or hinder movement of the boom on the mast are prohibited.
- e. The bottom of the mast must be fitted with a socket that will pivot freely on the mast step deck ball.
- f. The mast, without stays but complete with hardware and halyard used while sailing, may weigh no less than 15 lbs. (6.80 kg). Aluminum masts produced from a die existing prior to July 1,1996 may weigh less than 15 lbs. (6.80 kg).
- g. When supported at one point in an approximate horizontal position, the mast, without stays but complete with hardware and halyard in sailing position, must balance at a point a minimum of 84 inches (2133.6 mm) from the mast base.
- h. A removable internal reinforcement of allowable materials is allowed. This reinforcement may not be altered, turned or removed during a regatta.

### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION C, MAST

**10/17/83:** It is allowed to use a mast which is reinforced with carbon fibers from the inside as well as the outside.

**10/17/83:** It is allowed to reinforce an aluminum mast with a piece of wood from the inside.

**7/01/96:** Masts built prior to July 1, 1996, shall be considered legal if they meet prior specifications.

**11/30/98:** The minimum weight and balance point specifications (C.3.g and C.3.h) must be met with and without any removable internal reinforcement.

11/30/98: The mast must be one piece when used in a regatta.

**02/15/2013:** In specifications C.3.f. and C.3.g, the term "stays" includes all components and devices used to connect the cables to the mast hound at the height of the lower mast hound bolt, reference specification H.13., All components and devices used to connect the cables to the mast hound at the height of the lower mast hound bolt must be removed from the mast when determining the weight, C.3.f., and the balance point, C.3.g.

#### D. BOOM

	English		Metric	
	Max	Min	Max	Min
1. Length (from mast):	108	Opt	2743	Opt
2. Depth (from outhaul bracket to 12", 305mm from, mast):	3	2-1/2	76.2	63.6
3. Thickness (from outhaul bracket to 12",305mm from mast):	1-25/32	1-1/4	45.25	31.8

- 4. Only one boltrope tunnel is permitted. The boltrope tunnel shall be substantially straight with boom relaxed. An aluminum boltrope tube is allowed. It must weigh less than three ounces per foot (280 grams/meter). The internal diameter must be at least 3/8" (9.5mm). The cross section of the tube is optional.
- 5. Cross section profile is optional. Boom may be hollow.
- Boom jaws are optional. Devices which prevent or hinder movement of the boom on the mast are prohibited except for check wire.
- 7. Boom shall be constructed of wood or aluminum. Fiberglass may be added for reinforcement only.

### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION D, BOOM

**01/01/79:** The boom jaw may not have a projection on the bearing surface that will fit into the mast slot and thereby affect the rotation of the mast.

### E. RUNNERS

	English		Metric	
	Max	Min	Max	Min
1. Steel plate type (steel body with stiff	ening elen	nents)		
a. Plate thickness	0.27	0.23	6.8	5.9
b. Plate length:	30.0	26.0	762	660.4
<ul><li>c. Plate heights of at least that part contained in chock. (Note: allow for sharpening):</li></ul>	5.0	3.74	127	95
d. Thickness (contained by chock):	1-1/32	31/32	26.1	24.7

- e. Length and height of runner assembly (plate plus stiffening elements) shall not exceed those allowed for the steel plate. Material, location and cross section of stiffening elements are optional, provided Specifications E-3 and E-4 are not violated.
- f. Method of attaching stiffening elements is optional.
- g. Type of steel plate is optional.
- Wood type (wood body with attached steel angle, "T" section or steel plate). This means commercially available section. Technical Committee will rule against any special fabrications.

	English		Metric	
	Max	Min	Max	Min
a. Thickness of body	1-1/32	7/8	26.1	22.3
b. Length:	36	30	914	763
<ul><li>c. Height of at least that part contained by the chock:</li></ul>	5	4	127	101.7
d. Thickness (contained by chock):	1-1/32	31/32	26.1	24.7

- e. Body shall be made of wood. Fiberglass may be added. Plate may be attached by bolts, or epoxy or both.
- f. The steel sections allowed are

American Standard 3/4" (19.1 mm) x 3/4" (19.1 mm) x 1/8" (3.3 mm) "angle" and 1" (25.4 mm) x 1" (25.4 mm) x 3/16" (4.8 mm) or  $\frac{1}{4}$ " (6.4 mm) "T". Equivalent metric measure (DIN) sections may be used provided the dimensions are within 20% of those listed.

g. The 'T' section must not be reduced to less than 75% of its original height by sharpening.

h. Wood type with steel insert.	English		Met- ric	
Insert plate dimensions:	Max	Min	Max	Min
Height:	3	2	76.2	50.8
Thickness	0.270	0.1870	6.86	4.75
Max width exposed below wood runner body:	1-1/2	_	38.1	_

- i. The body of a wood runner may be tapered below the minimum 7/8" (22.3 mm) thickness at a point 6" (152 mm) from the front end of the runner body. The body shall not be less than 1/4" thick at the front end.
- 3. Profile of runner is optional with the exception that front ends of all runners shall have a 5/8" (16 mm) radius or larger.
- 4. Runner stiffening elements shall not project laterally more than 3" (76.2 mm) from runner edge. If runner stiffening elements are used as a weight-bearing component (in contact with ice or snow), they must be totally located within the runner cut specifications (F2).
- Steering runner shall be equipped with a strong and effective parking brake at all times.
- 6. Weight of any individual runner shall not exceed 17 lbs. (7.7 kg).
- 7. Method of attaching runner to chock and chock to plank shall be accomplished as shown in plans.
- 8. Methods of providing relative movement of runner with respect to chock shall be as shown in plans.

- 9. The leading edge of the runner steel is that portion of the edge forward of the sharpened ice contact edge and higher than ¾" (19 mm) above the ice, measured with the runner in normal sailing position. The sharpened ice contact edge of the runner steel is along the entire bottom edge and extends forward and upward along the edge of the steel to a point not exceeding ¾" (19 mm) above the ice, measured with the runner in normal sailing position. The leading edge must be rounded to an edge radius of not less than 1/16" (1.6 mm) and shall be faired to the sides of the steel as allowed in E.12. The sharpened ice contact edge may be rounded or sharpened to an included angle of not less than 75 degrees. The camber (crown) and shape of the sharpened ice contact edge is optional. Along the sharpened ice contact edge, the rounded edge or the sharpened angle is allowed to be faired to the sides of the steel providing the thickness of the steel of plate, insert style or T runners is not reduced below the allowed minimum. (ref. E.1.a., E.2.f., E.2.h).
- 10. Each yacht shall be restricted to the use of nine runners during a regatta.
- 11. A maximum of four holes, which are not structurally required, may be drilled in each runner. Holes shall not exceed 1/2"(12.7mm) diameter.
- 12. Along the leading edge of the steel (ref. E.9.), the minimum allowed steel thickness of plate, insert style, and T runners must be reached within .394" (10 mm) measured from the normal tangents of the leading edge (does not apply to 'angle' type runners).

### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION E, RUNNERS

**1974:** A slot may be machined on the top of allowed ``T" sections to facilitate mounting to wood body.

**10/17/83:** It is permissible to reinforce wood runner bodies (of regulated thickness) with materials like carbons, aluminum, tin, and similar materials. No kevlar.

**11/23/87:** Specifications for the thickness of ``T" sections and for insert steel are not the same.

11/23/87: Internal reinforcement of the wooden runner body: The use of threaded rod or bolts to attach ``T" iron to the wooden body with the rod extending up to the top of the wood body is a well accepted method of constructing these runners. The wood body of insert runners must meet all the requirements of Section E of the Specifications.

**3/18/89:** Specification E.2.h. establishes the maximum thickness of the steel plate in insert runners at .270 inches. Therefore, the absolute maximum thickness is .270" and plate in the thickness range .271" through .279" is not allowed.

11/14/89: Wood or metal stiffeners may be added to insert runners (as in E.1.e. for plate runners) as long as the minimum wood body meets the dimensions in E.2.a. and the stiffener is outside the wood body. No wood or metal stiffener may come between the insert plate and the slot on the wood body. No metal stiffening is allowed inside the main wood body.

7/1/92: The specifications do not prohibit the changing of the runner stiffening elements during a regatta. However, when the stiffening element is changed, the runner is then counted as a new runner in total count of the nine runners allowed.

**7/1/92:** Commercially available T, angle, or plate is manufactured in a quantity to be sold to people who want to purchase it. If the T, angle or plate is made only in small quantities for a few people, it is a special fabrication and not allowed to be used. A modification of a commercially available T, angle, or plate by procedures such as surface grinding, milling, bending or flattening is allowed.

11/30/98: The body of a wood body runner must be constructed of wood and adhesive only. No internal reinforcement is allowed except for threaded rod, or bolts, or screws used to attach the steel to the body. The wood body must meet all specifications before the application of external reinforcement. Reinforcement between the blade and body (inside the slot) on insert runners is considered to be outside the wood body and is allowed.

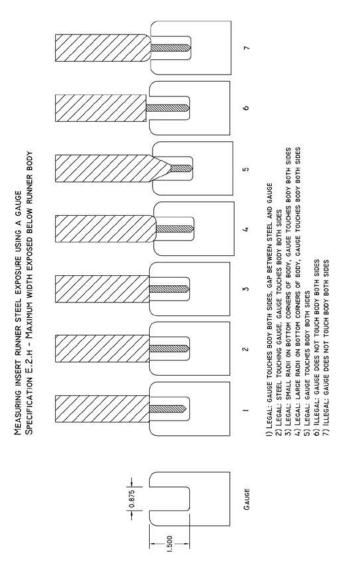
**2/10/07:** Measuring spec. E.2.h: A simple measuring gauge may be used to measure the amount of exposed steel on insert runners. The gauge should have a slot width at the minimum wood body thickness (7/8" or 22.3 mm) and depth at the maximum allowed exposure (1-1/2" or 38.12 mm).

This gauge is used as shown on the next page to measure exposed steel. The top of the gauge should touch the bottom of the runner body. The edge of the steel may touch the bottom of the slot, or there may be a gap between the edge of the steel and the gauge. If the edge of the steel is touching the bottom of the slot and both top edges do not touch the bottom of the runner body, then the exposed steel is greater than the maximum allowed.

#### Notes:

- 1. Because it is impossible to determine the thickness of any reinforcement on the bottom of the runner body, the gauge should be used to measure to the outside of the reinforcement.
- 2. This gauge should not be used on the front 6" (152 mm) of the runner (This gauge should not be used on the front 6" (152 mm) of the runner (where Spec. E.2.i. allows the body thickness to be reduced below 7/8")
- 3. Allowance should be made for small imperfections (porosity, damage, etc.) on the bottom surface of the runner body.

### MEASURE INSERT RUNNER STEEL EXPOSURE USING A GAUGE



**1/15/2010:** The reinforcement bar or stiffening element that is associated with the "Kent" style chock is part of the runner and must meet all requirements of a runner stiffener, Reference Specifications E.1.e; E.1.f; E.4; Interpretations B. Runner Plank, 1/15/2010; E. Runners, 11/14/89, 7/1/92, 1/15/2010, and I. Fittings, 1/15/2010

**1/15/2010:** All runner stiffening elements are considered part of the runner and are included in the runner weight. Reference Specification E.6.

1/15/2010: The specification making optional the method of attachment or stiffening elements to plate runners, Specification E.1.f. also applies to the method of attachment of stiffening elements in wood body runners. Attachment is defined as a physical connection that firmly adheres the stiffening element to the runner such that when the chock pivot bolt is removed, the stiffening element remains physically connected to the runner. Reference Interpretation 7/1/1992.

1/15/2010: At all times while in use the bar or stiffening element that is associated with the "Kent" style chock must be attached to the runner. Any movement of the bar or stiffening element shall be independent of and not controlled by the movement of the chock pivot bolt.

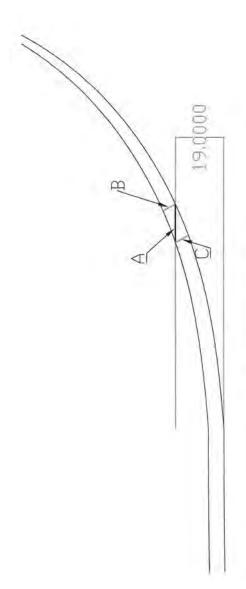
**4/14/2010:** In a previous 1974 interpretation the second sentence referring to hard weld on the ice contact edge of allowed "T" sections is deleted. This interpretation now reads: A slot may be machined on the top of allowed "T" sections to facilitate mounting to wood body.

4/14/2010: Hard weld may be applied to the ice contact edge of all runners.

**4/14/2010:** A previous 1974 interpretation that disallowed the welding of a bead in the corner of "T" runners is deleted and replaced with a new interpretations: Runner "T" sections may not be formed by welding and may not be altered by welding a bead in the corners.

**4/14/2010:** The steel angle section allowed in E.2.f need not be mounted symmetrically on the wood body but must be mounted to the wood body in a manner that the ice contact edge corresponds to the apex of the included angle of the steel section.

**10/1/2010:** In Specification E.9., the  $\frac{3}{4}$ " (19 mm) dimension above the ice which establishes the upper limit of the sharpened ice contact edge shall be determined according to the diagram "19 mm Dimension". Line A represents the official measurement line.



of the sharpened ice contact edge shall be determined according to diagram "19 mm Dimension" In Specification E.9., the 34" (19 mm) dimension above the ice which establishes the upper limit

Diagram 19 mm Dimension

Line A represents the official measurement line.

**12/01/2012:** The interpretation dated 11/14/89 is amended to read as follows: Wood, metal, or carbon stiffeners may be added to wood body runners (as in E.1.e. for plate runners) as long as the minimum wood body meets the dimensions in E.2.a. and the stiffener is outside the wood body. No wood, metal or carbon stiffener may come between the insert plate and the slot in the wood body. No metal or carbon stiffening is allowed inside the main wood body.

**12/01/2012:** It is allowed to apply a coating to cover the surface of the steel plate, angle, or T used in a runner. The steel, without the coating, shall comply with the dimensions specified in E.1.a.,b.,c.; E.2.f. and E.2.h.

**01/15/2013:** In runner specifications and interpretations runner stiffening elements, i.e. "stiffeners", and runner reinforcement have differing allowed uses, allowed materials, and dimensions.

On plate style runners, stiffening elements are controlled by specifications E.1.; E.1.d., e.,f.; E.4; E.6. and interpretations E. Runners dated 11/14/89, 7/1/92; four interpretations dated 1/15/2010; and I. Fittings dated 1/15/2010

Stiffening elements and reinforcement of the body of wood body runners are controlled by specifications E.2.a., d., e.; E. 4.; E. 6. and interpretations E. Runners dated 10/17/83; 11/23/87; 7/1/92; 11/30/98; four interpretations dated 1/15/2010; 12/01/2012; and I. Fittings dated 1/15/2010

On wood body runners, allowed material added to the body which is outside the allowed maximum body thickness of  $1\,1/32$  inch (26.1 mm) is considered a runner stiffener or stiffening element. Allowed material added to the outside of the wood body, or in the slot of insert style runners, that does not exceed the allowed maximum body thickness of  $1\,1/32$  inch (26.1 mm) is considered external reinforcement.

05/23/2013: It is not permitted to reduce the thickness of the runner steel below the allowed minimum by rounding, fairing, or tapering except as specified for the leading edge in Specifications E.9 and E.12. Refer to the interpretation E. Runners dated 10/01/2010 and the diagram "19 mm dimension". The 3/4" (19 mm) dimension does not establish a line extending along the runner parallel to the sharpened ice contact edge below which the thickness of the runner steel is allowed to be less than the specified minimum.

**02/17/2014** Runners are not considered ballast and runners of different weights may be used during a regatta, provided each runner complies with the specifications and interpretations under E. Runners.

**02/17/2014** The interpretation dated 1977, which reads: "It is legal to change runners from a light set (6lbs) each to a heavy set (17 lbs) each during a regatta and not be in conflict with the change of ballast", is deleted.

### F. RUNNER BASE AND CUT (TRACK)

	English		Metric	
	Max	Min	Max	Min
<ol> <li>Longitudinal distance from pivot axis of steering runner to pivot axis of aft runner:</li> </ol>	103	97	2616	2464
<ol> <li>Lateral distance between aft runner edges below pivot axis: (To be measured with skipper in cockpit in sailing trim.)</li> </ol>	95	Opt.	2413	Opt.

### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION F, RUNNER BASE AND CUT (TRACK)

**3/12/2007:** Measuring F.2: In order to make repeatable measurements of runner cut as intended by this Specification the following methods should be used:

- 1. Rigging should not be tight during measurement. The skipper must be allowed to loosen the rigging as required to relieve static tension.
- 2. Sailor should be wearing normal racing attire, including helmet, goggles, etc.
- 3. Mainsheet must be loose.
- 4. The runners must be allowed to move. If on the ice, the boat may be pushed to allow the runners to seek a neutral position. If using a measurement fixture, the device must allow free sideways movement of the runners.
- 5. The skipper should be in the cockpit in normal sailing position (lying in the cockpit with his shoulders against the seatback).

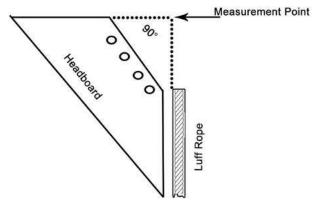
### G. SAIL

- 1. The cloth must be made with high tenacity polyester (dacron) yarns. Sail cloth must be made with either of the following cloth constructions: 6.5 oz. cloth with 220 denier warp and 440 denier fill yarns or 280 grams/square meter cloth with 250 denier warp and 410 denier fill yarns.
- 2. Luff shall be 14' (4267 mm) or less. A bolt rope is required.
- 3. The foot shall be 8'10" or less (2692 mm) or less. A bolt rope is required.
- 4. Leech shall be 14'3" (4343 mm) or less.
- 5. There shall be three girth measurements taken by folding the sail in quarters according to the procedure specified in G.18

Top girth measurement 3'3" (990.6 mm) or less. Middle girth measurement 5'8" (1727 mm) or less. Bottom girth measurement 7'6" (2286 mm) or less.

- 6. Head of sail.
  - a. The width of the headboard shall be 4" (101.6mm) or less.
  - b. The overall dimension of the head of the sail, including bolt rope, shall be 5.5" (139.78 mm) or less.
  - c. The location of the measurement point at the forward upper corner of the headboard is determined by projecting a straight line parallel to the luff, excluding the luff bolt rope, to the point where it intersects with a line projected from the uppermost point of the headboard and perpendicular to the luff. Refer to diagram G.6.c. below.

G.6.c. FORWARD UPPER CORNER OF HEADBOARD



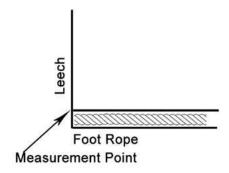
- 7. The sail shall be constructed with four batten pockets. The top edge of the top batten pocket must be a minimum of 27" (686 mm) below the top of the headboard. Spacing between battens shall not exceed 36" (914 mm) nor be less than 32" (813 mm). The top three battens shall be full length, extending from the leech of the sail to within 2" (50.8 mm) of the bolt rope. The bottom batten shall not exceed 36" (914 mm) in length.
- 8. Batten pockets shall lie at 90 degrees plus or minus 5 degrees to the leech as defined in G. 17 (Ref. G.25a,5, Procedure for measuring a DN sail.)
- 9. Batten material and structural characteristics are optional. Batten width shall be 2" (50.8 mm) maximum.
- 10. Sail may have one row of reef points which cannot be located less than 18" (458mm) from the foot of the sail.
- 11. A yacht is restricted to the use of two sails in a regatta.
- 12. Altering the sail characteristics, such as area and camber, during a regatta by means other than the natural flexing of the structural members and positioning the clew grommet on the outhaul bracket are prohibited. This includes reefing. Batten adjustment is excluded.
- 13. National letter(s), yacht number and the letters "DN" shall be affixed to each side of the sail. Color of the letters and number shall contrast with the sail and be a minimum of 10" (255 mm) high. The letters and numbers shall be one piece, one color, block style letters on all sails made after July 1989.
- 14. A window in the sail is required. The window may be any shape and placed in several sections

	English		Metric	
Area (sq. in. and sq. cm.)	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>
	1250	100	8064.5	645

- 15. A steel cable, at least 3/64" (1.2 mm) in diameter may be attached to the headboard, running inside the luff to a point outside the sail at the tack. Lower end of the cable shall form a loop which must be secured to the tack pin on boom when under sail. Distance from top of headboard to center of 1/4" (6.3 mm) bolt inserted in the loop shall not exceed 14' (4267 mm) with cable straight and under 10 lbs. (4.6 kg) of tension.
- 16. Sail shall not extend aft of the forward edge of the 1/2" (12 mm) boom stripe which is located 8'10" (2692 mm) from the forward edge of mast slot.

17. The leech, defined as the straight line between the forward upper corner of the headboard and the point where the leech intersects the foot at the clew, excluding the foot bolt rope, shall be measured with the sail free of battens and with 5 lbs. (2.3 kg) of tension. (Ref. G.6.c. and diagrams Upper Forward Corner of Headboard, G.6.c. and Clew, G.17)

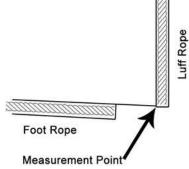
#### G. 17 CI FW



- 18. The three girth measurements shall be measured with battens removed and such tension as is required to remove wrinkles.
  - a. The middle girth is measured between the mid points of the luff, excluding the bolt rope, and leech at the trailing edge. The mid point of the luff is found by folding the sail so the forward upper corner of the headboard lines up with the intersection of the luff and foot at the tack, excluding the bolt rope(s). The mid point of the leech at the trailing edge is found by folding the sail so the forward upper corner of the headboard lines up with the intersection of the leech and foot at the clew, excluding the bolt rope(s). (Ref. G 5 and diagrams Upper Forward Corner of Headboard, G.6.c; Clew, G17; and Tack, G.24)
  - b. The top girth is measured between the quarter points of the luff, excluding the bolt rope, and leech at the trailing edge. The top quarter girth point on the luff is found by folding the sail so the forward upper corner of the headboard lines up with the mid point on the luff, excluding the bolt rope. The top quarter girth point on the leech is found by folding the sail so the forward upper corner of the headboard lines up with the mid point on the leech at the trailing edge. (Ref G.5 and diagrams *Upper Forward Corner of Headboard*, G.6.c.)

- c. The bottom girth is measured between the quarter points of the luff, excluding the bolt rope, and leech at the trailing edge. The bottom quarter girth point on the luff is found by folding the sail so the tack at the intersection of the luff and foot, excluding the bolt rope(s), lines up with the luff mid point. The bottom quarter girth point on the leech is found by folding the sail so the clew at the intersection of leech and foot, excluding the bolt rope, lines up with the mid point on the leech at the trailing edge. (Ref. G. 5, and diagrams *Upper Forward Corner of Headboard, G.6.c.; Tack, G.24; and Clew, G.17.*)
- 19. Sails shall not be colored red or orange.
- 20. The profile of the sail along the leech at the trailing edge shall be such that the maximum inward curve of the edge of the leech shall not exceed 3/4" from a line drawn from the back of the headboard to the outer end of the second batten pocket from the top; and from a line drawn from the outer end of the top batten pocket to the outer end of the third batten pocket from the top.
- 21. The profile of the leech at the trailing edge above the top batten pocket shall be such that no part of the sail extends outward more than 1/4" from a line drawn from the back of the headboard to the outer end of the top batten pocket.
- 22. The luff and the foot of the sail must have a boltrope that is inside the boltrope tunnel of the mast and boom while sailing, except in the area within 12 inches of the tack.
- 23. The tack of the sail must be fixed to a fitting at the forward end of the boom.
- 24. The luff, defined as a line between the forward upper corner of the headboard and the intersection of the foot and luff at the tack, excluding boltropes, shall be measured with the sail free of battens and under 5 lbs. (2.3 kg) of tension. (Ref. diagram Upper Forward Corner of Headboard, G.6.c. and Tack, G.24.)
- 25. Procedure for measuring a DN sail.
  - a. Preparing the sail for measuring:

G. 24 TACK



- 1. The sail shall be free of the mast and boom.
- 2. Battens should be removed.
- 3. Lay the sail on a hard surface (table, floor, or ice sailing surface).
- 4. Measure each specified dimension one-at-a-time with tension applied only across the line of measurement as is sufficient to remove wrinkles except as specified in G.17, G.24, and G.25c.1.
- 5. Use the following points of measurement when measuring location of battens and batten pockets and pocket angles.
- aa. Locate the straight line leech by stretching a string or small diameter rope from the forward upper corner of the headboard to the clew, excluding the bolt rope. (ref. G.6.c. and G.17)
- bb. The top edge of a batten pocket is located along the top of the inside width of the pocket. The centerline of the batten pocket is located in the center of the inside width of the pocket.
- 6. Use the location of the Forward Upper Corner of the Headboard (ref. G.6.c.) as the measurement point when folding to measure the girths (ref. G.18)
- b. To determine the location of the top batten pocket and spacing between battens (ref. G. 7):
  - 1. In G.7 the measuring point on the top of the headboard is located at the forward upper corner of the headboard (ref. G.6.c.). All points along the top edge of the pocket must comply with the 27" (686 mm) minimum dimension from the head (ref. 25.a.5.bb.)
  - 2. The spacing between the battens is measured between the centerline of the batten pockets where the centerline intersects with the straight line leech (ref G.25.a.5.aa)
- c. To determine the angle of the battens pockets (ref. G.8.):
  - 1. Pin the head, tack and clew in place on the hard surface while applying tension along the luff, foot, and straight line leech to remove wrinkles. The leech at the trailing edge should not lift away from the hard surface.
  - 2. Measure the angle between the straight line leech and the top edge of the batten pocket. (ref. G.25.a.5.aa and bb).
  - 3. Measure one-pocket-at-a-time.
  - 4. Place the base of a protractor along the straight line leech, centered at the top edge of the batten pocket (ref. G25.a.5.bb) and facing the luff.
  - 5. Read the angle at the top edge of the pocket. (ref. G.25.a.5.bb).

#### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION G, SAILS

**1977:** It is not legal to use two ply Dacron 6.5 oz cloth for the top panel and bottom panels for reinforcement.

**9/1/99:** It is legal to use Contender 6.5 oz. Polycote cloth in the construction of the sail.

**5/6/04:** The specification of weight is a nominal cloth weight. This specification of 6.5 oz/sq.yd. refers to a "sail maker's yard", which is 36" X 28.5". Sails built prior to July 1, 2003, which complied with the specifications at the time of manufacture will be allowed in all IDNIYRA regattas.

**11/29/2010:** In specification G.9. the batten width is measured at 90 degrees to the length. Batten thickness is the smallest of the three dimensions, i.e. length, width, thickness. There are no restrictions on batten thickness.

**11/29/2010:** Specification G.12. excludes batten adjustment from the factors that alter sail characteristics. Battens may be fitted only in the pockets allowed in G.7. and may protrude from the pocket at the leach end for the purposes of providing a means to secure the batten in the sail and adjusting the tension. There is no restriction on the tensioning of battens in the pockets and at any time battens may be interchanged in the allowed pockets.

**11/20/2011:** The batten pockets in all sails made prior to 1/1/2012 shall lie at 90 degrees plus or minus 8 degrees to the leech. These sails may be used in all DN races, including all championships. All other sails must comply with Specification G.8.

### H. RIGGING

- 1. Framing stays are prohibited. Any cable not shown in the plans is prohibited.
- 2. All stays shall be steel cable and shall be 0.118" (3 mm) or greater in diameter.
- 3. Halyard shall be either steel cable with a minimum diameter of 3/32" (2.4 mm) or rope of optional material with a minimum diameter of 3/32" (2.4 mm)
- 4. Bobstay shall be installed and fitted to the bow tang forward and anchored at its after end on the stern block or immediately in front of the runner plank.
- 5. Tubes and other means of rigid adjustment of stay lengths are permissible.
- 6. Devices which adjust stay lengths while yacht is underway are prohibited.
- 7. Means for rigid adjustment of mast step location are permissible.
- 8. Means for adjustment of mast step location while yacht is underway are prohibited.
- 9. Mast step shall be rigidly mounted on the deck of the fuselage.
- 10. Mast step shall permit free orientation of mast.

11. Horizontal distance from	English		Metric	
mast step pivoting point (center of ball) to pivot	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>
axis of steering runner:	41	35	1041	890
12. Horizontal distance from pivot axis of steering runner to pivot axis of steering post:	50	44	1270	1118
13. Distance from lower mast hound bolt (pivot bolt located in front of mast) to base of mast:  a. All stays shall connect to a common component (which may consist of one or more sub-components) which attaches to the mast hound at a single point.	139-1/2	127-1/2	3543	3239

- 14. Six sheet blocks shall be installed.
- 15. Four sheet blocks shall be installed aft of the rear limit of the cockpit floor: two on the boom and two on the deck. None of these blocks may incorporate a one-way feature. The blocks on the fuselage must be fastened in a manner such that anything penetrating the deck may only be performing the function of fastening, and no other function.
- 16. One sheet block shall be located forward on the boom within 1' (304 mm) of the mast. This block may incorporate a one-way feature.
- 17. One sheet block shall be installed on the tiller post. This block may incorporate a one-way feature.
- 18. The sheet must be attached to the boom and pass through all blocks as shown in plans.
- 19. Blocks must be individual and have fixed positions on fuselage and boom.
- 20. Sheet may run inside the boom between the forward block and the 2nd block.

21. The distance from the center of the runner plank to the base/foot of the side stay on the end of the plank must be:

English		Metric	
<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>
_	43.07	_	1094

22. The components of the mast hound may affect the free orientation of the mast by either forcing mast rotation or limiting mast rotation.

### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION H, RIGGING

**01/01/78:** Boom pulleys may not be attached inside the boom by slotting the bottom of a boom and inserting the pulley into the slot and then picking up the sheave with a bolt or rod.

**01/01/82:** A track may be mounted on the boom for sliders to which the pulleys may be attached.

**09/23/82:** Mounting Pulleys on deck or boom by any means is acceptable as long as the rope and sheave are outside the boom or deck. No recessed block will be allowed in which part of the sheave or rope is below the back deck. (see also 11/1/84 interpretation)

**10/17/83:** It is not allowed to use a shock absorber (spring) between side stay and the fitting on the end of the runner plank.

11/1/84: It is not permissible for any part of the sheet block, or any hardware integral with the mounting of the sheet block, to be below the projected top surface of the deck, with the exception of the screws or bolts used to fasten the hardware to the deck.

11/10/73 & 11/14/88: Cable may not be used in place of mast hound. Hound may be made from strap or plate material. No leaders or bridles allowed.

#### I. FITTINGS

- 1. Diameter of the sheaves of the sheet blocks shall not exceed 4" (101.6 mm).
- 2. Two of the six required blocks may incorporate a one-way feature.
- 3. Steering chock may incorporate a shock-absorbing feature.
- 4. Hardware need not conform to plans as long as specifications are not violated and hardware performs the same function that the plan item performs.

5. Side Chock	English		Metric	
	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>
<ul> <li>a. Width of runner slot at the smallest dimension where the chocks come in contact with the runner's side or stiffening element:</li> </ul>	1-3/32	31/32	27.7	24.7
b. Depth of chock:	3-1/2	2-7/8	88.9	73.1
c. Length of chock:	9	6-3/4	228	172
d. Width of chock:	4-3/4	_	121	_
6. Mast Step - Height of pivoting point (center of ball) above deck:	1-5/8	1-1/8	41	28.6

- 7. Location of Halyard catch on mast is optional.
- 8. Halyard must be capable of lowering and raising the sail with yacht in upright position.
- 9. Additional fittings to secure halyard to mast are permissible.
- 10. Only one mast, boom, fuselage, and runner plank may be used for an entire regatta, unless broken beyond reasonable repair (as interpreted by the Race Committee).
- 11. An adjustable footrest may be used.
- 12. A device may be placed in the back of the chock to prevent the front of the runner from tipping downwards. The device may not contact the runner when all three runners are on the ice.
- 13. The side chock and the steering chock shall be made of steel, stainless steel or aluminum.

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14. Bow Tang	English		Metric	
	Max	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>
a. Width	3-3/4	_	95.3	_
<ul> <li>b. Horizontal distance from the pivot axis of the steering runner to the aftermost end of the bow tang:</li> </ul>	8	_	203.2	-
c. Height above a horizontal line extending forward from the deck at a point 2" (50.8 mm) behind the bow:	3	_	76.2	_

### 15. Runner Plank Mounting Hardware

- a. The runner plank mounting system shall not extend more than 4" (101.6 mm) outside of the side panel of the fuselage.
- b. The runner plank mounting system shall be located in an area that does not exceed 30" in the fore and aft dimension.

16. Bobstay Strut, including Mounting	English		Metric	
Hardware	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Min</u>
<ul><li>a. Height (from bottom of skin of fuselage):</li></ul>	_	3	_	76.2
b. Length:	6	_	152.4	_
c. Width:	4	_	101.6	_
17. Mast Step Mounting Hardware				
a. Length:	9	_	228.6	_
b. Width:	3	_	76.2	_

### INTERPRETATIONS FOR SECTION I, FITTINGS

9/23/57: An adjustable footrest may be used.

**9/23/57:** Shock absorbing steering chock must be according to plan, but springs or rubber grommet may be added as shock absorber.

11/10/73 & 11/14/88: There is no limit to the number of holes in the tack fitting. Tack pin location may not be changed during a regatta.

11/10/73: It is not allowed to have two holes in the chock.

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11/10/73: The number of straps on the mast hound is optional.

**11/23/87:** It is not allowed to use a long fitting to connect the mast hound with the head stay so that the position of the mast hound can be moved (within the allowed dimensions) with out having to make a new stay.

**4/15/90:** The degree to which the side runner pivots vertically in the chock may be restricted only by way of the friction on the sides of the chock which is controlled only by the tightening of the pivot bolt. Any other device to restrict the vertical movement of the runner is not allowed, with the exception of devices as allowed in Specification I.12.

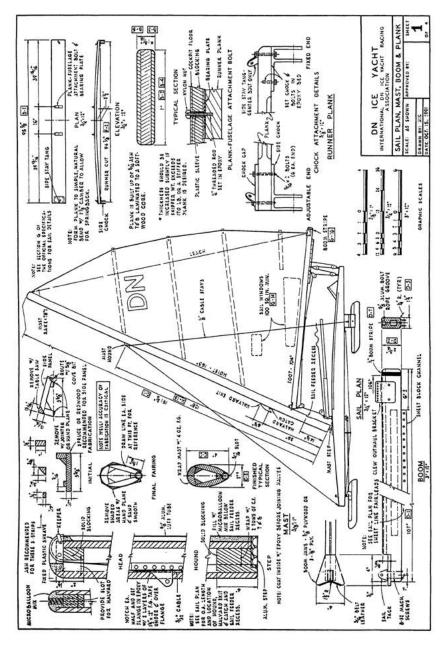
11/12/03: It is allowed to use a fixture providing additional height to mount the rear sheet blocks to the deck. This fixture must be mounted on the surface of the deck and may not be integral with the deck structure. This fixture must provide a fixed position for the block attachment (the blocks may not be moved while underway)

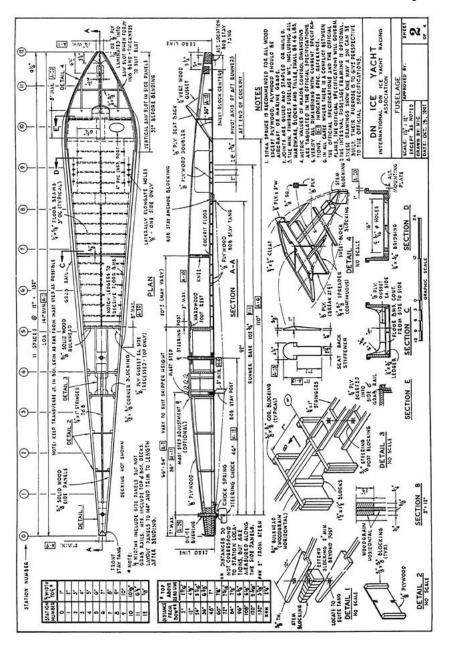
**12/12/07:** "Kent" style chock – Either the inside or outside flange of the side chock may be reduced in size to allow clearance for runner stiffening elements. When viewed from the side, the profile of the chock must meet all dimensions specified.

**1/15/2010:** The reinforcement bar or stiffening element that is associated with the "Kent" style chock is allowed to be attached only to the runner and must meet all requirements of a runner stiffener. Reference Specifications E. 1.e; E. 1.f.; E. 4; and Interpretations E. Runners, 11/14/89; E. Runners 7/1/92; E. Runners 1/15/2010.

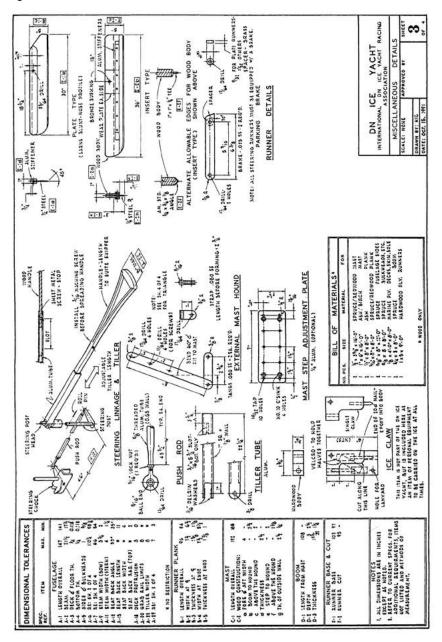
**12/01/2012:** It is allowed for there to be more than one position for the mast hound or an adjustable fitting with multiple positions, providing the location of the lower mast hound bolt (pivot bolt) is within the range specified in H.13. The position may not be adjusted while the yacht is underway.

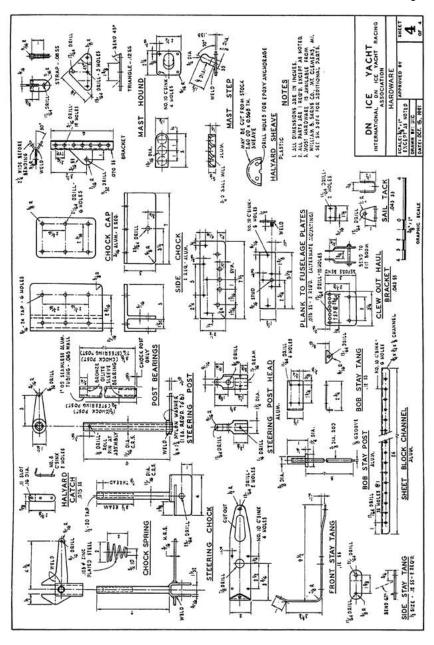
**9/20/2013:** The bow tang, reference specification I.14 must be mounted at the forward most (bow) end of the fuselage and all parts of the tang, with the exception of the fastenings attaching it to the fuselage, must be outside the fuselage.

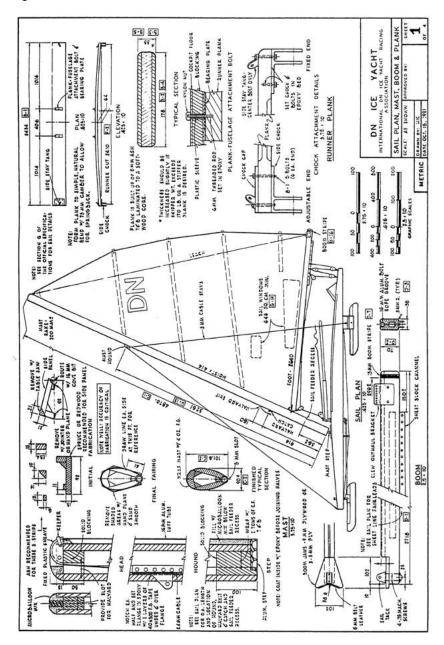


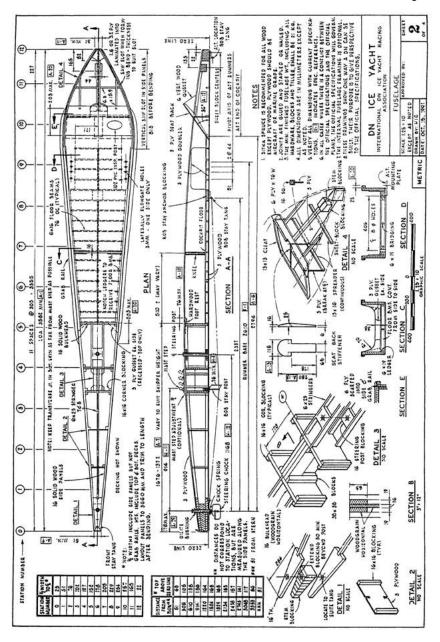


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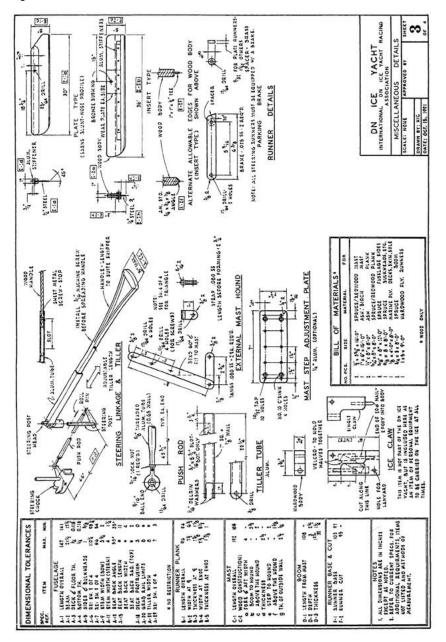


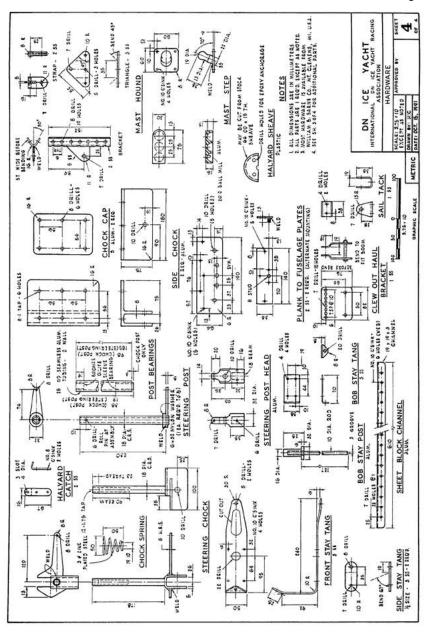






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### **ULLMAN SAILS DETROIT**

DN Sails built and designed by Mike Boston



NIA Website: https://www.iceboat.org/nia/ The Racing Rules of the National Iceboat Authority<sup>1</sup> November 15, 2018 Part I Definitions

When one of the terms defined in Part 1 is used in its defined sense in the definitions or rules, it is printed in CAPITAL letters. All definitions rank as rules.

ACTUAL WIND - The natural wind.

WINDWARD-LEEWARD COURSE – A course sailed around two MARKS, an imaginary straight line drawn between the two MARKS is parallel to the ACTUAL WIND.

STANDARD COURSE - A WINDWARD-LEEWARD COURSE with a finish line placed 90 degrees from the ACTUAL WIND and a safety zone. (Reference: Appendix I)

DARLING COURSE - A STANDARD COURSE modified with the addition of two DARLING MARKS. (Reference: Appendix I)

INLINE COURSE – A DARLING COURSE modified with the finish line being placed in line with the windward and leeward MARKS. (Reference: Appendix I)

ON-THE-WIND – A yacht heading less than 90° from the direction from which the ACTUAL WIND is blowing is ON-THE-WIND.

OFF-THE-WIND - A yacht heading more than 90° from the direction from which the ACTUAL WIND is blowing is OFF-THE-WIND.

STARBOARD TACK – A yacht is on a STARBOARD TACK when the ACTUAL WIND is approaching her from her right side.

PORT TACK - A yacht is on a PORT TACK when the ACTUAL WIND is approaching her from her left side.

WINDWARD YACHT and LEEWARD YACHT – When two yachts are on the same tack, the one on the side from which the ACTUAL WIND is blowing is the WINDWARD YACHT, the other is the LEEWARD YACHT.

TACKING – A yacht is TACKING from the moment she is beyond head-to-ACTUAL WIND until her mainsail has filled on the other side.

JIBING – A yacht is JIBING when, with the ACTUAL WIND aft, the foot of her mainsail crosses her centerline until it has filled on the other side.

1 Rules interpretations are shown as footnotes

OBSTRUCTION - Any object a yacht cannot safely sail over.

MARK – Any object, which a yacht must round or pass on a required side to properly round the course.

DARLING MARK – A MARK that is positioned in line with and between the windward MARK and the leeward MARK. The imaginary line between the MARK and its accompanying DARLING MARK is considered part of the MARK. (ref: Appendix I)

OUTSIDE - In rule 8 of the Right-of-Way Rules, any yacht to the right of another yacht is the OUTSIDE yacht.

CANCELLATION - A CANCELLED race is one which cannot thereafter be sailed.

POSTPONEMENT – A POSTPONED race is one which is not started at its scheduled time and which can be sailed at any time the Race Committee may direct.

COMPLETED - A race is COMPLETED when all yachts have finished, or the Over All Time Limit has passed.

ABANDONMENT – An ABANDONED race is one which is stopped while it is in progress or discarded within 30 minutes of being COMPLETED and which can be resailed at the discretion of the Race Committee.

#### Part II Management of Races

Part II is written in a manner that can be applied to club races and large regattas. Any

specifics such as wind velocity restrictions, course length, scoring systems, temperature minimums, ice thickness and condition, and number of boats on one course must necessarily be adapted to the type of boat being sailed.

A. Notice of races shall contain the following information (Ref: Appendix III. A):

- 1. That the races will be sailed under the rules of the National Iceboat Authority and those of the association or class concerned. 22
- 2. Date, place, of regatta and starting time of first race.
- 3. Class or classes for which races will be held.
- 4. Amount of entrance fee.
- 5. Time and place of registration.
- 6. Number of prizes.
- 7. Time and place for receiving sailing instructions.
- 8. Number of races scheduled and number required for a complete series.

2 It is not the intent of the NIA to address the rules and regulations that govern the equipment used on iceboats. The use of electronics, radios, electrical, or hydraulic devices should be governed by the relevant sailing association or class rules.

- B. Sailing Instructions (Ref: Appendix III, B):
  - 1. May be written or verbal.
  - 2. Contents:
    - a. Course location.
    - b. Course description, including MARK description.
    - c. Starting time.
    - d. Starting and finishing signals.
    - e. Time limit of race (over-all time limit and time per mile for each class).
    - f. Time limit within which and address at which protests shall be lodged and heard.
    - g. Description of scoring system.
  - 3. Distribution shall be available to each yacht.
  - 4. Changes- written or verbal changes to the sailing instructions can be made not later than two minutes prior to the starting signal.
- C. Officials duties and responsibilities
  - 1. Race Committee
    - a. Personnel (course personnel, starters, timers, scorers)
      - 1. Course personnel:
        - a. Determine if conditions (wind, ice, temperature, visibility) are safe; mark dangerous sections of ice.
        - b. Supply MARKS and components for starting line. DARLING MARKS should be distinguishable from other MARKS.
        - c. Set course (MARKS, starting line, and if applicable, safety zone).
      - 2. Starters:
        - a. Supply flags, loud speakers, and audible signals.
        - b. Start race.
      - 3. Timers: Time laps and the race.
      - 4. Scorers:
        - a. Supply score sheets, pencils, master scoreboard at headquarters, tallies for drawing for starting positions.
        - b. Are positioned in teams of two persons each, to windward of the windward MARK and at the end of the finish line opposite to the leeward MARK.
        - c. Record the race as follows: Each team has a score sheet. The score sheet is divided into as many columns as there are number of laps in the race. As the yachts pass the MARK, one member of the team calls the sail numbers to the other member, who writes them down on the score sheet. A new lap column is started each time the leading yacht completes a lap. After starting a new lap column, continue to mark all yachts in that column regardless of lap position until starting another lap column with the leading yacht. In the case of yachts which have been lapped by the leaders, the number of laps completed may be determined by the number of times such yacht's sail number has been tallied.

After the last yacht finishes, the scorers must then work back through their tally sheet to determine which yachts, and in what order, finished the race properly.

- d. Post starting positions for succeeding race.
- e. Transfer race results to master scoreboard and add up points.
- f. Determine final finishing positions in the series.
- b. Safety: The Race Committee should have on hand:
  - 1. First aid equipment.
  - 2. Phone number of first aid squad.
  - 3. Equipment for getting boats and persons out of the water.

#### 2. Judges

- a. Authority have the ultimate authority over all other officials in all incidents involving interpretation and enforcement of the rules governing all aspects of the race.
- b. Must enforce all rules.
- c. Oversee the race and must protest all violations of the rules.
- d. Hear and decide protests.
- D. Courses- all courses shall be WINDWARD-LEEWARD courses, MARKS left to PORT.
  - 1. The course includes all MARKS, the starting line, the finish line, and, if applicable, the safety zone. See Appendix I for course diagrams.
  - 2. Typical spacing of MARKS
    - a. The MARKS of a WINDWARD-LEEWARD course are typically spaced 1 mile apart.
    - b. When using a DARLING COURSE or INLINE COURSE, the spacing between the MARK and its accompanying DARLING MARK is typically 100 yards when the windward and leeward MARKS are spaced 1 mile apart.

#### E. Starting

- 1. It is recommended that the starting line be a line perpendicular to the ACTUAL WIND and set 60-100 yards to leeward of the leeward MARK of the course and consist of marked positions. The center of the starting line shall lie on an extension of an imaginary line through the MARKS of the course. Numbered starting positions shall be placed along the starting line at intervals at least four times the length of the runner plank, odd numbers running from the center rightward and even numbers running from the center leftward (standing facing the course).
  - a. The components of the starting line do not rank as MARKS of the course.
- 2. Starting positions for the first race shall be drawn by lot (or shall be determined by another means if so announced in the sailing instructions) before the first race. Entries arriving after the drawing shall be assigned positions on the ends of the line. For succeeding races a yacht will start at the position

corresponding to her finishing place in the immediate preceding race and DNF's, DSQ's, and DNS's shall be assigned positions at the ends of the line by the race committee.

### 3. Starting Procedure

- a. At the starting line the Race Committee shall announce the course, number of laps, time limit for the race and for each lap, and if applicable, instruct all yachts not starting to clear the safety zone.
- b. When blocks are used to mark the starting positions, each yacht's windward runner is placed at the starting position, odd numbers on PORT TACK, even numbers on STARBOARD TACK if the PORT and STARBOARD TACK start system is used. When the starting positions are connected with a rope or wire, the leeward runner is placed at the starting position.
- c. The Race Committee shall check to make sure all yachts are laid off (headed) similarly and the Committee has the authority to require a yacht to alter her heading.
- d. There shall be a preparatory signal approximately 1 minute before the start. This shall be a visual signal made by the starter standing near the leeward MARK. He shall raise a flag or raise his arms. This may be accompanied by an audible signal (megaphone or gun).
- e. The starting signal shall be the lowering of the starter's flag or arms. It may be accompanied by an audible signal. The visual signal governs the start; the audible signal is only a supplement.
- f. After the starting signal, skippers may begin to move their yachts away from the starting line, either by pushing or sailing.
  - 1. No yacht may be in forward motion at the starting signal.
  - 2. A yacht that arrives at the starting line after the starting signal must come to a stop on the starting line before beginning the race.
  - 3. When using a safety zone, it is recommended that when one class is lined up on the starting line when another class is racing, the starting positions to windward of the safety zone be vacated to leave room for yachts finishing to clear the finish line.

#### F. Finishing

- 1. STANDARD COURSE or DARLING COURSE
- a. The finish line is 60 to 100 yards long and perpendicular to the ACTUAL WIND. It lies between a stake and the leeward MARK. The stake is placed so that a yacht crossing the finish line from the direction of the windward MARK shall leave the leeward MARK on her PORT side. The Race Committee will be positioned on an extension of the finish line at the stake end of the line.
  - b. The finish line shall be shifted at any time so as to remain perpendicular to the ACTUAL WIND.
- 2. INLINE COURSE
  - a. The finish line is 60 to 100 yards long and is parallel to the ACTUAL WIND. It lies between the leeward MARK and the 1-2 starting positions.

A finishing yacht shall leave the leeward MARK on her PORT side.

- b. After finishing, yachts should make every attempt to approach the parking area by sailing around the odd end of the starting line.
- 3. A yacht finishes when any part of her hull or equipment crosses the finish line while leaving the leeward MARK to PORT.
  - a. If provided for in the Sailing Instructions, the finish of a yacht may be recorded when the forward part of the mast crosses the finish line while leaving the leeward MARK to PORT.
- 4. The finish of the first yacht shall be indicated by a flag displayed by the Race Committee as described in the sailing instructions; this may be supplemented by an audible signal.

#### G. Time Limit

- 1. Lap Time Limit Time allowed for sailing any lap of the course.
  - a. The Race Committee establishes and announces the lap time limit. Individual clubs, classes, or associations may have a predetermined time per mile in their rules.
  - b. If at any time during a race no yacht completes any lap within the lap time limit, the race must be CANCELLED or ABANDONED.
  - c. Valid Race A race is valid if any yacht makes each lap within the lap time limit.
  - d. Example case: If the lap time limit is 9 minutes, the leading yacht must complete the first lap before the starting time (ST) plus 9 minutes. If the leader completes the first lap at ST plus 7 minutes, her time at the completion of the lap (L1) is noted and the yacht leading (not necessarily the leader at L1) at the completion of the second lap must complete that second lap before L1 plus 9 minutes. (In this case, within 16 minutes of starting time.) Her time is noted (L2). L2 plus 9 minutes is the time for any yacht to
  - complete the third lap, and so on for each lap.
- Over All Time Limit Any yacht not finishing within 30 minutes of the first yacht shall be designated Did Not Finish (DNF). This time limit may be altered by class, club, or association rules.

#### H. CANCELING, POSTPONING, ABANDONING, Changing Course

- 1. The Race Committee may CANCEL, POSTPONE, or change the course before the start provided it informs all yachts verbally or in writing.
- 2. The Race Committee may CANCEL or ABANDON a race after the start if a MARK has shifted or the course for any reason becomes unsafe.
  - a. When a MARK has shifted:
  - 1. The Race Committee should make every attempt, without endangering the safety of racing yachts or Race Committee personnel, to reset or replace the MARK while the race is in progress, without abandoning the race.
  - 2. Yachts should round any portion of the MARK that remains in the original position.

- 3. If no portion of the MARK remains in the original position, yachts should round the portion in the shifted position until the MARK is reset, replaced, or the race is abandoned.
- 3. The Race Committee must CANCEL or ABANDON a race after the start if no yacht makes any lap time limit.
- 4. The course may not be altered after the start.
- 5. All yachts concerned shall be notified as to the date, time, and place of the resail of a POSTPONED or ABANDONED race.
- 6. The signal for CANCELING or ABANDONING a race shall be the display of a visual signal (e.g. black flag or electronic flare) by the Race Committee from their finishing position and, if safety permits, laying down the leeward MARK. This may be supplemented by an audible signal to get the skipper's attention and additional flags displayed near the windward MARK.
- I. Dead Heat- In the case of a dead heat in any one race, add the points for the place for which the yachts are tied and the place (or places, if more than two yachts are involved in the tie) immediately below the tied yachts and divide equally. Any yacht finishing immediately after the tied yachts shall be awarded the position corresponding to one worse than the number of yachts finishing ahead of her.

#### J. Accidents

- 1. In the event of an accident, the Race Committee may ABANDON or CANCEL the race. Each yacht must render every possible assistance to any yacht or person in peril, even if the person in peril is not racing. A yacht that renders assistance may file a written request for compensatory points and the Judges may award her points equal to: her series average, disregarding the race in question, did not starts, did not finishes, and disqualifications.

  2. A skipper of a yacht in distress shall make every attempt to signal all passions and the period of the period
- ing yachts and, if possible the Judges whether he is seriously injured or not. If he is not, he should get out of his cockpit and stand up and walk around the yacht.
- K. Resailed Races; When a race is to be resailed:
  - 1. All yachts entered in the original race shall be eligible to sail the resailed race.
  - 2. Subject to the entry requirements of the original race, and at the discretion of the Judges, new entries may be accepted.
  - 3. Rule infringements in the original race shall be disregarded.
  - 4. The Race Committee shall advise the yachts concerned of the date, time, and place of the resailed race.

### L. Award of Prizes

1. Before awarding the prizes, the Race Committee shall be satisfied that all prizewinning yachts have complied with the racing rules, sailing instructions, and class rules.

2. If, within a 60 day period from the original date of award, the Judges shall find that a yacht did not comply with the racing rules, sailing instructions, or class rules, they may demand return of the award.

### Part III General Requirements

A yacht intending to race shall, to avoid subsequent disqualification, meet these general requirements:

- 1. Pay all required membership and entrance fees.
- 2. Meet the measurement requirements of the association sponsoring the race.
- 3. Shall not be sailed by a professional(s) ice yachtsman. A professional being defined as anyone who accepts money for sailing on an ice yacht. If the status of an ice yachtsman (as to amateur or professional) is questioned, the National Iceboat Authority shall be the ultimate authority in determining his status.

### **Part IV Sailing Rules**

The purpose of the following rules is to prevent collisions. <sup>3</sup> Any infraction of these rules is cause for disqualification.

A. Fair Sailing. In all situations, the Judges, Race Committee, and contestants must act in terms of common sense, safety, and good sportsmanship.

- B. Right-of-Way Rules.<sup>4</sup>
  - 1. A yacht in motion shall keep clear of a yacht stopped.
  - 2. A yacht sailing OFF-THE-WIND shall keep clear of a yacht sailing ON-THE WIND.
  - 3. When two yachts are sailing ON-THE-WIND, the yacht on the PORT TACK shall keep clear of the yacht on the STARBOARD TACK. When two yachts are sailing OFF-THE-WIND, the yacht on the PORT TACK shall keep clear of the yacht on the STARBOARD TACK.
  - 4. When two yachts sailing ON-THE-WIND are on the same tack, the WINDWARD YACHT shall keep clear. When two yachts sailing OFF-THE-WIND are on the same tack, the LEEWARD YACHT shall keep clear.<sup>5</sup>
- 3 The Sailing Rules and Race Management Rules are designed to provide a safe and fair race. The rules should not be used with tactical advantage a prime concern, but rather should be used to avoid collisions.
- 4 Sailors should realize that iceboat racing rules differ from sailboat racing rules in a number of fundamental ways, most prominent of which are: starboard tack does not always have right-of-way; windward yacht has right-of-way off the wind; there is no three length rule at an iceboat course mark.
- 5 Once the forward most part of the yacht catching up from behind has come past the after most part of the yacht ahead, one yacht is windward, the other leeward. The yachts must then be governed by their responsibilities as windward and leeward yachts.

- 5. A right-of-way yacht shall not alter her course so as to mislead or prevent a nonright-of-way yacht from keeping clear. When a faster moving yacht approaches another yacht on the same tack from the rear, the faster yacht must not sail so close that the slower yacht cannot keep clear.
- 6. A yacht may not TACK or JIBE so as to involve the probability of collision with another yacht which, owing to her position or speed, cannot keep clear.
- 7. A yacht approaching and unable to clear an OBSTUCTION without fouling or endangering another yacht may signal the other yacht for room to clear. The signaled yacht shall at once give room and if it is necessary for her to TACK or JIBE, the signaling yacht shall also TACK or JIBE immediately thereafter.
- 8. When approaching or rounding a MARK, an OUTSIDE yacht shall keep clear and a faster moving yacht approaching another yacht from the rear shall stay clear of a yacht that has started her rounding maneuver.
  - a. When yachts sailing ON-THE-WIND on opposite tacks are approaching a MARK, the PORT TACK yacht shall keep clear of the STARBOARD TACK yacht.
    - b. Each yacht shall be entitled to room to cross the finish line.<sup>6</sup>
- After finishing a race, a yacht shall keep clear of the course and yachts still racing.

### C. Sailing the Course 7

- 1. At the start a yacht must be laid off (headed) similarly to other yachts on the line. A skipper may demand that the race committee require another yacht to change the degree to which she is laid off.
- 2. A yacht shall be disqualified without protest if she starts prematurely.
- 3. After a yacht starts and until she rounds the windward MARK for the first time, a yacht shall not pass between the center of the starting line (positions 1 and 2) and the leeward MARK.
- 4. A yacht not leaving a MARK on the required side or not rounding all MARKS in proper sequence shall be disqualified.
- 5. Except when avoiding an accident, a yacht shall be disqualified if she fouls a MARK, fouls a DARLING MARK, or passes over the imaginary line connecting the MARK and the accompanying DARLING MARK.
- 6. Yachts are required to pass over the finish line only at the finish. On previous laps of the course, they need not cross the finish line.

6 This rule is for the ends of the line and is designed to keep the race committee from getting killed and to avoid general havoc in the finishing area. Port tack yachts shall keep clear of starboard tack yachts except at the committee end of the line where port tack must be given room to finish. And at the ends of the line a windward yacht must allow a leeward yacht room to finish.

7 The rules do not allow boats to collide at the start or shortly thereafter and all sailing rules apply here as they do elsewhere on the course.

D. Propulsion – A yacht may not employ any means of propulsion other than the action of the wind on the sails. However, the crew (unassisted by anyone except for reasons of physical disability as authorized by the Judges) may push the yacht to achieve windpropulsion. Other pushing shall be cause for disqualification.

E. Safety Zone – When using the STANDARD COURSE or the DARLING COURSE, the Race Committee shall designate a safety zone (ref: Appendix I) to leeward of the starting line. A yacht not competing in the race about to be started or the race in progress shall not enter the safety zone. After a warning by the Race Committee, a yacht found to be in the Safety Zone without just cause may be disqualified or otherwise penalized according to the provisions of Part V of the rules.

F. Ballast - A yacht must start and finish a race with the same ballast and crew.

### Part V Protests, Disqualifications, Appeals

#### A. Protests

- 1. Parties to protests.
  - a. Who may protest:
    - 1. Any competing yacht.
      - 2. The Race Committee, or any member of the Committee.
      - 3. A Judge.
  - b. Who may be protested:
    - 1. Any competing yacht.
    - 2. The Race Committee.
- 2. It is mandatory for all the parties in 1a, above to protest any infringement of the Racing Rules, Parts I, II, III, IV. A protest may not be withdrawn.
- 3. A party entering a protest shall:
  - a. Make his intent to protest known to the Race Committee immediately after the race in which the rule infringement occured or as soon as an infringement of other than the Sailing Rules is noted. A protest may be entered at a later time if the protesting party is unable to finish the race, but must be made within two hours of the finish of the day's racing unless the protesting party can prove, to the satisfaction of the Race Committee, that he was unable to meet the deadline.
  - b. Present the protest in writing at the time and place indicated in the sailing instructions, stating the rule violated, a statement of the facts, and a diagram to illustrate same (when relevant).
- 4. The Race Committee shall do its best to notify the protested party as soon as possible.
- 5. The Judges must call a hearing as soon as possible, allowing

a reasonable time for preparation of defense. Protests from one day's racing should be heard before the next day's racing begins and, on the last day of racing, before prizes are awarded. Failure on the part of any interested party to make an effort to attend the hearing may justify the Judges in dismissing the case or in deciding the protest as they see fit.

#### B. Decisions and Penalties

- 1. The Judges shall make a prompt decision and notify, verbally or in writing, the parties involved.
- 2. If, during the hearing, any yacht is found to have infringed any of the Racing Rules she shall be disqualified or otherwise penalized according to any special sailing instructions.
- 3. If the Race Committee is found to have infringed a Racing Rule and a yacht's chances to win a prize were prejudiced as a result of the infringement, the Judges may order the race resailed or award the prejudiced yacht in accordance with the alternative provided in any special sailing instructions. (Ref. Appendix V.B.5)

C. Interested persons must not take part in decisions. No Judge may hear a protest involving a yacht he owned or sailed on at the time in question or involving a Race Committee of which he was a member.

### D. Appeals to the National Iceboat Authority

- 1. Appeals involving solely the interpretation of the Racing Rules may be taken to the National Iceboat Authority for final determination by any individual or group that is a member of the Authority.
- 2. Preparation of Appeal Papers- All appeals shall be in writing and shall set forth the grounds of the appeal and be signed by the appellant. They shall be filed with the Secretary of the Authority within thirty days after the rendering of the decision appealed from together with:
  - a. The written consent to the appeal signed by the Judges rendering the original decision.
  - b. A copy of the sailing instructions.
  - c. A copy of the protest.
  - d. The names of the parties represented at the hearing, and of any party duly notified of the hearing, but not represented.
  - e. A copy of the decision of the Judges containing a full statement of the facts found by them.
  - f. An official diagram prepared by the Judges in accordance with the facts found by it and signed by it showing:
    - 1. The direction and velocity of the wind.
    - 2. Temperature and ice conditions.
    - 3. Visibility.
    - 4. Positions and tracks of all yachts involved and their position in

relation to the course and the MARKS of the course.

3. Decisions of Directors of the National Iceboat Authority shall be in writing and the grounds of each decision shall be specified therein. The decision shall be made within 30 days of the date the appeal was properly filed with the Secretary and shall be sent to all parties to the infringement and appeal. The annual report of the Directors shall contain all the decisions.

### **Rules Interpretations**

December 1, 1973

- 1. The Sailing Rules and Race Management Rules are designed to provide a safe and fair race. The rules should not be used with tactical advantage a prime concern, but rather should be used to avoid collisions.
- 2. Sailors should realize that iceboat racing rules differ from sailboat racing rules in a number of fundamental ways, most prominent of which are: starboard tack does not always have right-of-way; windward yacht has right-of-way off the wind; there is NO two length rule at an iceboat course mark.
- 3. The rules do not allow boats to collide at the start or shortly thereafter and all sailing rules apply here as they do elsewhere on the course.
- 4. Right-of-way rule #8 giving each yacht room to finish is for the ends of the line and is designed to keep the race committee from getting killed and to avoid general havoc in the finishing area. Port tack yachts shall keep clear of starboard tack yachts except at the committee end of the line where port tack must be given room to finish. And at the ends of the line a windward yacht must allow a leeward yacht room to finish.
- 5. Once the forward most part of the yacht catching up from behind has come past the after most part of the yacht ahead, one yacht is windward, the other leeward. The yachts must then be governed by their responsibilities as windward and leeward yachts.

#### APPENDIX III

### Sample Forms for Race Notices and Sailing Instructions (Part II, A & B)

#### A. Notice

(Name of Regatta)

- 1. All races will be sailed under the rules of the National Iceboat Authority and those of the (<u>class or sponsoring association</u>).
- 2. The regatta will be held (<u>date</u>) at (<u>location</u>). The first race will be held at (<u>time</u>, <u>date</u>).
- 3. Races will be held for classes: (class)
- 4. The entrance fee is (amount) per yacht.
- 5. Registration will be at (headquarters) on (date) from (time) to (closing time).
- 6. Trophies will be awarded to (how many places).
- 7. Skippers may obtain sailing instructions (where, when).
- 8. (<u>Number of</u>) races are scheduled for each class. (<u>Number of races</u>) are necessary for a complete regatta.
- B. Sailing Instructions (distribute at registration desk or at skippers' meeting)
  - 1. The course will be the (where the racing ice is in respect to place of registration).
  - 2. The race course will be (<u>description of race course used for each class</u>) and racing MARKS will be (description of MARKS used for each class). [Note to Race Committee: It is recommended that the race course configura-

tion <u>not</u> be changed for the duration of a regatta.]

- 3. The starting time for each race:
- 4. The starting signal shall be the lowering of the starter's (<u>arms or description of flag</u>) approximately 1 minute after he raises his (<u>arms or description of flag</u>) to signify the preparatory signal. The finish of the first boat will be indicated by (<u>description of flag</u> and how it will be displayed at the finish) by the race committee.
- 5. The time limit per mile for each class will be:\_\_\_\_\_ Any yacht not finishing within 30 minutes of the first yacht shall be scored DNF.
- 6. The signal(s) for CANCELING or ABANDONING a race will be:
- 7. The scoring system will be:\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Intention to protest must be reported to the race committee immediately after the race. Written protest must be filed with the Judges at (where they should be filed) within two hours of the finish of the last race of each day.

# APPENDIX III NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY PROTEST FORM Page A

Regatta or Series			
Protesting Yacht: Class	s	Sail Number	
Skipper:			
Protested Yacht: Class	<u> </u>	Sail Number	
Skipper:			
Date & Race Number of	of Incident:		
Statement of Facts:			
Rules the Protestor Be	elieves Were Violated:		
Time Protest Was Rep	orted to Committee:		
Temperature	Wind Velocity	Visibility	
Ice Condition			

# APPENDIX III NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY PROTEST FORM Page B

### **Statement of Facts:**

Indicate Wind Direction Position and tracks of all yachts involved. Also, show their positions in relation to the course and the MARKS of the course.

Signature, Skipper of Protesting Yacht:
-----------------------------------------

### FOR RACE & PROTEST COMMITTEE (JUDGES) USE Page A

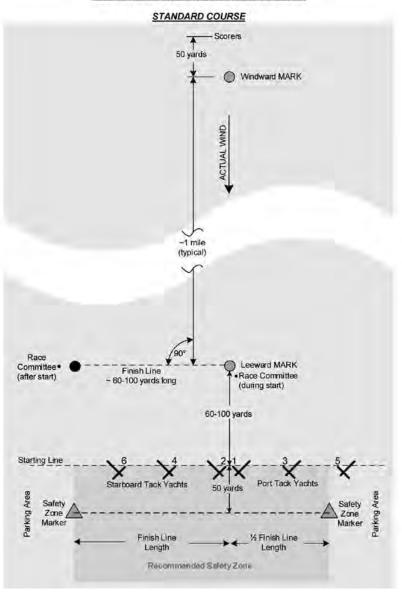
Protest Received	I (Date, Time):
By (Official):	
	DECISION OF PROTEST COMMITTEE (JUDGES)
Facts Found	
Decision & Groun	nds, including rules(s) infringed and yacht(s)

### FOR RACE & PROTEST COMMITTEE (JUDGES) USE Page B

	Page B	
<u>Diagram</u>		
Yes or No:		_ 's Diagram is Endorsed
Yes or No	Diagram constructed by the Judges	is attached.
Chief Judge		
Names of Other.	Judges Hearing Protest:	
Date of Hearing:	Date of Decision:	

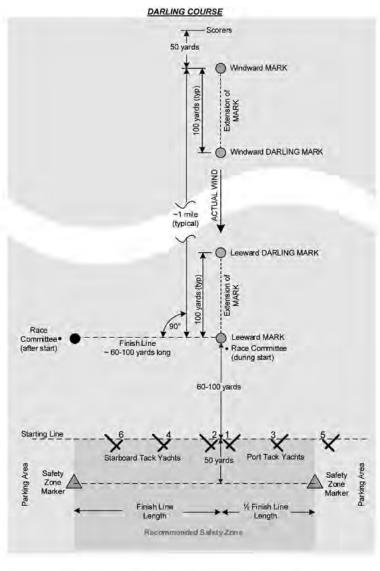
# RACING RULES OF THE NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY

#### APPENDIX I: RACE COURSE CONFIGURATIONS



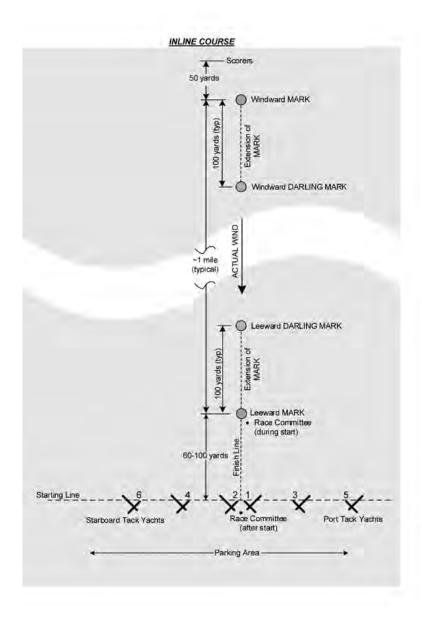
# RACING RULES OF THE NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY

#### **DARLING COURSE**



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# RACING RULES OF THE NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY



## STANDARD SAILING INSTRUCTIONS

# INTERNATIONAL DN ICE YACHT RACING ASSOCIATION STANDARD SAILING INSTRUCTIONS

#### I. RULES

All races will be sailed in compliance with the Specifications, Constitution and By-Laws of the International DN Ice Yacht Racing Association and the rules of the National Iceboat Authority as modified herein.

#### II. COURSE LOCATION

The racing area will be indicated on a map posted on the official bulletin board.

#### III. MARKS

Marks will be displayed at the Skippers meeting.

#### IV. STARTING TIMES

Skippers Meeting:

First race day one: First race day two: First race day three:

Starting times of subsequent races each day will be announced by the Race Committee Chairman, reference IDNIYRA By-Laws

#### V. STARTING AND FINISHING SIGNALS

The starting signal will be the swift lowering of the starters arms or flag after he raises his arms or flag to signify the preparatory signal. If the start is to be delayed after the preparatory signal the starter will slowly withdraw his arms or flag. The finish of the first yacht shall be signaled by the raising of a checkered flag, which will remain raised for 20 minutes or until all yachts have finished, whichever is earlier.

#### VI. TIME LIMIT

The lap time limit is 6-1/2 minutes per mile (1 mile between marks = 13 minute lap time limit).

#### VII. PROTESTS

Intention of protest must be reported to the Race Committee immediately after the race. A written protest must be filed with the Race Committee Chairman within one hour of the race.

#### VIII. TALKING TO THE SCORERS

A skipper who attempts to speak to the scorers while a race is in progress may be liable to disqualification from the regatta.

## STANDARD SAILING INSTRUCTIONS

#### IX. STARTING LINE

The Race Management Team may adopt the "Wire" starting line system if approved by the Governing Committee members present.

Note: This is the suggested format for IDNIYRA regatta sailing instructions. A complete knowledge and understanding of the following racing rules is critical to safe racing. Be sure you know and understand them before you race.

From the Regatta Management Agreement:

#### 14. DN Split Fleet Ranking

The Continental Secretaries shall maintain a fleet ranking. This ranking shall be updated yearly and shall be published by October 15 using regatta results from the previous two GCs (Gold Cup), NACs (North American Championships), and ECs (European Championships). This ranking shall be the lessor of the following:

- Best finish in the Gold fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs.
- 22 plus your best finish in the Silver fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs.
- 40 plus your best finish in the Bronze fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs.
- 58 plus your best finish in the Aluminum fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs. In the event of equal ranking for more than one sailor, the ranking which is based on the most recent race result will be considered higher.

All corrections must be submitted to the respective Continental Secretary by November 15. The list will be final on December 1.

RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
1	US183	MATT STRUBLE	2025 NA GOLD
1	P114	MICHAL BURCZYNSKI	2024 EC GOLD
1	C20	RASMUS MAALINN	2025 EC GOLD
2	P155	LUKASZ ZAKRZEWSKI	2024 EC GOLD
2	P31	ROBERT GRACZYK	2025 NA GOLD
2	US44	RON SHERRY	2024 NA GOLD
3	P431	JAREK RADZKI	2024 EC GOLD
3	C53	JOONAS KIISLER	2024 WC GOLD
3	US4926	STEVE ORLEBEKE	2024 NA GOLD
4	C96	HARDI LAURITS	2024 WC GOLD
4	P36	KAROL JABLONSKI	2025 NA GOLD
4	KC5629	ROBIN LAGRAVIERE	2024 NA GOLD
4	P55	TOMASZ ZAKRZEWSKI	2025 EC GOLD
5	US5166	CHRISTOPHER BERGER	2024 NA GOLD
5	P338	MACIEJ ZARNOWSKI	2025 NA GOLD
5	C45	MIHKEL KOSK	2025 EC GOLD
6	KC5247	JACEK MARZENSKI	2024 NA GOLD

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# 2026 RANKING LIST: BY RANK

RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
6	S714	OSKAR SVENSSON	2025 WC GOLD
7	KC2766	PETER VAN ROSSEM	2024 NA GOLD
8	S887	GUSTAV LINDÉN	2025 EC GOLD
8	KC5514	JOHN CURTIS	2024 NA GOLD
9	C36	ARGO VOOREMAA	2024 EC GOLD
9	US4487	CHAD ATKINS	2025 NA GOLD
9	US807	JR FRANCIS	2024 NA GOLD
10	US4	GRIFFIN SHERRY	2024 NA GOLD
11	US216	RICHARD POTCOVA	2024 NA GOLD
11	P311	WOJCIECH WOREK	2024 EC GOLD
12	G107	BERND ZEIGER	2024 NA GOLD
12	M53	PETER HAMRAK	2024 WC GOLD
13	P243	ADAM SZCZESNY	2025 NA GOLD
13	US5224	JAMES THIELER	2024 NA GOLD
13	C72	MAREK LENTSIUS	2025 EC GOLD
14	S8	FREDRIK LONEGREN	2025 NA GOLD
14	US3	JIM GROGAN	2024 NA GOLD
14	P254	RAFAL SIELICKI	2024 WC GOLD
15	O2	ARTIS BERZINS	2025 EC GOLD
15	US5687	JEFF ROSEBERRY	2024 NA GOLD
15	G936	JOST KOLB	2025 NA GOLD
15	P13	DAREK KARDAS	2024 EC GOLD
16	US5633	PETE JOHANSON	2024 NA GOLD
16	P104	WOJTEK BARANOWSKI	2025 EC GOLD
17	S1	DAVID CRONER	2024 EC GOLD
17	US5219	KENT BAKER	2024 NA GOLD
18	G719	ANDI LACHENSCHMID	2024 WC GOLD
18	US5053	GEORGE REIS	2024 NA GOLD
18	G890	HOLGER PETZKE	2025 NA GOLD

IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
19	US5352	DANIEL HEARN	2025 NA GOLD
19	G737	JOERG BOHN	2024 NA GOLD
19	L137	TEEMU RANTANEN	2025 EC GOLD
20	L601	JOHN WINQUIST	2025 EC GOLD
20	KC5508	NICOLAS MABBOUX	2024 NA GOLD
20	P80	RYSZARD MROZEK	2024 EC GOLD
21	US60	JOHN HARPER	2025 NA GOLD
21	US5630	KAREN BINDER	2024 NA GOLD
21	P107	MAREK STEFANIUK	2024 EC GOLD
21	P341	RAFAŁ ŁUGOWSKI	2025 EC GOLD
22	KC5700	PAUL CHAMBERLAND	2025 NA GOLD
22	S107	STEFAN BOKFORS	2024 NA GOLD
23	G390	ANJA FIEDLER	2025NA SILVER
23	US5430	BILL CUTTING	2024 NA SILVER
23	US5214	JIM MCDONAGH	2024 NA GOLD
23	L132	OSCAR LINDELL	2025 EC SILVER
23	D112	THOMAS EBLER	2024 WC GOLD
24	US5486	DAVID ELSMO	2025 WC SILVER
24	P74	JERZY ARTUR TABER	2025 EC SILVER
24	US5435	JODY KJOLLER	2024 NA SILVER
24	US4755	RICHARD LEMBERG, JR.	2025 WC GOLD
24	US4882	RICHARD WOLLAM	2024 NA GOLD
24	L103	TIMO LEHMUSKALLIO	2025 EC GOLD
24	Z78	UELI MARTI	2024 WC SILVER
25	US3283	BRUCE WILLIAMS	2024 NA GOLD
25	C73	EIGO HELIMETS	2025 EC GOLD
25	US5252	JAKE SKALA	2024 NA SILVER
25	L112	REKO SUOJANEN	2024 WC SILVER
26	US5465	DON NILES	2024 NA SILVER

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RANK		NAME	REGATTA
26	L133	MATTI NIEMINEN	2025 EC SILVER
26	L139	OSSI PALJA	2024 EC SILVER
26	US3705	ROB HOLMAN	2024 NA GOLD
27	US5358	DAVID FROST	2024 NA SILVER
27	C23	KEVIN GRASS	2025 EC GOLD
27	P247	MACIEJ BROSZ	2025 EC SILVER
27	US5646	MATT MEYER	2025 NA SILVER
27	S844	MAX KOSZELA	2024 WC SILVER
28	US5451	ANDREW ALLEN	2025 NA SILVER
28	US5603	BENJAMIN WITMAN	2025 WC SILVER
28	S867	DIDERIC VAN RIEMSDIJK	2025 NA GOLD
28	US4775	EBEN WHITCOMB	2024 NA GOLD
28	P3	KACPER WOREK	2024 EC SILVER
28	P65	MAREK BERNAT	2024 EC GOLD
28	US321	MIKE BLOOM	2025 WC GOLD
28	US5369	MIKE MILLER	2024 NA SILVER
28	P451	ROBERT KOZIOL	2024 WC SILVER
29	P235	ADAM BARANOWSKI	2024 EC GOLD
29	Z39	JEAN-CLAUDE VUITHIER	2024 WC SILVER
29	C71	KRISTIAN ALLIKMAA	2025 EC GOLD
29	C43	MEELIS KOSK	2025 EC SILVER
29	S878	TOMASZ FLISIAK	2024 EC SILVER
30	KC4360	ANDRE BABY	2024 NA GOLD
30	US5590	CHRIS GORDON	2025 NA SILVER
30	US5558	COOPER FROST	2024 NA SILVER
30	C17	ERKI TERAS	2024 WC SILVER
30	OE213	PETER UHLMANN	2025 EC SILVER
31	C78	ANGUS AARNA ANT	2024 WC SILVER
31	US1576	BRIAN JONES	2024 NA GOLD

RANK	( SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
31	US3576	BRUCE JONES	2024 NA SILVER
31	US5670	BRYON EICHORN	2025 NA SILVER
31	C30	RENE TREIFELDT	2024 EC SILVER
31	US1011	SAM BARTEL	2025 WC GOLD
31	S906	TOM HOGARD	2025 EC SILVER
32	US445	BOB CAVE	2024 NA SILVER
32	P280	JAKUB KAMINSKI	2024 EC SILVER
32	US3535	JEFF KENT	2025 WC GOLD
32	S885	NIKLAS PHILIPSON	2025 EC SILVER
32	US5498	RICK GORDON	2025 NA SILVER
33	US5914	EDWARD DEMEREST	2024 NA SILVER
33	C65	JORGEN KUIVONEN	2024 EC SILVER
33	C80	KARL ADER	2025 EC SILVER
33	P89	MATEUSZ GIGIELEWICZ	2025 EC GOLD
33	P200	ROMAN MORGAS	2024 WC GOLD
34	P146	ANDRZEJ JOJKO	2024 WC SILVER
34	US4638	GUY LOVEJOY	2025 WC GOLD
34	US4203	PATRICK FITZGERALD	2024 NA SILVER
34	US4155	RICHARD LEMBERG, SR	2025 NA SILVER
34	S924	STEFAN KARLSSON	2024 EC SILVER
35	US5777	MILO FLEMING	2024 NA SILVER
35	L37	TIMOLEON CARAVITIS	2024 EC SILVER
36	K13	DAVID HOWLETT	2024 WC GOLD
36	H852	DENNIS DE RUITER	2024 WC SILVER
36	US5050	TIM OELSCHLAGER	2024 NA SILVER
37	P15	ANDRZEJ WOJTKIEWICZ	2024 WC SILVER
37	P90	CEZARY STERNICKI	2024 EC SILVER
37	US2453	MAGGIE MCGARY	2025 WC SILVER
37	US3433	ROBERT CUMMINS	2024 NA SILVER

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2020 KANKING LIST. DT KANK				
RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA	
37	S881	STEFAN ERIKSSON	2025 EC SILVER	
38	TBD	BENJAMIN GARBER	2024 NA SILVER	
38	P137	JAKUB ŚLIWIŃSKI	2025 EC SILVER	
38	L69	SAM FAGERLUND	2024 WC SILVER	
39	P211	BORYS MICHNIEWICZ	2024 WC SILVER	
39	S868	CSILLA GAL	2024 NA SILVER	
40	US5432	BILL EKLUND	2025 NA SILVER	
40	US5696	DALE GORDON	2024 NA SILVER	
40	C21	PEETER JÄRVELAID	2024 WC SILVER	
40	G597	WOLFGANG BOETTGER	2025 EC GOLD	
41	T4	ANTANAS GERASIMAVICIUS	2025 EC BRONZE	
41	US5813	KEITH SCHWARK	2025 WC SILVER	
41	US5350	PETER TRUESDELL	2024 NA SILVER	
41	P150	TOMASZ STANCZYK	2024 EC BRONZE	
42	P102	LAURA BANACH	2024 EC SILVER	
42	C59	OTT SAAR	2025 EC BRONZE	
42	US5871	TIM MOWER	2025 NA BRONZE	
42	US5753	TREVOR TREPTON	2025 WC BRONZE	
43	C38	DANIEL RÜÜTEL	2024 EC BRONZE	
43	US5708	DAVID SILSBY	2025 NA BRONZE	
43	C77	LISBETH TAGGU	2025 EC BRONZE	
43	P378	MARCIN TEJSZERSKI	2024 EC SILVER	
43	US5677	PEGGY MENZIES	2024 NA SILVER	
43	L151	RUDY JURG	2025 EC SILVER	
43	US4148	TIM DIXON	2025 NA SILVER	
44	C75	ANDRIAS SEPP	2024 EC BRONZE	
44	Z124	BERNARD VANANTY	2025 EC BRONZE	
44	L147	KIMMO VILJAMAA	2025 EC SILVER	

RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
44	US1873	MARTHA CROASDALE	2024 NA SILVER
44	US5638	STEVEN BROWN	2025 NA BRONZE
44	OE119	WALTER KÖLBL	2024 WC SILVER
45	US244	ALEXANDER LEACH	2025 WC BRONZE
45	C16	ARTUR ADER	2025 EC BRONZE
45	KC5515	JIM FOSTER	2024 NA SILVER
45	M50	MARTON HEGYI	2024 WC GOLD
45	G8	THOMAS HUBER	2025 EC SILVER
45	KC3786	WARREN NETHERCOTE	2025 WC SILVER
46	S907	AXEL ALM	2024 EC BRONZE
46	US5285	CHRIS TEAL	2025 WC BRONZE
46	C69	GEORG PAOMEES	2025 EC BRONZE
46	KC3475	LESTER DRUIVEN	2025 NA BRONZE
46	H845	PETER GREVELING	2024 WC SILVER
46	KA2	PETER NORTON	2024 NA SILVER
47	D126	LARS MÖLLER	2024 EC SILVER
47	US467	MICHAEL RIAN	2025 NA BRONZE
47	P96	PIOTR SZAFRANEK	2024 EC BRONZE
47	US4925	SCOTT VALENTINE	2025 NA SILVER
47	L73	TIMO SIVULA	2025 EC BRONZE
48	US4789	CHRIS CLARK	2025 WC BRONZE
48	US5397	ERIN BURY	2025 NA BRONZE
48	US5023	JOHN STANTON	2024 NA SILVER
48	C56	MART TOOTS	2024 EC BRONZE
48	Z119	MAXIME BACHELIN	2025 EC SILVER
48	L149	OSMO NIIRANEN	2025 EC BRONZE
48	S81	TOMAS LINDGREN	2024 EC GOLD
49	US5706	ANDREW ROEDER	2025 NA SILVER
49	US5484	DALAN SMITH	2025 NA BRONZE

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RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA	
49	P163	GUSTAW MICINSKI	2024 WC SILVER	
49	Z47	JEAN-PIERRE COMTESSE	2025 EC BRONZE	
49	P24	JERZY NAJDROWSKI	2024 WC GOLD	
49	P59	MIKOLAJ MICKIEWICZ	2024 EC BRONZE	
50	US599b	BRETT HULSEY	2024 NA SILVER	
50	Z130	JEAN-PIERRE DE SIEBENTHAL	2025 EC BRONZE	
50	H404	MARTIN VAN WETTUM	2024 WC SILVER	
50	P374	RADOSLAV PARZYCH	2024 WC BRONZE	
51	P54	PAWEL MATEJAK	2024 WC BRONZE	
51	US2360	PETE JOHNS	2025 WC SILVER	
51	P20	STANISŁAW ŁUGOWSKI	2025 EC BRONZE	
52	US1277	HAL BOWMAN	2024 NA SILVER	
52	L100	MARKKU HENTINEN	2025 EC BRONZE	
52	US5644	MORGAN JONES	2025 WC BRONZE	
52	D156	POUL JORGENSEN	2024 EC SILVER	
52	US5576	RAYMOND GAUTHIER	2025 NA BRONZE	
53	Z25	BACHELIN PIERRE	2024 EC BRONZE	
53	US1610	BRUCE BROWN	2025 NA BRONZE	
53	P345	JERZY SUKOW	2024 EC SILVER	
53	US4868	JULIE RICHARDS	2025 NA SILVER	
53	L152	KARRI HELIO	2025 EC BRONZE	
53	US5298	RICHARD FISH	2025 WC SILVER	
54	S814	GUNNAR REHN	2025 EC SILVER	
54	P442	KRZYSZTOF PROT	2025 EC BRONZE	
54	O11	LEILA HELGA SARA TOLSTIKA	2024 EC BRONZE	
54	US5476	ROBERT HAAG	2024 NA SILVER	
54	OE250	ROLAND HUBER	2024 EC SILVER	
54	US5593	TOM WOLFFE	2025 NA BRONZE	
IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026				

		NAME	DECATTA
RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
55	US5760	NOAH JONES	2024 NA SILVER
55	L77	TERO VERKKOMÄKI	2025 EC BRONZE
56	L65	MIKAEL PETTERSSON	2024 WC SILVER
56	US5008	PETER NORDQUIST	2024 NA SILVER
56	Z42	RUDOLF FREDY	2024 EC BRONZE
57	M101	ATTILA ISTVÁN PATAKI	2024 EC SILVER
57	US5395	BEN SHAEVITZ	2025 NA BRONZE
57	L602	EERO KAIRAMO	2025 EC BRONZE
57	Z61	MARC-MARTIN PHILIPPE	2024 EC BRONZE
58	S441	HANS ERIKSSON	2025 EC SILVER
58	US130	JACK BRELLENTHIN	2025 WC BRONZE
58	US4783	RHEA NICHOLAS	2024 NA SILVER
58	L155	WALTTERI MOISIO	2025 EC BRONZE
59	G51	BERND JAHN	2025 EC BRONZE
59	G551	CHRISTIAN SEEGERS	2024 WC SILVER
59	US5127	HUGH STEPHENS	2025 WC BRONZE
59	P193/163	JAKUB MICINSKI	2024 WC BRONZE
59	US5665	JOHN BAULDRY	2024 NA SILVER
60	S854	FELIX JONDAL	2025 EC BRONZE
60	O6	GUNARS ROZENBERGS	2024 EC SILVER
60	US5479	SEBASTIAN SORENSEN	2025 NA BRONZE
61	M100	ATTILA PATAKY	2024 EC SILVER
61	KC5457	COLIN DUNCAN	2025 NA BRONZE
62	G99	MANFRED SCHREIBER	2024 EC SILVER
62	P339	MICHAL KORNIK SKAWINSKI	2024 EC BRONZE
63	US5043	GAIL TURLUCK	2025 WC BRONZE
63	P44	JANUSZ MAREK TABER	2024 EC SILVER
63	L143	KIMMO PELTONEN	2024 WC BRONZE
63	C103	MADIS METSALU	2025 EC BRONZE
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# 2026 RANKING LIST: BY RANK

2020 KH (KH (O LIOI: DI KH (K				
RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA	
64	US76	ISAAC MOYEDA	2025 NA BRONZE	
64	S832	RASMUS GRANHOLM SÖDERMAN	2024 WC SILVER	
65	P58	JERZY HENKE	2025 EC BRONZE	
65	G958	MANFRED KURZ	2024 EC BRONZE	
65	G749	WULF KROGLOWSKI	2024 EC SILVER	
66	P125	DARIUSZ KOSECKI	2024 EC SILVER	
66	H580	JOHAN TOLSMA	2024 WC BRONZE	
66	O14	RUTA PAMPE	2024 EC BRONZE	
67	H962	BEN KLOOS	2025 EC BRONZE	
67	C104	TRIIN VALDMAA	2024 EC BRONZE	
68	US65	ROBERT GRAY	2025 NA BRONZE	
69	L154	CLAUDIA MISHIMA	2024 EC BRONZE	
69	G896	KNUT PETERS	2024 WC BRONZE	
69	Z99	WIL WARGNIER	2025 EC BRONZE	
70	D379	GEORG JUELSGAARD	2025 EC BRONZE	
70	CH999	QIGUANG WANG	2024 EC BRONZE	
71	P306	MATEUSZ SLIWINSKI	2024 EC BRONZE	
72	C58	MADIS TOOTS	2025 NA BRONZE	
73	P220	ILONA ŚLIWIŃSKA	2025 EC BRONZE	
73	G54	JAN GOTTKE	2024 WC BRONZE	
73	P4	MARIA OLEKSY	2024 EC BRONZE	
74	S678	BIRGER TÖRNQVIST	2025 EC BRONZE	
74	G631	ERNST-AUGUST SCHORLING	2024 EC BRONZE	
75	G44	HEINER FORSTMANN	2024 WC BRONZE	
76	US2452	JOHN MCGARY	2025 WC BRONZE	
76	L153	KAI HILDITCH	2025 EC BRONZE	
76	P379/352	WERONIKA MAR- TYNOWSKA	2024 WC BRONZE	

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RANK	SAIL	NAME	REGATTA
78	P159	DARIUSZ MICKIEWICZ	2024 EC BRONZE
78	P2	ZDZISLAW PROT	2025 EC BRONZE
79	G508	CHRISTIAN GOECKE	2025 EC BRONZE
79	H469	RUUD VAN WEES	2024 EC BRONZE
83	G21	HENNING KRIEGHOFF	2024 EC BRONZE
89	P208	MIROSLAW KISLY	2024 WC BRONZE



# 2022 WINNI ALL NEW FULL



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2022 World Champion Robert Graczyk P-31

2022 Europeans 2nd Tomasz Zakrzewski P-55

2022 Polish Champion Tomasz Zakrzewski P-55 (Gen6 mast)

2022 Polish Championship 2nd Robert Graczyk P-31

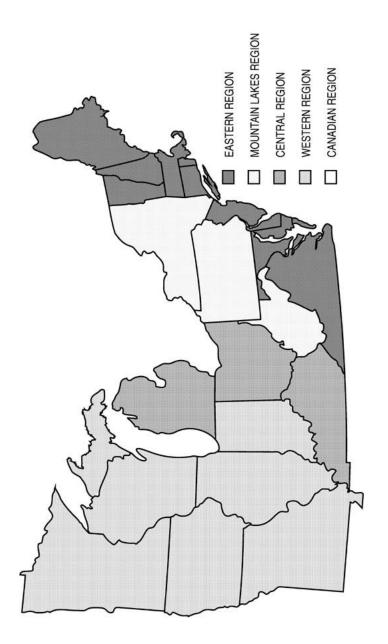
2022 Grand Masters Champion Tomas Lindgren S-81

BE FAST

BE COMPETITIV



## REGIONS OF THE NORTH AMERICAN IDNIYRA



#### **ARTICLE 1 - NAME AND EMBLEM**

The name of this organization shall be the International DN Ice Yacht Racing Association. Its emblem shall be the letters DN, placed on the sail in ten-inch letters, in red or other contrasting color.

#### **ARTICLE II - PURPOSE**

The Association's purpose shall be to promote ice yacht racing in this one design class, in boats built to the Official Specifications, and to sponsor class regattas.

#### ARTICLE III - ORGANIZATION AND FISCAL YEAR

The Association is one of individual members, acting through general membership meetings, and through the Governing Committee. The fiscal year shall be July 1 through June 30.

#### ARTICLE IV - DUES AND FEES

Association dues and fees to the North American Regatta shall be fixed by the By-Laws.

#### ARTICLE V - MEMBERSHIP

There shall be three classes of membership, as follows:

- **A. Active:** Any owner or part owner of a DN, in good standing. Privileges are to sail in the Annual Regatta, vote on the Association affairs, receive all Association communications, and hold office.
- **B. Associate:** Any non-DN owner interested in the affairs of the Association, in good standing. Privileges are to receive Association communications.
- **C. Inactive:** Any Active or Associate member who has not paid dues in the current year by the time of the Annual Regatta will no longer be considered a member in good standing and will be transferred to inactive status. There are no privileges.

Members must be Corinthians, and power to accept or reject applications for membership is vested in the Governing Committee.

#### ARTICLE VI - ELECTIONS, RECALL, AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS

A Commodore, Vice Commodore, Secretary, Treasurer, and Past Commodore shall be nominated at the annual meeting. They will be voted for by electronic vote, with ballots being sent to an email address provided by the member. Write-in votes will be accepted. The candidates receiving the greatest number of votes wins the election to that office. The term of office shall be one year: from July 1 to June 30 of the following year or until successors are elected. If an Officer's position becomes vacant before the term of office ends, the person to fill the vacancy shall be elected by the remaining Officers.

The members may recall (remove from office) an Officer by means of an electronic ballot with a two thirds majority required for recall. Proposals for recall shall be submitted in writing to the Governing Committee and either a motion supported by two-thirds of the Governing Committee or written support of 10 percent of the voting membership of IDNIYRA is required for the proposal to be submitted to the membership for an electronic ballot. If approved by the membership, recall is effective immediately upon publication of ballot results.

#### Duties are as follows:

<u>Commodore:</u> To be chief executive, preside at all meetings, be chairman of the Governing Committee, rule on procedure and jurisdiction, summarize decisions, appoint special committees, authorize payment of bills. The Commodore will counter-sign any checks for expenditures of more than \$1000.00. He will receive a photocopy of all IDNIYRA bank account statements (including IDNIYRA checks and Constitution deposit slips) involving IDNIYRA funds within three weeks of being mailed by the bank.

<u>Vice Commodore:</u> To officiate in the absence of the Commodore. To help the commodore in the approval of N.A. and Gold Cup sites.

To take care of perpetual trophies:

- 1) Make sure all perpetual trophies are returned, repaired, or replaced.
- 2) All perpetual trophies are to be properly engraved with winners names.
- 3) Make sure Perpetual trophies are delivered to the proper race officials two weeks prior to the regatta.
- 4) The keeping of names and addresses of all winners of the perpetual trophies and to pass such information to the new Vice Commodore.

<u>Secretary:</u> To keep minutes and other Association records, publish several newsletters each year and publish an annual directory. He shall publish any results of a membership vote with the full text of the ballot

and vote count. He shall bring the records up to date, complete business pending from the Annual Meeting, and shall transmit all Association records to his successor as soon as possible after June 30. The Association shall purchase a \$10,000 surety bond for the Secretary.

<u>Treasurer:</u> He shall maintain the Association membership list, collect dues, assign sail numbers, maintain association funds in a checking account, disburse funds on order of the Commodore, take care of all government or legal documents required of the Association, generate reports and notices associated with financial matters, respond to inquiries about the Association by interested non-members, oversee the sale of mail ordered goods sold by the Association. Complete an annual financial report as of June 30th. Deliver all Association records to his successor as soon as possible after June 30th. The Association shall purchase a \$10,000 surety bond covering the Treasurer of the IDNIYRA. An annual audit shall be made of the Association books by the IDNIYRA Corporation or their designated auditor. Both the positions of Secretary and Treasurer can be held by one person, if necessary.

<u>Past Commodore</u>: To serve on the Governing Committee, participate in its deliberations, and vote on decisions. Only members in good standing who have served as an IDNIYRA Commodore are eligible. This officer serves as an at-large member.

Rear Commodores for each of the 5 regions of North America shall be elected by the region they represent. If a vacancy exists as of May 1, the Commodore may appoint a replacement until the next regional meeting.

#### ARTICLE VII - GOVERNING COMMITTEE

The Governing Committee consists of its Officers, acting as a group. Its powers are to render final decisions on appeal, sanction or prohibit races in the North American and Gold Cup Regattas (when held in North America), accept or reject membership applications, approve the Race Committee for the North American and Gold Cup Regattas (when held in North America) and perform other duties mentioned in the By-Laws. The Governing Committee may initiate changes to the Constitution and By-Laws by proposing such changes to the entire membership at the Annual Meeting or by electronic communications using an email address provided by the member.

Membership vote is required for enactment of all proposed changes. The Governing Committee shall use the procedures outlined in the EPIC Agreement to change to Official Specifications, or Racing Rules. Otherwise, the Governing Committee may not change or modify any of the above documents, although it has the power to interpret them.

#### ARTICLE VIII - MEETING AND QUORUM

The Annual Meeting shall be held during and in the vicinity of the North American Championships, or the DN World Championship when held in North America if possible. Special meetings may be called on the order of the Governing Committee or upon demand in writing by twenty-five percent of the membership. Exact time and place of all meetings shall be fixed by the Governing Committee. If a special meeting is called, the purpose thereof must be stated in such form as to permit electronic voting using an email address provided by the member, and no other business may be transacted. All proposals to be made at the IDNIYRA Annual Meeting shall be submitted to the Governing Committee in writing sixty (60) days prior to the meeting. All proposals so submitted must be published in the DN newsletter by December 15. A quorum at a meeting is any number present. However, if less than twenty percent of the then-paid membership is present, all action must be ratified (unless rejected) by electronic voting using an email address provided by the member. In addition, any action requiring a majority of two-thirds (such as amendments to the Constitution or By-Laws, or changes in the Official Specifications or Racing Rules) shall be put to an electronic vote using an email address provided by the member, regardless of the number present at the Annual Meeting. The procedure for changes to the Official Specifications, Racing Rules, EPIC Agreement and Regatta Management Agreement are outlined in the EPIC Agreement and the Regatta Management Agreement. All meetings shall be conducted according to Roberts Rules of Order.

#### **ARTICLE IX - VOTING**

A majority of the votes cast shall be determined on all questions not otherwise stipulated, and the chair (if in a meeting) shall cast the deciding vote in case of a tie. The chair also has the power to fix a time limit on speakers and discussions of motions.

#### ARTICLE X - OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS

(See EPIC Agreement, Articles II and III)

#### ARTICLE XI - AMENDMENTS AND CHANGES

Amendments to the Constitution or By-Laws, and changes to the Official Specifications or the Racing Rules, may be made only after approval of the membership by electronic vote, with ballots being sent to an email address provided by the member. A two-thirds majority of the votes cast is required. For changes to the Specifications and their effective date, refer to the EPIC Agreement.

Active members of IDNIYRA may submit proposals for changes to the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS or the OFFICIAL PLANS by preparing them in accordance with ARTICLE II of the EPIC Agreement and submitting them in writing (preferably electronically) to the Governing Committee via the IDNIYRA Executive Secretary (or in his/her absence the IDNIYRA Secretary) a minimum of 60 days before the Annual Meeting. The Executive Secretary (or Secretary) shall publish proposals at least 30 days prior to the Annual Meeting to allow time for members to review proposals before the Annual Meeting. To be referred to the Technical Committee a proposal must receive the approval of A SIMPLE MAJORITY of those attending the Annual Meeting who are eligible to vote. A proposal rejected by the members at an Annual Meeting shall not be resubmitted for one year. Should an Annual Meeting not be held, the Governing Committee may refer proposals scheduled for consideration at that meeting directly to the Technical Committee without member approval.

#### ARTICLE XII - ELECTIONS AND RECALL OF THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

Article VI -TECHNICAL COMMITTEE of the EPIC AGREEMENT defines the structure, responsibilities and authority of the Technical Committee North American members of the Technical Committee shall be nominated and elected at the Annual Meeting for a term of six years. Should an Annual Meeting not be held, the election of a Technical Committee member may be appended to the annual electronic election of IDNIYRA Officers. A North American member or members of the Technical Committee may be recalled (removed from office) using the recall processes for Officers in ARTICLE VI of the IDNIYRA Constitution.

#### ARTICLE XIII - CLASS HISTORIAN

The Class Historian keeps the class historical records, including, but not limited to past Newsletters, important historic documents and other articles of importance to the class. The position is appointed by the Governing Committee.

#### ARTICLE XIV - DISSOLUTION OF IDNIYRA

Upon dissolution of IDNIYRA, assets shall be distributed for one or more exempt purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or corresponding section of any future federal tax code, or shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose.

#### **GENERAL**

- 1) Membership dues are Twenty Five (\$25.00) dollars for individuals annually, payable before November 1 to the Treasurer.
- 2) The entry fee for the Gold Cup and the North American Championship shall be set by the Regatta Chairman (Rear Commodore of the host region), who shall submit a budget for approval to the Governing Committee no later than October 15 preceding the regatta. All regatta fees shall be paid to the IDNIYRA-NA Treasurer. The Treasurer shall disburse funds to vendors, regatta organizers, and/or volunteers for regatta expenses from the IDNIYRA general account(s). A receipt must be provided. Vendor deposit money may be provided to vendors by the treasurer upon receipt of a bonafide estimate of costs. A financial report including receipts and disbursements shall be created by the Regatta Chairman & the IDNIYRA Treasurer following the regatta and shall be presented to the membership through the Class Newsletter. Regional Regattas will be the sole responsibility of the Rear Commodore from that Region and are exempt from financial accountability to the IDNIYRA.
- 3) A North American member of the IDNIYRA shall be assigned a number by the Treasurer upon written request and payment of a ten dollar (\$10.00) fee. A member may request multiple numbers. Numbers may be transferred only with the written permission of the person the number is assigned to. A ten dollar (\$10.00) fee is required for transfer of a number. A European IDNIYRA member shall be assigned a number by the National Secretary of the appropriate country. The number on the sail shall conform to Specification G. 13
- 4) An annual membership directory shall be published by December 15 and will include all members in good standing

#### **IDNIYRA REGATTAS**

#### A) GENERAL

- 1) Regattas will be held in accordance with these By-laws, the Constitution of the IDNIYRA, the EPIC Agreement and the Regatta Management Agreement. In the case of conflict, the Regatta Management Agreement will override the IDNIYRA Constitution and By-laws.
- 2) All skippers are required to show Proof of Liability Insurance to the extent of \$300,000.00. The Regatta Committee may require that Proof of Insurance at the time of registration, if they so choose.

#### **B) RACING RULES**

- 1) Section (IV) RACING RULES of the Regatta Management Agreement in its entirety.
- 2) Not withstanding members' rights to sail in IDNIYRA regattas (IDNIYRA Constitution Article V.A or Organization of the IDNIYRA EU Article 2.c) The organizers may reject or cancel the entry of a sailor or exclude a sailor from competition provided the organizers do so before the start of the first race of a series and state the reasons for doing so. Such reasons will normally constitute a breach of the common sense, safety or good sportsmanship components of NIA, Part IV, A, Fair Sailing. Approval of a majority of available Governing Committee members is required for such action. On request the sailor shall be given the reason in writing. The sailor may protest the action in accordance with NIA, Part V, Protest, Disqualifications, Appeals, but only on the basis that the action was unjustified or improper. The protest shall be heard at the close of registration. An entry for a sailor eligible under the notice of race or sailing instructions shall not be rejected or cancelled for an arbitrary or capricious reason or for reason of race, colour, religion, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, or age.

# C) WORLD DN CHAMPIONSHIP (GOLD CUP), NORTH AMERICAN CHAMPIONSHIP REGATTA, AND NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP

#### 1) Management

The regatta shall be under the control of the Governing Committee and managed by the Rear Commodore of the host region in accordance with these By-Laws.

#### 2) Dates and Schedule

a) When held in conjunction with the Gold Cup, the North American Championship regatta is held on the day or days remaining after the completion of the Gold Cup. If the minimum number of races has not been completed by sunset of the third day, racing will continue on the remaining days, until the minimum number of races has been completed. If the minimum number of races has not been completed by sunset Saturday, or in view of the weather and/or ice conditions the regatta is abandoned by the Race Committee, the regatta is canceled. On the final day every effort should be made to complete all originally scheduled races. The specific week shall be selected by the host Rear Commodore with the approval of the Governing Committee.

b) When not held in conjunction with the Gold Cup, the North American Championship regatta is held during a specific week, with registration on Saturday and racing beginning on Sunday and ending on Friday with Saturday as a reserve day. If 3 races in all fleets have not been completed by sundown on Friday, racing shall be continued until sundown on Saturday. In the days remaining after the completion of the North American Championship there shall be held a National Championship regatta (US National Championship or Canadian National Championship) depending on the location of the regatta). If the minimum number of races has not been completed by sunset on Saturday, or in view of the weather and/or ice conditions-, the regatta is abandoned by the Race Committee, the regatta is canceled. On the final day every effort should be made to complete all originally scheduled races. The specific week shall be selected by the host Rear Commodore with the approval of the Governing Committee and shall conform to Section 8c of the RMA.

c) If the regatta is moved, the Governing Committee may restart the regatta. The regatta is cancelled if the minimum number of races has not been completed by sunset on Saturday, or in view of the weather and/or ice conditions the regatta is abandoned by the Race Committee. On the final day, every effort should be made to complete all the originally scheduled races.

#### 3) Site

The regatta rotates each year among three regions - Eastern (which includes the Eastern Seaboard, Mountain Lakes, and Canada), Central Lakes, and Western Lakes (see map). In the Eastern Region, the three area Rear Commodores will decide which region will host the regatta. The site is selected by the host Rear Commodore and approved by the Governing Committee. Should the host region not have suitable ice, the regatta will be moved to the nearest site where suitable ice is available. If the regatta moves to a different region, the Governing Committee will coordinate the move with the original Rear Commodore and the Rear Commodore of the new region. Ice reports will be available during the week prior to the regatta so those sailors who are on their way to the regatta may be advised with regards to the final site location.

#### 4) Entries

- a) The regatta is open to any member of the Association who has paid all current dues and who has mailed an entry form with entry fee prior to January 1. Late registration at two times the normal fee will be accepted up to one day before the regatta.
- b) Novice entries: Novice DN racers may enter one or both regattas if two years association dues are paid. No other event registration fee will

apply. A DN racer shall be considered a novice if that person has never belonged to IDNIYRA, or if their membership has lapsed five or more years. A novice must comply with all other entry requirements.

#### 5) Check-in

Every skipper must check-in at the registration desk, no later than 12 hours before the first scheduled race. This requirement can be waived by the Race committee with the consent of a majority of the governing committee members present. Skippers checking in after that deadline will be assigned arbitrarily to the Silver or Bronze Fleets by the regatta officials, with no regard for the past racing record of the skipper and positioned at the end of the line in the first race. Check-in by phone prior to the deadline may be accepted by the officials, if they so choose.

- 6) DN Race System, North American Championship and National Championship
  - a) Following registration, after fleet assignments are determined, drawing for starting positions for the first race will be done by the race committee. In subsequent races, yachts are positioned on the starting line according to their finishing position in the previous race.
  - b) There shall be seven races scheduled for each fleet when the North Americans are held in conjunction with the Gold Cup. When not held in conjunction with the Gold Cup and held in conjunction with the National Championship, there shall be seven races scheduled for each regatta. Cancellation of races in one fleet shall not affect the races in another fleet.
  - c) The regatta, as a whole, will be considered a complete event if the Gold Fleet finishes a minimum of three races, regardless of the number of races completed by the other fleets. If the regatta is completed, prizes will be awarded to all fleets that have completed one or more races.

(Also see Race Management Agreement, Article III.)

d) The National Championship regatta will follow the same format as the North American Championship regatta when the North American Championship is held in conjunction with the Gold Cup.

#### D) REGIONAL REGATTAS

#### 1) Management

Regional regattas will be the sole responsibility of the Rear Commodore from that region and are exempt from financial accountability to the IDNIYRA.

#### 2) Entries

Regional regattas are open to any member of the Association who has paid all current dues.

MANAGEMENT OF THE OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS, PLANS OF THE DN ICE YACHT, AND REGATTA MANAGEMENT Revised May 2023

#### Article I - ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

The DN Class is made up of two continental organizations: the IDNIYRA (North America) and IDNIYRA Europe. Changes to the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS OF THE DN ICE YACHT and changes to the REGATTA MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT (RMA) will be made as outlined in this document. Other affairs will be managed at the continental level. The governance structure and composition of the Continental Governing Groups (CGG) for IDNIYRA and IDNIYRA Europe shall be determined by their respective Governing Documents.

#### Article II - OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Requirements for the yacht, sail, and attached equipment shall be set forth in the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS OF THE DN ICE YACHT. The DN is an affordable, home buildable, one-design ice yacht. It is intended that changes in the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS be limited to the following purposes: To make the yacht safer to sail, to minimize differences in sailing performance associated with the design and construction of the yacht, to make it easier or less expensive to build, to make the yacht more durable, and/or to clarify existing specifications.

#### Article III - OFFICIAL PLANS

THE OFFICIAL PLANS OF THE DN ICE YACHT are the one example of how a DN Ice Yacht can be built. Their purpose is to demonstrate the function of the parts and to provide perspective for the specifications. In all cases where there is a conflict between the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS and the OFFICIAL PLANS, the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS shall prevail. Changes in the OFFICIAL PLANS will be managed in the same way as the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS.

#### Article IV - REGATTA MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT (RMA)

Regattas will be managed in accordance with the RMA. In all cases where there is a conflict between the RMA and the Continental Organizations' Governing Documents, the RMA shall prevail. Changes in the RMA will be managed in the same way as the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS.

#### Article V - MEMBERSHIP

Each Continental Organization will establish criteria for membership in the Governing Documents of their respective organizations. A member of either Continental Organization will be a member of the DN Class. Membership in the DN Class will entitle the members to sail in the DN World Championship (Gold Cup) and other Continental Championship Regattas and to vote on all proposed changes in the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS, OFFICIAL PLANS, EPIC Agreement and RMA.

#### **Article VI - TECHNICAL COMMITTEE**

The DN Class Technical Committee (TC) shall consist of six members, three elected from North America and three elected from Europe. TC members shall be elected according to the respective Continental Governing Documents (CGD). One member will be elected every year, alternating between continents. North American members will be elected in even years and European members in odd years. The term of office is six years. Term of office will begin July 1, and expire June 30 of the appropriate year. Each second year the TC shall elect from its membership a chairperson to serve until June 30 of the appropriate year. The chairperson must be elected alternately from American and European members. If the chairperson resigns or cannot fill out his/her term, a new chairperson from the appropriate continent is to be elected by the TC to fill out the remainder of the term. Upon resignation of a member prior to six years, a replacement member will be elected by the respective CGG to complete the unexpired term.

All decisions of the TC require 2/3 majority vote of all members. The Chairperson shall report to the CGGs on all recommendations of the TC. The TC may initiate changes in the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS or OFFICIAL PLANS by proposing a change to both CGGs.

#### Article VII - PROPOSAL SUBMISSION

Proposals to change the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS or OFFICIAL PLANS may be made by either CGG or the TC. All proposal submissions should be written in specification language as it would appear in the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS. The governing documents of the respective continent shall describe how proposals shall be submitted to the CGG.

#### Article VIII - PROPOSAL APPROVAL WORDING

Wording of proposals to change the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS or OFFICIAL PLANS will be reviewed by the TC. The TC may suggest revised wording, if appropriate, to make the proposal more clear or reasonable to interpret. The TC may work directly with the author of the proposal on suggested revisions. All proposals will be submitted to the TC and the CGGs by May 31. Final wording on proposals

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will be submitted to the CGGs by the TC by September 1. The Secretary of the continent that submitted the proposal is responsible for publishing the final proposal wording. All proposals will be in English, but may be translated into other languages for the purposes of voting.

#### Article IX VOTING

The DN Class will submit a ballot to the membership, no later than Oct 1. All members having valid membership at Sept. 1 and a valid e-mail address on file will have the right to vote. The method of voting will be an electronic ballot or any other safe and reliable method. The voting will be closed 21 days after the submission. The chosen electronic voting system should be able to certify and to verify the voting results. DN Class members that are members of both the North American and European organizations may only cast one ballot.

Passage: To pass a proposal must get at least 2/3 yes votes from the votes cast. Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid. Any proposal which does not pass may not be resubmitted for one year.

Effective Date: Changes in the Official Specifications or Official Plans shall become effective May 31 unless both Governing Groups agree an earlier effective date, and that the effective date is on the ballot proposal.

#### Article X - INTERPRETATIONS OF THE OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS OR PLANS

The intended meaning and the basic principles of maintaining the DN as a one-design class shall be considered in interpreting any point not covered. Specifications, however complete, cannot anticipate every possible situation that may arise. If a point is not covered, a ruling can be obtained from the any of the CGG's through the TC. The TC shall, upon the request of any member, or at the direction of either CGG, provide interpretation of the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS. In interpreting any point not covered, or wording of obscure meaning, the TC shall consider the intended meaning of the specifications which is to maintain the DN within reasonable limitations as a standard one-design class. The findings shall be published by both CGGs. Such interpretations shall prevail as Supplements to the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS unless and until voided by a simple majority of the membership. Proposals for such a vote will be initiated in the same way a Specification Change Proposal is made.

If an interpretation changes the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS the TC shall initiate a proposal to both CGGs.

#### Article XI - ENFORCEMENT OF THE SPECIFICATIONS

Each and every sailor has the full responsibility to ensure that his/her iceboat is maintained to comply with her class rules and is in full compliance with the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS.

The OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS shall be enforced in two ways;

1. Through a protest filed by any contestant, Judge or Race Committee member at the Gold Cup, European Championship or North American Championship Regattas against any competing yacht; or,

2.By the Race Committee measuring yachts during a regatta described in the CGDs, NIA rules, or the regatta Sailing Instructions.

3. By an official ruling of the technical committee. Such official rulings shall prevail as supplements to the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS unless and until voided by a simple majority of the membership. Proposals for such a vote will be initiated in the same way a Specification Change Proposal is made, except that a ruling that is voided will be voided immediately after a vote that overturns it.

#### Article XII - ADMINISTRATION OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document will be administered jointly by IDNIYRA (North America) and IDNIYRA Europe. Administration will consist of publishing this document online and conducting any DN Class Specification Proposal and race management vote, including sending ballots, counting the completed ballots, communicating the results, and associated duties to their respective members. The costs of administering this document will be shared equally by the two continental organizations.

English will be the language for all official communications between North America and Europe.

#### Article XIII - CHANGES IN THIS DOCUMENT

Any changes in this document will be made by the method described for Specification Changes with the exception that the Technical Committee does not need to review wording of proposals to change this document.

#### Article XIV - JURISDICTION

On matters relating to the OFFICIAL SPECIFICATIONS, OFFICIAL PLANS and Regatta Management, this document as well as the Regatta Management Agreement will override the governing documents of the Continental Organizations if there is a conflict.

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## REGATTA MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

#### (I) General Information

- 1. The purpose of the Regatta Management Agreement is to establish a worldwide standard regatta management procedures for the DN Class.
- 2. Changes in this document shall be governed by the EPIC agreement and can be initiated by either organization of the Continental Governing Group (CGG).
- 3. WORLD COMMODORE. There shall be an honorary office of World Commodore. The World Commodore will be the official representative of the DN Class at the Gold Cup and associated continental regattas. The World Commodore shall be from the continent hosting the World DN Championship (Gold Cup). The World Commodore may appoint a designated representative.
- 4. The procedure for determining entry fees, due dates, payment and insurance requirements as well as registration procedures for all DN Class regattas shall be determined by the CGG hosting the regatta.
- 5. The national affiliation of each DN member is identified by national letter designators: Australia KA, Italy I, Austria OE, Latvia O, Belarus B, Lithuania T, Canada KC, Netherlands H, Czech Republic CZ, Norway N, Denmark D, Poland P, Estonia C, Russia R, Finland L, Sweden S, France F, Switzerland Z, Germany G, United Kingdom K, Hungary M, United States US, China CH.

Members of countries not appearing on this list may request the assignment of an appropriate national letter designator. It is the responsibility of IDNIYRA Europe to assign national letter designators for the continents of Europe, Asia, Africa and Antarctica. It is responsibility of IDNIYRA NA to assign national letter designators for the continents of North and South America and Australia.

6. Sail numbers will be assigned in accordance with Continental governing documents.

#### (II) DN Class Regattas

- 7. General rules for World DN Championship (Gold Cup), a European Championship and a North American Championships (GC, EC, NAC).
  - a) DN Class Regattas are open to any member in good standing of the IDNI-YRA or IDNIYRA Europe.
  - b) The World DN Championship (Gold Cup) is held annually; the site alternating between continents, even if the previous event was not sailed.
  - c) The Continental organization hosting the Gold Cup shall select the host region or country and dates. The Continental organization shall manage the regatta with the assistance of the selected region or country in accordance with this Regatta Management Agreement.

### REGATTA MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

- d) The GC, EC, NAC shall be held during a specific week, beginning on a Saturday with registration and with Sunday as first racing day. The regatta ends on or before the following Saturday.
- e) Gold Cup Racing There shall be seven races scheduled for each fleet at the Gold Cup and sailed alternately. Cancellation of races in one fleet shall not affect the races in another fleet. The regatta, as a whole, will be considered a complete event if the Gold Fleet finishes a minimum of three races, regardless of the number of races completed by the other fleets. If the regatta is completed, prizes will be awarded to all fleets that have completed one or more races.
- f) If no races have been completed, day 1 may be postponed. If the regatta is moved, the CGG may restart the regatta. If all fleets have completed four races by sunset of the third day, the regatta is over. If the minimum number of races has not been completed by sunset of the fourth day, racing will continue on the remaining days until the minimum number of races is completed. The regatta is cancelled if the minimum number of races has not been completed by sunset on Saturday, or in view of the weather and/or ice conditions the regatta is abandoned by the Race Committee. On the final day, every effort should be made to complete all the originally scheduled races.
- g) Cancellation of races in one fleet shall not affect the races in another fleet.
- 8. Specific rules for European and North American Championships
  - a) The European and North American Championships are held annually on their respective continent.
  - b) It is the responsibility of the relevant CGG to select the host region/country and with the assistance of that regional authority, to manage the EC and NAC regatta in accordance with this Regatta Management Agreement and the relevant continental bylaws.
  - c) Dates. The Continental organization hosting the Championship regatta not held in conjunction with the Gold Cup shall pick dates that do not conflict with the Gold Cup. There shall be a minimum of 13 days between events. The regatta start date, number of days of the regatta and number of races shall be determined by the host Continental Governing Documents or Notice of Race and Sailing Instructions.
  - d) When held in conjunction with the Gold Cup, the regatta is held on the day or days remaining after the completion of the Gold Cup. There shall be seven races scheduled for each fleet and sailed alternately.

## REGATTA MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

- e) Cancellation of races in one fleet shall not affect the races in another fleet.
- f) The regatta, as a whole, will be considered a complete event if the Gold Fleet finishes a minimum of three races, regardless of the number of races completed by the other fleets. If the regatta is completed, prizes will be awarded to all fleets that have completed one or more races.
- g) Entries The regatta is open to any member in good standing of the IDNI-YRA or IDNIYRA Europe. Fees and entry dates are set by the continental organization hosting the event.

#### (III) Race management procedures

#### 9. Check-in

- a) Every skipper must register in accordance with the host continental governing documents and the Notice of Race.
- b) All skippers are required to show Proof of Liability Insurance. The amount of insurance will be determined by the host CGD or Notice of Race.
- c) Following registration and after fleet assignments are determined, the race committee will conduct a random drawing for starting positions for the first race. In subsequent races, yachts are positioned on the starting line according to their finishing position in the previous race.

#### 10. Fleet Splitting and Assignments

- a) All registered sailors will be divided into fleets as necessary. The number of sailors in each fleet will be determined by the race committee, with approval of a majority of those members of the host CGG present, after the close of registration. The recommended maximum fleet size is fifty sailors per fleet. Fleets of approximately equal size are desirable but not mandated. When determining fleet size the safety of all participants is the primary consideration.
- b) Fleet assignments will be based on the following criteria:

#### 1. Gold Fleet:

- Skippers who finished in the first three places in the Silver Fleet of the preceding continental or higher regatta. Skippers who finished in the first three places in the Gold Fleet of the preceding continental or higher regatta.
- Skippers who finished in the first twelve places of the Silver Fleet mini-qualification race.

• The remainder of this fleet will be comprised of the top ranked skippers who have registered and checked-in prior to the dead-line.

#### 2. Silver Fleet:

- Skippers who finished in the first three places in the Bronze Fleet of the preceding continental or higher regatta.
- Skippers who finished in the first twelve places of the Bronze Fleet mini-qualification race.
- The remainder of this fleet will be comprised of the top ranked skippers who have registered and checked-in prior to the dead-line that are not in a higher fleet.

#### 3. Bronze Fleet:

- Skippers who finished in the first three places in the Aluminum Fleet in the preceding continental or higher regatta.
- Skippers who finished in the first twelve places of the Aluminum Fleet mini qualification race.
- The remainder of this fleet will be comprised of the top ranked skippers who have registered and checked-in prior to the dead-line that are not in a higher fleet.

#### 4. Aluminum Fleet:

• All remaining skippers.

#### Race Sequence

- a) The races are scheduled in the following sequence: Mini-qualification races, then races as defined in relevant sailing instruction.
- b) Delays caused by weather or ice conditions may necessitate changes in the above schedule. The host region authority in consultation with the continental class officers present at the regatta has the authority to make changes deemed necessary for safety or to complete the regatta in time. This may include postponing to a later day, canceling non-Gold fleets to give time for Gold fleet races and other appropriate measures.

#### 12. Mini Qualification Races

a) A race will be held for all non-ranked and Aluminum fleet sailors. This race will be a minimum of three laps with the first 12 places qualifying for Bronze fleet. The remainder of the finishers will be scored as follows: 13th

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place will receive the 1st place points, 14th place will receive the 2nd place points, 15th place will receive the 3rd place points, and so on to the end of the finishers. The race will be counted as the first Aluminum fleet race.

- b) The race committee must be notified of any protest involving the first 12 finishers within 10 minutes of the last boat finishing.
- c) A second race will be held for all Bronze fleet sailors including those who have just qualified for Bronze fleet. This race will start no sooner than 20 minutes after the 12th boat finishes the previous qualifier. This race will be a minimum of three laps with the first 12 places qualifying for the Silver fleet.
- d) The remainder of the finishers will be scored as follows: 13th place will receive the 1st place points, 14th place will receive the 2nd place points, 15th place will receive the 3rd place points, and so on to the end of the finishers. The race will be counted as the first Bronze Fleet race.
- e) A third race will be held for all Silver fleet sailors including those who have just qualified for Silver fleet. This race will start no sooner than 20 minutes after the 12th boat finishes the previous qualifier. This race will be a minimum of three laps with the first 12 places qualifying for the Gold fleet. The remainder of the finishers will be scored as follows: 13th place will receive the 1st place points, 14th place will receive the 2nd place points, 15th place will receive the 3rd place points, and so on to the end of the finishers. This race will be counted as the first Silver fleet race.
- f) The first race of the Gold fleet will start no sooner than 20 minutes after the 12th boat finishes the previous qualifier. The Race Committee, with the approval of the Governing Committee members present at the race, may cancel the Mini-qualification Races if time or conditions warrant.

#### 13. Scoring

- a) DN race system Scoring will be done by assigning points in the following manner: first place, 1 point; second place, 2 points; third place, 3 points; fourth place, 4 points; fifth place, 5 points; etc. lowest score to win. DNS, DNF, RET, DSQ, and DNE are assigned points equal to 1 plus the number of yachts in the fleet after the mini-qualification races.
- b) Ties will be broken by the following algorithm: If two or more skippers are tied for a position, the skipper who finished ahead of the other in the most races wins the tie. If the tie is not broken, the skipper who finished ahead of the other in the last race wins the tie. If necessary, the next to last race will be used to break the tie. If the tie is still not broken, the next previous race will be compared, and so on in reverse order. If the tie is not broken after all races are compared, it will be declared a tie. Note: All races will be considered in breaking ties (including any throw-outs).

c) Throw-outs: When fewer than five (5) races are completed a yacht's score shall be total of her race scores. When from five (5) to eleven (11) races are completed, a yacht's score will be the total of her race scores, excluding her worst score, except that a DNE (Disqualification Not Excludable) may not be excluded. When twelve (12) or more races are complete, a yacht's score will be the total of her race scores, excluding her two worse scores, except that a DNE may not be excluded.

d) Definitions: The following definitions apply to regatta scoring.

- DNS (Did Not Start): a competitor who did not start a race.
- **DNF** (Did Not Finish): a competitor that started a race but did not finish.
- **DSQ** (Disqualified): a competitor who is disqualified by the race committee and or protest committee.
- **DNE** (Disqualified Not Excludable): a competitor who is disqualified by a race committee or protest committee, where that disqualification may not be excluded from the score.
- **RET** (Retired After Finishing): a competitor that started and finished a race but advised the race committee that he/she would withdraw from the race instead of being scored in his/her finishing position. Other yacht's scores are to be adjusted accordingly."

#### 14. DN Split Fleet Ranking

The Continental Secretaries shall maintain a fleet ranking. This ranking shall be updated yearly and shall be published by October 15 using regatta results from the previous two GCs (Gold Cup), NACs (North American Championships), and ECs (European Championships). This ranking shall be the lessor of the following:

- Best finish in the Gold fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs.
- 22 plus your best finish in the Silver fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs.
- 40 plus your best finish in the Bronze fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs.
- 58 plus your best finish in the Aluminum fleet in the previous two WCs, NACs, and ECs. In the event of equal ranking for more than one sailor, the ranking which is based on the most recent race result will be considered higher.

All corrections must be submitted to the respective Continental Secretary by November 15. The list will be final on December 1.

#### 15. Trophies and Prizes

The Perpetual Trophies are described in the DN Class Yearbook. They must be returned to the Association at or before the next regatta. The Gold Cup Junior Trophy shall be awarded to the best Junior sailor who is under 25 years old on the day of check-in.

Keeper Trophies will be awarded to the first ten skippers in the final standings in a Single Fleet regatta, and in a Split Fleet regatta to the first ten in each of the Fleets.

- 16. No commercial information will appear on any DN parts other than standard sailmaker's or builder's marks. Those marks must comply with the following criterion: One sailmaker's mark may appear on each side of the sail. The entire mark must be within 16" of the tack. One or two builder's marks may be displayed on a part made by that builder. All builder's marks must be smaller than 6" by 6". This requirement will apply from 7:00 AM of the first day of any official activity for a regatta until after the awards ceremony for that regatta.
- 17. The DN Class is an amateur racing association. The DN Class is managed by volunteers and is financially self-sufficient. To preserve this character, the DN Class and its members will not participate in commercial promotion at DN Class events, however, the class recognizes that many of the commercial builders of DN equipment and also sail in the DN Class and sell gear at the events. The DN Class recognizes the importance of suppliers of DN sailing products. The relationship between the DN Class and DN suppliers may include: support of raffles, advertising of DN related products and supplier listings in DN Class publications, and other similar activities in keeping with the character of the DN Class.

The CGG may allow sponsorship at DN Class events, so long as said sponsorship shall benefit the organization as a whole, and not any individual competitor or group of sailors.

#### (IV) RACING RULES

- 18. The Racing Rules of the National Iceboat Authority shall prevail, supplemented by the following Association rules:
  - a) Failure to use a parking brake at any time a yacht is left unattended with sail up, may result in disqualification for the entire regatta if damage or injury results and the Race Committee deems it appropriate.
  - b) While racing, each sailor must wear a helmet that they determine adequately protects them from the hazards of the sport. As a minimum, the helmet will be hard-surfaced, energy- absorbing crushable foam-lined, covering 3/4 of the head and covering the ears. This minimum helmet standard has not been shown to provide adequate protection from the hazards of the sport in all circumstances. Interpretations of this rule may be made by the Governing Committee.
  - c) All races shall be a minimum of four (4) miles in length. (6 1/2 km)
  - d) Lap time limit shall be 6 1/2 minutes per mile (1 mile between marks = 13 minute lap time limit). (see N.I.A. Rules, Part II, par. G.)

- e) No race may be started with less than 1/2 hour remaining before official sunset. This time may be increased at the discretion of the Regatta Chairman and his advisors.
- f) Official sunset time shall be posted at the skippers registration area at the time of registration.
- g) The same equipment (except runners and sails) must be used throughout the entire regatta, except articles found illegal in one race, or equipment determined by the race committee to be damaged and unusable.
- h) No yacht shall be expected to start any race (championship, gold, silver, etc.) earlier than 15 minutes after the last boat finishes the race (or qualifier) in which the yacht competed.
- i) No electronic equipment may be used during racing, except timing devices and cameras.
- j) The first yacht finishes her race after completing the scheduled number of laps. Any following yacht finishes the race when she crosses the Finish Line after the finish of the first yacht. In each race, a yacht will be scored ahead of all yachts with fewer laps. Any yacht not finishing within 20 minutes of the first yacht will be scored according to her finish in the previous lap (if no laps have been completed she will be scored DNF).
- k) The Continental Governing Group of the host continent may further modify the racing rules. Any modifications must be published in the Sailing Instructions and course diagram if applicable.

#### 19. Racecourse description

- a) All Championship regattas will use the National Iceboat Authority Inline or Darling race course configuration. A copy of the course diagram shall be included in the Sailing Instructions.
- b) Any modification to the course configuration for a DN Class Championship must be approved by the Host CGG, after notifying the other CGG and allowing 30 days for comments.

### (V) PROTEST PROCEDURE, APPEALS

- a) Any protest should be handled according to "Part V Protests, Disqualifications, Appeals" and "APPENDIX V PROTEST PROCEDURE" of the Constitution and Racing Rules of the National Iceboat Authority.
- b) Protest procedure for the mini qualifier races.

The race committee must be notified of any protest involving the first 12 finishers within 10 minutes of the last boat finishing. The protested sailor will be notified as soon as possible by the race committee, and the protest will be held on the ice before the start of the next race.

An abridged protest form shall be submitted that states at a minimum the sail numbers of the affected sailors and a diagram of the infraction.

These protests will be heard by 3 judges or sailors from another fleet using expedited procedures. The protestor and protestee will each have 3 minutes to describe the situation, and may each call one witness, who will have up to 2 minutes to describe the situation. A decision will be rendered immediately by the protest committee. In accordance with NIA Rule V.D.2.a, consent for appeal of these expedited protests is refused.

All other protests for the mini qualifiers shall be conducted with standard NIA procedure, with the following exception. When an expedited protest involving the first 12 finishers results in a disqualification, and the 13th (or lower placed) competitor is then eligible for promotion and is also involved in a protest, that protest shall also be conducted using expedited procedures, except that failure to inform the race committee within 10 minutes of the last boat finishing shall not be grounds for refusing the protest.

- c) The protest committee may, at its discretion, award a score of DNE (Disqualified Not Excludable) to a disqualified yacht that has been found to have dangerously violated NIA Rules Part IV, Sailing Rules.
- d) Appeals against any Regatta Protest Committee decisions can be given to the relevant continental authority NIA in North America and EDNIA in Europe.

# IDNIYRA-EUROPE International DN Ice Yacht Racing Association-Europe EISSEGELVERBAND EUROPA

#### ORGANISATION RULES

#### 2022

#### 1. General

- a. The European DN Class Organisation is part of the DN Class.
- b. The European organisation IDNIYRA EUROPE Eissegelverband Europa (Constitution on the web site) is made up of National Organisations, as ordinary members and individual members, as extraordinary members, both represented by their National Secretaries. The Society is acting through its First and Second Chairmen, the Executive Board, the General Meeting in the form of the European Governing Committee (National Secretaries' Meeting)

#### 2. Dues, Membership and Fiscal Year

- a. National dues are set by the respective National Organisations
- b. The IDNIYRA EUROPE dues are set by the National Secretaries' Meeting. The members should pay those dues to IDNIYRA EUROPE each year before the date set by the Secretaries' Meeting decision.
- c. A DN sailor who has paid his/her dues for the current year to either ID-NIYRA-NA or IDNIYRA EUROPE shall be a member of the DN Class. Such memberships will entitle all members to vote on proposed changes to Official Specifications, Plans, EPIC Agreement and Regatta Management Agreement; to sail in the IDNIYRA World Championship (Gold Cup) and other major regattas (NAC and EC); hold office; and to receive privileged information published by the DN Class.
- d. The Fiscal Year of the IDNIYRA EUROPE shall start on April 1st and end on March 31st.

#### 3. Duties of IDNIYRA-Europe Officers

- a. European Commodore:
  - i. To preside at Board and National Secretaries Annual Meetings. ii. To represent IDNIYRA EUROPE interests.
  - iii. To call Board meetings. When a meeting is requested, in writing, by at least two Board Members a Board meeting will be organised within four weeks.
  - iv. Ultimate authority over the choice of the regatta site for European Championships, European Cup, and World Championships when held in Europe.

- b. European Vice Commodore:
  - i. To assist the European commodore in his/her duties and represent him/her during his/her absence.
  - ii. To oversee the care of the perpetual trophies. These must be engraved each season and available for presentation at the appropriate prize giving (WC, EC & E Cup) and a record kept of winners' names and to arrange for replacement/repair of trophies if damaged or lost. iii. In case if no Organising Country agreed for the next event, held in Europe, it will be the responsibility of the European Vice Commodore to organise manufacturing or purchasing the Keepers Trophies.
- c. European Treasurer (may be combined with Commodore or Vice Commodore):
  - i. Collection of membership dues.
  - ii. Financial administration of IDNIYRA EUROPE.
  - iii. To provide a current Financial Report to the National Secretaries Meeting and a Budget for the next year in advance of the meeting.
  - iv. Payment of reasonable expenses incurred on IDNIYRA EUROPE business by Executive Board and Technical Committee members.
  - v. Obtain approval of the European Commodore for other expenditures. d. European Secretary:
  - i. Keeping and directing all IDNIYRA EUROPE correspondence.
  - ii. Proposing the Agenda for the National Secretaries meeting.
  - iii. Taking the Minutes of the National Secretaries Meetings and, after approval by the Commodore, conveying them to all participants and indicated parties.
  - iv. To administer lists of members provided by the National Secretaries. v. To liaise regularly with the IDNIYRA-NA Secretary.
- e. Junior Programme Manager (the position may be held by other member of the Board):
  - i. To act as the link between Junior DN and Ice Optimist sailors and the Executive Board.
  - ii. To attend National Secretaries and Board meetings.
  - iii. Organise Junior Programme Planning Meetings.
  - iv. Attend and supervise Junior DN and Ice Optimist Major Regattas (WC and EC)
  - v. Encourage participation in IDNIYRA EUROPE regattas by junior DN sailors.
- f. Insurance Manager (the position may be held by other member of the Board):
  - i. Keeping contact with the Insurance company which provides the TPL-Insurance for IDNIYRA EUROPE.
  - ii. Checking Confirmation of Cover (CoC) and assigning an "Insurance ID" for the online-registration to EC and WC (when held in Europe).
  - iii. Preparing the entry lists after registration is closed and providing them to the responsible Board member and to the RC for the following

#### purposes:

- 1. Printing stickers and sail-markers for each sailor
- 2. Checking the payment for each sailor
- 3. Setting the fleets after registration in the Race Office at the site.
- iv. After regatta check in is finished, sending the list of the SEI to the insurance company to make sure they are covered.
- v. Checking the accounting for the SEI of the insurance and making the payment to the insurance company.

### g. Webmaster (the position may be held by other member of the Board):

- i. A responsible webmaster will be appointed by the National Secretaries Meeting for every two years.
- ii. The portal website www.idniyra.eu is the main information source for IDNIYRA – EUROPE.
- iii. The website shall provide official IDNIYRA EUROPE and DN Class information and links to member Nations and be administered by the webmaster.
- iv. Special services for ice reports, regatta information, membership administration, electronic voting procedures, online publishing etc. shall be developed.
- v. A yearly budget will be allocated and revised by the National Secretaries Meeting.

#### 4. Duties of other European Officers

- a. National Secretary:
  - i. Represent their National organisation and individual IDNIYRA EUROPE members from his/her country.
  - ii. Attend National Secretaries Meeting. If unable to attend, a representative with written authorisation may attend as National Secretary or a proxy vote may be given to another attending National Secretary.
  - iii. Assignment of National sail numbers.
  - iv. To provide a National membership list annually by August  $31^{\rm st}\,$  to the IDNIYRA EUROPE Secretary.
  - v. Remit National annual dues to IDNIYRA EUROPE Treasurer before the date set by the Annual National Secretaries Meeting. Such annual due will be equal to one individual fee.
  - vi. Confirm National participants in World Championship, European Championship and Europa Cup regattas.

#### b. Technical Committee:

i. Full details are contained in the EPIC Agreement. The three European members of this Committee will be elected at the European National Secretaries' Meeting. The term of office is six years and for purposes of continuity, one new member shall be elected every two years. The National Secretaries Meeting can recall a European Technical Committee member with a 2/3 majority vote effective immediately.

ii. Respond within a reasonable time to all technical questions addressed to them by National Secretaries or individual members. iii. Keep measurement rules up to date and distribute them to all members via the webmaster and the web.

iv. Maintain close contact with the NA members of the Technical Committee.

v. Act in all respects in accordance with the EPIC Agreement. vi. Provide a summary of the past year's Technical Committee activities

vi. Provide a summary of the past year's Technical Committee activities via a report at the National Secretaries' Meeting or an email report in advance of the Meeting.

#### 5. Governing Committee

The European Governing Committee consists of its officers acting as a group on 2 levels.

a. The Executive Board consists of the European Commodore, Vice Commodore, Treasurer, Secretary, Junior Programme Manager, Insurance Manager and Webmaster. All members are elected by majority vote at the National Secretaries Meeting and serve for two years. In order to ensure continuity on the Board, no more than four members should change in any one year. b. National Secretaries, appointed by nations.

The National Secretaries Meeting consists of the Executive Board, National Secretaries of all European Member countries and one member of the European Technical Committee. Their individual duties are specified in para. 3. Their corporate responsibilities are:

**Executive Board:** The day to day working of IDNIYRA – EUROPE between the Annual National Secretaries Meeting and in consultation where appropriate with National Secretaries.

The National Secretaries Meeting: The running of IDNIYRA – EUROPE primarily through attendance at the Annual National Secretaries Meeting either in person or via proxy, including but not limited to the approval of new European member countries and setting of dues and insurance requirements.

#### 6. Annual Meeting

The annual European National Secretaries Meeting shall be held on completing each season if possible before 1st May and hosted by a European member nation in rotation. It will be chaired by the European Commodore (or an elected Chair according to the Constitution) and the minutes taken are published by the European Secretary. A majority of votes cast shall determine the decision on all questions and the chair shall cast the deciding vote in case of a tie. Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid.

The chair also has the power to fix a time limit on speakers, discussions and agenda items.

The entire European Governing Committee will be invited together with a Euro-

pean Technical Committee Member and an IDNIYRA-NA representative. Member countries unable to attend may nominate proxy votes by agreement to specific agenda items. Proxy votes are restricted to 2 absent member nations per attending nation. A quorum shall be a minimum of five National Secretaries or their appointed representatives (not including proxies).

The Annual Meeting can be held in the form of videoconferencing. The meeting will normally be scheduled to run for 2 days.

The Commodore and Secretary will issue the meeting agenda at least one month ahead of the meeting date. Issues for the agenda must be communicated to both the Commodore and Secretary at least 6 weeks before the meeting date.

The following reports shall be sent to the Commodore and the Secretary at least 5 weeks before the meeting:

- Seasonal reports from each country
- WC/EC report and lessons learnt
- Junior programme report
- Junior WC/EC report and lessons learnt
- Technical Committee report
- IDNIYRA-Europe Insurance Report
- EDNIA report
- IDNIYRA Europe NA Contact Report
- Internet communications reports
- The protocol of the National Secretaries' Meeting of the previous year
  The Secretary shall send those out with the Agenda in order to let the
  Board Members and the National Secretaries comment on the reports.
  The Financial report and budget proposal shall be ready and sent out by
  2 weeks after the financial year ends (31st March).

#### 7. European DN Iceboat Authority (EDNIA)

- a. The EDNIA is established to hear appeals against any Regatta Protest Committee decisions in Europe which are disputed. The five EDNIA members are elected, and reviewed every five years, by the European National Secretaries at the National Secretaries' Meeting. They must not be members of the PRC. Their names and contact details shall be posted on the IDNIYRA EUROPE website and in the Yearbook. They shall name a Chairman. Three out of the five should be chosen for the appeal hearing by the Chairman.
- b. The Appeals procedure must follow the same route as Appeals to the National Iceboat Authority (NIA Racing Rules Part V, D). All Appeals shall be made in writing and filed with the EDNIA within 30 days of the rendering of the decision appealed. It is particularly important to have written consent to the Appeal, signed by the Judges rendering the original decision.
- c. The appeal decision shall be made within 30 days of the date the Appeal was properly filed with the EDNIA and shall be sent to all parties to the infringement and appeal.
- d. The EDNIA shall also maintain regular contact with the Directors of the NIA.

#### **European DN Iceboat Authority Directors:**

All Elected for a 5 Year Term in 2021, Expiring 2026 Chairman Daan Schutte, H633 Netherlands Vaiko Vooremaa, C6 Estonia Dietmar Gottke, G4 Germany Max Koszela, S844, Sweden Mike Petterson L65, Finland term expiring 2025

#### 8. Insurance

All participants in regattas held in Europe are required to have 3rd Party Liability Insurance with a cover of minimum 500 000 EUR. Insurance Manager will require proof of insurance from all skippers at the time of registration. Insurance claims should include the following documents:

- a. The Protest Committee findings (in a Regatta)
- b. A realistic damage assessment and cost by a Technical Committee member (in a Regatta) or any other qualified person; e.g. boats builder, etc.
- c. In non-Regatta incidents a competent equivalent of the above.

#### 9. Anti Doping Policy

In the interests of FAIR SAILING IDNIYRA – EUROPE has an Anti Doping Policy in force and is a signatory to the World Anti Doping Agency (WADA) Code. (www. wada-ams.org) This web site contains full details of the "Prohibited List" together with the procedure required for those sailors who have a medical need to take drugs which are on the Prohibited List. – A Therapeutic Use Certificate (TUE). Misuse of alcohol will not be tolerated.

#### 10. IDNIYRA - EUROPE Regattas

a. The European Professional Race Committee (PRC) is responsible for the running of major regattas (EC and WC when in Europe). It must work in close cooperation with the Commodore, the Organising country and the Host nation. The full scope of the PRC responsibilities are listed on the European website.

b. An Organising country will be agreed at the National Secretaries meeting each year. When the major regatta takes place in the planned country that country is also the Host nation. If the regatta moves to another country that new country becomes the Host nation and the original planned country retains the role of Organising country. Responsibilities of Organising country and Host nation are as follows:

#### Organising Country responsibilities.

- Prizes
- Opening ceremony with National Anthems of Nations participating

- Invitation and Notice of Race (with the Commodore)
- Entry List and Insurance coordination (with the Commodore)
- Sponsors and give aways

#### Hosting Country responsibilities (a) Accommodation

- (b) Ice Check
- (c) Security
- (d) Snow removal and access
- (e) Toilets at the launching site and electricity for motor homes
- (f) Social event

When the Regatta takes place in the planned country (No move) all the above responsibilities are those of the Organising country

c. These regattas are conducted in accordance with the Regatta Management Agreement and the NIA rules as supplemented by the DN Class Racing Rules with the following additions:

i. Each IDNIYRA – EUROPE Nation may have 4 participants by right regardless of their International Ranking. Any additional participants will normally need to have a ranking place. This arrangement ensures representation from all Nations is possible.

ii. In the event of a move of the regatta to another country the DN members from that new country who have not already registered may do so with a "Late Entry" at normal fee (not double) if there are still places available before the regatta check in closes.

#### 11. Sailing Instructions

These will be produced by the PRC in coordination with the Commodore and the Host nation. Sample Race Instructions can be found on the IDNIYRA – EUROPE web site under "Download". This also contains many other helpful samples for Regatta organizers.

#### 12. Trophies

The Vice Commodore will maintain a record of the current Trophy holders and this will be placed on the IDNIYRA – EUROPE Website. Perpetual trophies are to be properly engraved with the winners' names and delivered to the proper race official two weeks prior to the regatta. They must be repaired or replaced if damaged or lost.

#### 13. Junior Programme

The European Junior Programme operates under the guidance of IDNIYRA – EUROPE from its Junior Programme Manager. The two Classes are the Junior DN and the Ice Optimist. The Age limits for these two Classes are set by the decision of the Secretaries' Meeting. All trainers and junior leaders are welcome to discuss younger sailors participating in both classes with the Race Committee. IDNIYRA

#### **IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026**

– EUROPE recognizes that the future of the DN class relies to some extent on this programme. The Junior DN is a standard DN Ice Yacht. The Ice Optimist is an ice sailing version of the Optimist dinghy using an adapted version of the Optimist sail rig. An important IODA condition for the use of this is that all sails in major regattas (WC and EC) must carry the Optimist Logo and the button (disc) in the tack corner of the sail. See www.idniyra.eu (Juniors) for Ice Optimist building plans.

last edit by: Attila István Pataki in May 2022 Changes were unanimously accepted by the General Meeting on April 23<sup>rd</sup>-14<sup>th</sup>, 2022.

#### IDNIYRA-EUROPE International DN Ice Yacht Racing Association-Europe

#### EISSEGELVERBAND EUROPA CONSTITUTION October 2020

This is a translation of the constitution in German language.

Due to IDNIYRA-EUROPE (International DN Ice Yacht Racing Association-Europe) Eissegelverband Europa is seated in Vienna (Austria) in case of friction the German version is overriding.

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Section I.

Name, location, definition, purpose, sphere of activity, funds

§ 1

- 1. IDNIYRA-EUROPE Eissegelverband Europa (hereinafter referred to as IDNI-YRA-EUROPE) is an international sporting association for European ice-sailing in international DN and ICE-Optimist classes.
- 2. The association is seated in Vienna.

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§ 2

- 1. The purpose of IDNIYRA-EUROPE is the representation of its members and the protection of the interests of European ice-sailing sport as well as its promotion on a charitable basis.
- 2. The sphere of activity of IDNIYRA-EUROPE is to provide advice and decision-making on all matters relating to European ice-sailing sport:
- a) Care and promotion of ice-sailing sport also in the form of competitive sport
- b) Dates and execution of international, open regattas and championship regattas
- c) Organization of courses and training regattas
- d) Establishment, monitoring and implementation of uniform rules
- e) Measurements
- f) Representation at authorities and sports organizations to promote European ice-sailing sport
- g) Public relations in the interest of European ice-sailing sport.

§ 3

The funds for achieving these association activities are provided by:

- a) Dues
- b) Revenue from entry fees at regattas (provided that these are organized on behalf of IDNIYRA-EUROPE)
- c) Subsidies and donations
- d) other contributions and income

Section II.

Membership, admission, exclusion, rights and obligations of members, termination of membership

§ 4

The members are natural persons or legal persons (the country-specific ice-sailing organizations). The board decides on their admission by a simple majority. The admission can be refused without giving reasons.

§ 5

- 1. Ordinary members are the country-specific ice-sailing organizations and are represented by their chairperson or by a person authorized by him/her. Every ordinary member has his seat and vote in the General Assembly.
- 2. Extraordinary members are natural persons; who must be a member of a respective country-specific ice-sailing organization. Extraordinary members have no seat and no vote in the General Assembly.

§ 6

Membership ends by resignation, exclusion or death of the member; for legal entities with their dissolution.

§ 7

The exclusion of a member can take place:

- a) if the membership fee is in arrears.
- b) by a simple majority vote of the board in case of repeated gross violation of the sport rules or due to dishonorable behavior.
- c) in case of a tie, the Commodore (President) decides.

Appeal to the General Assembly is permitted. The membership is suspended until the decision in an Ordinary or Extraordinary General Meeting.

§ 8

With the end of the membership all rights of the member in IDNIYRA-EUROPE expire. The responsibility to fulfill the obligations incurred by the member towards IDNIYRA-EUROPE remains in force until its fulfilment.

A resigned member cannot claim any of the assets of IDNIYRA-EUROPE.

§ 9

Each member has the right to submit proposals in writing to the Board. These proposals must be well thought-out and put on vote at the Ordinary or Extraordinary General Meeting.

§ 10

The members are obliged to pay the membership fee on time as decided by the General Assembly.

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Section III.
Association's bodies, regattas, reporting

#### § 11

IDNIYRA-EUROPE has the following bodies:

- a) The General Assembly
- b) The Board
- c) The Auditors
- d) The Arbitration Court

§ 12

The Board consists of the following members:

- a) Commodore (President)
- b) Vice-Commodore (Vice-President)
- c) Secretary
- d) Treasurer
- e) Insurance Manager
- f) Junior Program Manager
- g) Webmaster

The functions of the Treasurer, Insurance Manager, Junior Program Manager and Webmaster may be held by other members of the Board.

#### § 13

- 1. The Commodore (President) is responsible for the proper conduct of business of IDNIYRA-EUROPE and represents the Association to the outside world.
- 2. The Commodore (President) proposes the members of the Board to the General Meeting. The proposed board members must be members of IDNIYRA-EUROPE.
- 3. If a member of the Board leaves during the term of office, the Commodore (President) appoints a new member for the remaining term of office.
- 4. If the Commodore (President) resigns, an Extraordinary General Assembly shall be convened by the Vice-Commodore (Vice-President).
- 5. The Commodore (President) and the Vice-Commodore (Vice-President) represent each other.

Section IV. Board, General Assembly, disputes, dissolution

#### § 14

- 1. The Board may regulate its business order by drawing up a Rules of Procedure.
- The Board is authorized to conclude all types of contracts, including service contracts.
- 3. Legally binding documents shall be signed by the Commodore (President) and a second member of the Board.
- 4. Monetary transactions are made by the Treasurer, who is responsible for the financial administration according to the resolutions of the Board.
- 5. The Secretary is responsible for all IDNIYRA-EUROPE documents.
- 6. The decisions of the Board are enacted by a simple majority. In case of equality of votes, the vote of the Commodore (President) decides.

#### § 15

- 1. The General Assembly is responsible for:
- a) the election of the Commodore (President) for a two years term
- b) the election of the Board for a two years term
- c) the election of two auditors
- d) acceptance of the reports of the Board
- e) resolution on the discharge of the Board
- f) resolution on the discharge of the treasurer
- g) fixing the membership fees and approving the financial plan
- h) requests and inquiries
- i) dissolution of IDNIYRA-EUROPE
- 2. The Ordinary General Meeting shall be convened annually by the Commodore (President) and the Secretary, issuing the agenda, so that at least one month lies between the date of posting and the appointed event. The invitation can also be made by e-mail.

The date for the Annual General Meeting for the following year will be proposed during the preceding General Meeting.

- 3. An Extraordinary General Meeting shall be convened by the Commodore (President) at any time, if required by the Governing Board or 1/10 of all Ordinary Members, with the announcement of the agenda 14-days before the suggested meeting date.
- 4. The General Meeting is chaired by the Commodore (President), in his absence the Vice-Commodore (Vice President). If this is also prevented, the most senior member of the Board.

At the request of at least half of the voting members present, a chairman can be elected from the group of voting members present. A 2/3 majority is required. Proxies are also entitled to vote. Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid.

- 5. The General Meeting has a quorum if at least five full members are present. A General Meeting can also be held as a video conference.
- 6. Resolutions are passed by a simple majority. For exceptions, see §§ 18 to 20.

Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid.

In a tie vote, the Chairman decides.

Ballots may also be held in writing upon request.

- 7. Minutes of the meeting are to be kept about the General Meeting and transmitted to the members within 12 weeks or published on the homepage of IDNIYRA-EUROPE.
- 8. Inquiries to the Ordinary General Meeting must be submitted in writing to IDNIYRA-EUROPE no later than 6 weeks in advance.
- 9. The members of the Board are entitled to vote in the General Meeting with the exception of the discharge of the Board and the Treasurer.

#### § 16

The Auditors are elected for a term of two years and shall not be members of the Board and shall report the result of the audit to the General Meeting. They shall submit the proposal for discharge or non-discharge.

#### § 17

For arbitration of all disputes within the association an internal Arbitration Court is appointed. It is a "mediation facility" within the meaning of the Association Act VerG 2002 and not an arbitral tribunal according to §§ 577 ff ZPO.

The Arbitration Court is composed of three members of the association. It is formed such a way, that one dispute-party appoints in writing a member as a referee to the Board. At the request of the Board within seven days, the other dispute-party shall appoint a member of the Arbitration Court within 14 days. After agreement by the Board within seven days, the nominated arbitrators shall elect a third member to the chair of the Arbitration Court within a further 14 days. In case of a tie among the nominees a draw will decide.

Members of the Arbitration Court shall not be members of any of the association bodies, whose activity is the subject of the dispute - except the General Assembly.

The Arbitration Court makes its decision after granting mutual hearing in the presence of all its members by a simple majority vote. They decide to the best of their knowledge and belief and the decisions are association internal irrevocable.

§ 18

The change and/or amendment of these statutes can only be made by a General Assembly with 2/3 of the votes cast. Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid.

§ 19

The dissolution of IDNIYRA-EUROPE can only be decided by a General Assembly with 2/3 of the votes cast. Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid.

The remaining assets shall be transferred to:

a)a charitable purpose

or

b)a club or Association that operates or promotes ice-sailing sport in Europe.

The resolution on this is taken by the General Assembly in the course of the dissolution by a simple majority.

Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid. In a tie vote, the Chairman decides.

Section V. Rules of Procedure

#### § 20

Unless otherwise provided in this Constitution, the General Assembly may, at the request of the Board, lay down the implementing provisions of this Constitution and any other questions relating to ice sailing in By-Laws.

The Rules of Procedure are to be prepared by the Board and submitted to the General Meeting for approval.

The General Meeting approves these Rules of Procedure and their possible amendments by a 2/3 majority of the votes cast. Abstentions count as votes that have not been cast and are therefore invalid.

written by: Niklas Müller-Hartburg in May.2019 edited by: Niklas Müller-Hartburg in June.2020

Changes were unanimously accepted by the General Meeting on October 3rd, 2020.

### North American Ice Yacht Clubs

#### CONNECTICUT

Bantam Lake Yacht Club Bill Cady 203-573-1560

Belly Up Yacht Club (Lake Pocotopaung) Bob Kilpatrick 203-267-8173 (eve.)

Connecticut Ice Yacht Club (Bantam Lake) Bob Johnson 203-274-3652

Westchester Ice Sailing Club Warren Dartess 516-883-9004 (eves.)

Eastern Connecticut
Paul O'Niell 203-599-3607

#### **ILLINOIS**

Decatur Ice Sailing Club Peter Johns 217-429-3401

Lake Springfield Ice Yacht Club Tim Dixon 217-529-7417

Illiana Yacht Club John Whelan 219-989-0452

#### **INDIANA**

Indianapolis Sailing Club Mike Rian 317-549-1817 (days)

Wawasee Ice Boat Squadron Rick Lemberg 260-856-4563

#### MAINE

Chickawaukee Ice Boaters Club Bill Bucholz 207-975-6980

#### **MARYLAND**

Maryland Ice Yacht Club Jim Holechek 310-433-7187

#### MASSACHUSETTS

Steve Madden 508-954-9243

#### MICHIGAN

DN Ice Yacht Club of Detroit Chris Clark 248-988-0851

Grand Traverse Ice Yacht Club John L. Russell 231-947-2737

Gull Lake Ice Yacht Club Doug Bottomly 734-552-2258

Jackson Michigan Ice Boat Fleet Mel Nichols 517-522-8107

Saginaw Bay Sailors Bob Struble 989-686-9899

West Michigan Ice Yacht Club Stan Jones 231-893-3319

#### **MINNESOTA**

Minnesota Ice Sailing Association John Dennis 612-840-9855 http://iceboating.net

#### **MISSOURI**

St. Louis Ice Yacht Club Bill Cornell 314-639-8825

#### **MONTANA**

Canyon Ferry Dale Livezey 406-442-8922

Teton Ice Boaters Phil Vorhees 404-466-2477

### North American Ice Yacht Clubs

# NEW ENGLAND ICE YACHT ASSOCIATION AREA

Managers Maine-1 Bill Bucholz 207-975-6980

Maine-2 Dave Fortier 207-400-9709

Vermont Paul Gervais 802 343 7899

Connecticut John Stanton john@neiya.org

Rhode Island James"T" Theiler 401-258-6230

Massachusetts Steve Madden 508-954-9243

#### **NEW HAMPSHIRE**

Kate Marrone k8innh@yahoo.com Randy Rice sailfast1@myfairpoint.net

#### **NEW JERSEY**

Barnegat Bay Ice Yacht Club Raymond Albert

Lake Hapatcong Ice Yacht Club Peter Block 201-663-3051

Long Branch Ice Boat & Yacht Club 235 Renwick Place Long Branch, NJ 07740 732-222-9887

Musconetcong-Budd Lake Ice Yacht Club Jack Squire 201-347-2145

North Shrewsbury Ice Boat Club Ice Line 732-747-5665

Pleasure Bay Ice Yacht Club Ron Mehrlander 201-870-9323

#### **NEW YORK**

Irondequoit Bay Ice Boat Club John Floyd 716-621-4905

Lake Ronkonkoma Ice Boat & Yacht Club Ralph Hilbert 631-331-2875

Mecox Bay Ice Yacht Club David Lee Brown 516-324-0187

Sodus Bay Ice Yacht Club Bill Van Gee 315-483-6461

#### OHIO

Alum Creek Sailing Association Al Wharton 740-657-1161

Indian Lake Sailing Club Jim Young 513-232-6727

Sandusky Ice Yacht Club Don Huntley 419-624-8116

Toledo Ice Yacht Club George Reis 419-729-2983

#### **PENNSYLVANIA**

Harrisburg, SE Pennsylvania, & Northern Maryland John Cheris 717-432-1074 Don Meserole 717-252-3875 dcmeserole@aol.com

Penn Lakes Ice Yacht Association John Jombock 724-794-4425

#### VERMONT

Lake Champlain Ice Sailing Club Jack Milbank 802-985-2197

### North American Ice Yacht Clubs

#### **WISCONSIN**

Fond Du Lac Ice Yachters Dave Lallier 620-921-5087

Four Lakes Ice Yacht Club Deb Whitehorse 608-347-3513

Green Lake Ice Yacht Club Nick Vandervelde 920-290-5522

Lamah Wamah Ice Yacht Squadron Bill Hitt 920-743-1375 (h), 5092 (w)

Pewaukee Ice Yacht Club Paul Good 262-691-2446

Skeeter Ice Boat Club Jason Thompson jsthompsdds@hotmail.com

South Side Ice Yacht Club Oshkosh Ted Bowen 920-231-2705

Windjammer Ice Yacht Club Jay Yaeso 920-662-1172

Lake Pepin Ice Yacht Club Ed Newcomb 715-442-4400

#### CANADA

Calgary Ice Boating Club Ken Ross 403-243-5763

Canadian Ice Force Lester Druiven 905-730-2970 dldruiven@gmail.com

Montreal Ice Boat Club Claude Morin 514-745-5549

Manitoba Ice Yacht Club Norm Burkowski 204-268-1125

Nova Ice Yacht Club Warren Nethercote 902-478-2517

**Past Commodores** 

1954 Fred Kagel	1980 Jan Gougeon
1955 J. Robert Greene	1981 Meade Gougeon
1956 Remi Deblaere	1982 - 1984 Tyler Keys
1957 Ralph Templin	1985 - 1986 Meade Gougeon
1958 Harold Kowitz	1987 Pete Johns
1959 William Sporer	1988 Paul Goodwin
1960 William Sarns	1989 - 1991 Evert Vanderberg
1961 Jane Pegel	1992 - 1993 Bob Schumacher
1962 B. Swinderman	1994 - 1995 Bob Cummins
1963 D. Southworth	1996 - 1997 Bill Condon
1964 Charles Grant	1998 - 1999 Dan Bierman
1965 George Williams	2000 - 2001 Mark Kiefer
1966 Tom McRitche	2002 - 2004 Lou Loenneke
1967 Gene Treuter	2005 - 2006 Andre Baby
1968 Reuben Snodgrass	2007 - 2009 John Harper
1969 Ray Pio	2010 - 2011 Dan Connell
1970 John Young	2012 - 2013 Richard Potcova
1971 - 1972 Jim Redding	2014 - 2016 Kent Baker
1973 Arthur Teutsch	2017 - 2018 Eric Anderson
1974 Ted Sprague IV	2019 - 2021 Warren Nethercote
1975 - 1976 Ed Kraft	2022 -2023 Jody Kjoller
1977 Stan Nadler	2023-2025 David Frost
1978 - 1979 Doug Harvey	2026 Rob Holman

**Past Vice Commodores** 

1954 - 1955 James M. Spencer Jr.	1980 Tyler Keys
1956	1981 John Larson
1957 Ralph Templin	1982 Everett Vanderberg
1958 Harold Kowitz	1983
1959 Bill Sporer	1984
1960 William Sarns	1985
1961 William Bentsen	1986
1962 Doug Southworth	1987
1963 Chuck Grant	1988 - 1989 Doug MacFarland
1964 George Hills	1990 Bob Schumacher
1965 Tom McRitchie	1991 - 1993 Robert Cummins
1966 Gene Treuter	1994 - 1995 Bill Condon
1967 Rueben Snodgrass	1996 Dan Bierman
1968 Ray Pio	1997
1969 Jack Young	1998
1970 Jim Redding	1999
1971 - 1972 Art Teutsch	2000
1973 - 1973 Ted Sprague	2001
1975 Meade Gougeon	2002
1976 Stan Nadler	2003
1977 Horst Rademacher	2004 Andre Baby
1978 Jan C. Gougeon	2005 - 2006 John Harper
1979	2007 Greg Cornelius

### **Past Vice Commodores**

2008 - 2009 Danny Connell	2019 - David Elsmo
2010 - 2011 Rick Kaiser	2020 - 2021 Jody Kjoller
2012 - 2013 Kent Baker	2022-2023 David Frost
2014 - 2016 Eric Anderson	2024 - 2025 Robert Holman
2017 - 2018 Warren Nethercote	2026 Karen Binder

#### **Past Secretaries**

1953 - 1958 William Sarns	1988 - 1991 Bob Dill
1959 - 1960 Ralph Templin	1992 - Rich Cobb
1961 William Bentsen	1993 -1995 Lee Ann & Eric Armstrong
1961 - 1969 Jack F. Young	1996 - 2000 Ron & Jane Sherry
1970 - 1971 Tom McRitchie	2001 - 2004 Ted Bowen
1972 - 1974 Bill Connell	2005 - 2006 Greg Cornelius
1975 - 1978 Doug Harvey	2007 - 2013 Jim McDonagh
1979 - 1984 Pete Johns	2014 - 2017 Geoff Sobering
1985 - 1987 Evert Vanderberg	2018 - present Deb Whitehorse

Past Treasurers

1953 - 1958 William Sarns	1993 - 1997 Ken Van Wagnen
1959 - 1960 Ralph Templin	1998 - 1999 Aaron Stange
1961 - William Bentsen	2000 - 2002 Debbie Goodwin
1961 - 1969 Jack F. Young	2003 - 2004 Paul Goodwin
1970 - 1971 Tom McRitchie	2005 - Rob Holman
1972 - 1974 Bill Connell	2006 - John Davenport
1975 - 1978 Doug Harvey	2007 - 2009 Rob Holman
1979 - 1984 Pete Johns	2010 - 2013 Geoff Sobering
1985 - 1987 Evert Vanderberg	2014 - 2018 Wes Wilcox
1988 - 1989 Bob Dill	2019 - present Deb Whitehorse
1990 - 1992 Mike Smith	



2025 World Championship. Photo: Rachel Bartel

# **EUROPEAN PAST OFFICERS**

### Past Commodores

1965 - 1970 Kees Kortenoever	2006 - 2010 Niklas Müller-Hartburg
1971 - 1975 Gerhard Jettmar	2011 - 2016 Jörg Bohn
1976 - 1991 Wim van Acker	2017-2022 Attila Pataky
1992 - 1993 Peter Schellhorn	2023 -2024 Mihkel Kosk
1994 - 2000 Bart Reedijk	2025 - present John Winquist
2001 - 2004 Hans Adolfsson	
2005 - Rob Schutte	



2025 World Championship. Photo Anna Suslova

# **EUROPEAN PAST OFFICERS**

### **Past Vice Commodores**

1990 - 1991 Peter Schellhorn	2011 - 2016 Attila Pataky
1992 - 1993 Bart Reedijk	2017 - 2018 Maciej Brosz
1994 - 1997 Andreas Müller-Hartburg	2019 - 2020 Timoleon Caravitis
1998 - 2000 Hans Adolfsson	2020 - 2022 Mihkel Kosk
2001 - 2004 Rob Schutte	2023 - 2024 John Winquist
2005 - 2009 Christian Seegers	2025 - present Maciej Brosz
2010 - Jörg Bohn	

#### **Past Secretaries**

1992 - 2019 Chris Williams	2020 - present Attila Pataki Jr.

#### **Past Treasurers**

1976 - 1991 Wim van Acker	2006 - 2016 Christian Seegers
1992 - 1993 Peter Schellhorn	2017 - 2023 Jerzy Henke
1994 - 2001 Bart Reedijk	2024 - present Artis Berzins
2002 - 2005 Rob Schutte	

# **EUROPEAN PAST OFFICERS**

### Past Webmaster

2005 - 2020 Dietmar Gottke	2020 - 2025 Attila Pataki Jr.
2020 - 2025 Attila Pataki Jr.	2026 Claudia Mishima

### Past Insurance Manager

2010 - 2020 Niklas Müller-Hartburg	2020 - present, EU Commodore
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### Past Junior Programme Manager

2001 - 2014 Stan Macur	2019 -2024 Stan Macur
2015 - 2018 Jerzy Sukow	2025 - present Darius Gerasimavicius



### IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

The Gold Cup World DN Championship, sailed alternate years in North America and Europe, has become the most prestigious regatta in iceboat racing. This race was formulated at a meeting held in Sweden at the time of the 1972 Europameisterschaft. The IDNIYRA was represented at these first planning meetings by Vice Commodore Art Teutsch and Secretary/Treasurer Bill Connell. The details were worked out later by Art Teutsch, representing North America, and Willi Schmidl, representing Europe.

**1973:** The first Gold Cup DN World Championship was organized by Commodore Art Teutsch with the help of Bill Connell, the DNIYC of Detroit, and the Cass Lake Yacht Club. John Bush was race chairman. Everyone had hoped the first Gold Cup would be sailed on Lake Saint Clair, the birthplace of the DN. However, as luck would have it, the regatta had to be moved to Gull Lake for better ice conditions.

**1974:** The second Gold Cup was scheduled for Lake Steinhude, West Germany in January. Again the primary site had no ice. The race was moved to Warsaw, Poland and sailed in very good conditions.

**1975:** This Gold Cup, scheduled for Geneva Lake, Wisconsin on February 7, 8 and 9 was cancelled because of a snowfall on February 5. The race was sailed the following week on the shifting and treacherous ice of Saginaw Bay.

**1976:** The Gold Cup World DN Championship was planned for Neusiedler See, Austria, January 12 - 16. However, it was a warm January in Europe and the only ice was in Sweden. The regatta was sailed January 19 at Stora Värtan, Stockholm, Sweden.

**1977:** The North American winter was one of the coldest on record. Because of heavy snow cover on all northern ice, the race was moved from New Jersey to Saint Michaels, Maryland on Chesapeake Bay. Near perfect ice with very light wind and a fleet of 55 DNs made up all the elements for a really great race.

**1978:** The regatta was sailed at Krynica Morska, Poland. The regatta was very well organized with hot soup being served on the ice at noon. The wind stayed away until the last day when 3 Gold Cup races were sailed in the morning followed by 3 European Championship races in the afternoon. This was done with three race courses, one for each fleet!

**1979:** The regatta, after a snowed-out start in Sandusky, Ohio, was completed on great ice at Lake Champlain, Vermont. Approximately seventy boats made the second long trip to Vermont.

- 1980: The regatta was held on Lake Mälaren in Vastersas, Sweden.
- **1981:** The Gold Cup was held at Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada on the time scheduled and every one had a great ten days of ice boating.
- **1982:** The Gold Cup's primary site was Steinhude, Germany but at the last moment switched to Wittensee, Germany. Perfect ice conditions aided the German committee in getting off a fine regatta.
- **1983:** The Gold Cup was scheduled for Jan.31 Feb.5 at Sodus Bay, New York but moved to Trenton, Ontario. After considerable rain the regatta was completed. Many dampened spirits were brightened by the "auction" at the regatta conclusion.
- **1984:** The Gold Cup was sailed at Krynica Morska, Poland. The race was extremely well organized. Hot soup was served on the ice at noon. The ice was good quality salt ice. The winds were moderate.
- 1985: The Gold Cup was scheduled for Green Lake, Wisconsin. Snow dictated a move to Traverse City, Michigan. Light wind, cold weather and ultimately more snow sent the regatta to Barnegat Bay, New Jersey. The first two days at Barnegat saw 40 mph winds. FINALLY on Sunday the regatta was sailed in near perfect conditions. The course was huge; the wind was 12-18mph; the ice was hard flat salt ice with a pebbly surface. Five races in each fleet were sailed without problems. A perfect ending to a difficult regatta.
- **1986:** The Gold Cup was scheduled for Neusiedler See, Austria. Warm weather led to a move to Germany. Warm weather again caught up with the regatta. This time the race had to be abandoned.
- **1987:** The regatta was scheduled for and sailed on Lake St Clair, Michigan. Two races were sailed in diminishing winds on Jan 27. The following day the remaining three races were sailed in 15-20 mph winds. Ice conditions were good, lumpy areas with black ice around them. 1987 marked the 50th year since the DN was originally designed.
- **1988:** The Gold Cup was sailed in Leningrad, USSR on March 28. Conditions were wet with soft ice and moderate wind. Six races were sailed in the Gold Fleet over two days. It was a perfectly organized and exciting regatta. The outcome was not determined until the last 100 yards of the last race.

**1989:** The Gold Cup was sailed on Lake Champlain at Sandbar State Park, near Burlington, Vermont on January 23 and 24. 148 racers sailed in three fleets. Ice conditions were bumpy hard ice with about 30% coverage of thin snow drifts. The wind was moderate to light. The race was sailed in single digit conditions with high winds. Five races were sailed.

**1990:** The regatta was sailed as the European Gold Cup World Championship as a result of a dispute over what specifications would be followed at the regatta. It had been planned for Poland but was moved for lack of ice. It was sailed in difficult conditions (very rough ice and very high wind) in Arsunda, Sweden on March 6th to the 8th.

**1991:** The regatta was sailed on Saginaw Bay at Bay City Michigan. It was sailed over two days in medium wind on rapidly thawing ice.

**1992:** The regatta was again held near Arsunda, as a result of a warm winter in Germany.

1993: The Gold Cup was sailed at Lake Geneva, Wisconsin on Geneva Lake at Buttons Bay. The surface of the ice was slightly bumpy, but firm snow ice. The first day was characterized by very puffy wind conditions with large shifts, and by the end of the day everyone's mast was either broken, or well tested. (Twenty-three change of equipment forms on the first day were to change broken masts.) The second day the wind got very light the Gold Fleet coasted quietly around the course before the wind stopped for the day. The third scheduled race day the wind was howling again, and only a few people with small sails braved to try to sail. At 1500 hours the race committee cancelled racing and Jeff Kent was our new World Champion!

1994: Originally scheduled for Gizycko, Poland this regatta was moved 120 kilometers south at Nieporet near Warsaw because of too much snow on the original race site. The new race site offered good ice, but very little wind for almost a full week while the frustrated sailors waited on the starting line. Each day there was some racing in each fleet in light and shifty winds. After completing five races, Andreas Bock had won the Gold Cup and the North German Fleet had a strong showing in all fleets.

1995: The Gold Cup was sailed on Lac St. Louis in Montreal, Canada, due to poor ice conditions at the original location of Lake Canandaigua in New York. The ice was almost fifty percent snow covered which made the port side of the race course heavily favored. Early racing was dominated by the Swedish team, but Karol Jabłoński persisted and won his second World Championship.

1996: Monday, January 22nd, 173 entries started the World's in light ESE winds. Tuesday, moderate to strong wind and an overcast sky spelled a weather change. In the afternoon on the next day, it started to snow. By evening, it became clear that Neusiedler See, Austria, was unfit for iceboating. This enabled prize awarding at a planned dinner party as 4 races in both Gold and Silver, and 3 races in the Bronze fleet had been sailed.

1997: The 1997 Gold Cup regatta was held on Lake St. Clair in Michigan January 14 through 17. The event was originally scheduled to be sailed on Green Lake in Wisconsin. Snow accumulation throughout the country made it difficult to select a new site. Due to extremely cold temperatures in the area, a new piece of ice formed on Anchor Bay in Michigan and it became the only sailable site in North America. There was an unfortunate start to racing when the all-terrain vehicle and trailer carrying the race committee went through the ice. Quick response from the people in the area resulted in a safe rescue with no injuries. Five races were held for Gold fleet with four races each held for Silver and Bronze, With 147 sailors participating, Karol Jabłoński won his fourth Gold Cup!

**1998:** The Gold Cup was held on Lake Pyhäjärvi in Lomasakyla, Finland. The first day of racing was on soft ice with 20 knots of wind. The miniqualifiers and first race were held that day. The remainder of racing was on very cold, hard ice with 22 knots of wind. The course was 3 km long with the emphasis on top-end speed. The regatta was well organized with race headquarters located on the ice where the boats were.

**1999:** The regatta was held on Lac St. Louis, Québec, Canada after the primary site on Lake Champlain was snowed out. The ice was thick and clear of snow, and a large course allowed for good competitive racing.

**2000:** The Gold Cup was sailed on Lake Hjälmaren, 110 km south-west of Stockholm, Sweden. More than 190 sailors showed up to race on the long courses. The first day the ice was wet and fast with 18 mph wind speed, and 7 races were sailed. The second day had too much wind to sail. On the third day the ice was dry and hard, but there was a delay waiting for the wind to build and only two races were sailed.

**2001:** The regatta was scheduled for Lake St. Clair in Michigan but unseasonably warm and wet weather combined to shrink and perforate a large sheet of clear ice and the event was moved north to Bay City on Saginaw Bay. The area was enormous, but the surface was pebbly snow and ice melt and the warm and calm weather resulted in a truncated series. Fog, light air and the sticky surface put a premium on boat speed management which gave the European contingent chance to show their familiarity with adverse conditions.

**2002:** The regatta was sailed at Haapsalu, Estonia, as a combined regatta for the World Championship and the European Championship.

**2003:** The regatta was sailed at Valcour, just south of Plattsburgh, New York on Lake Champlain. The usual shifty winds made things very difficult for the race committee but tenacity won out and the regatta saw a full complement of races in a gorgeous setting.

**2004:** The regatta was sailed in Hungary on Lake Balaton. The race committee found ice near Gyenesdias.

**2005:** The regatta was sailed at Lake Mendota, Madison, Wisconsin, after attempting and moving from Lake Winnebago, Oshkosh, Wisconsin. Weather made things very difficult for the race committee, but tenacity won out and the regatta completed just before snow made the new site unsailable.

**2006:** Race #1 for all fleets was completed on Lake Muertz near Berlin, Germany. The fleet sailed their way home in a blizzard Sunday night and woke up to heavy snow cover on the ice. The regatta was completed in Sweden on Thursday at Lake Vaettern on 3-4 inch thick ice. Conditions were slow with some snow coverage and Michal Bruczynski became the first "second generation" champion. His father Piotr was declaired "best coach". The Polish sailors in general showed there skills in these conditions.

**2007:** The regatta was held on the near perfect ice of Green Bay at Menominee, Michigan. Matt Struble prevailed over Tomas Lindgren in the last race to win the see-saw battle between the two. Conditions were fast and temperatures were mid twenties. Everyone sailed home into the sunset after a perfect event.

**2008:** As a result of warm weather in Poland the regatta was held on Lake Lipno in the Czech Republic. Upon arrival sailors found a smooth sheet of ice on a mountain lake. The regatta was characterized by greatly varying wind conditions and competitive racing.

**2009:** The ice on Torch Lake in Michigan went from 4" of crusty snow, to 2" of standing water, to perfect conditions for the Gold Cup. The first day was sunny with moderate wind on fast ice and the second day was overcast. Matt Struble won the 2009 World Championship.

**2010:** Snow-fall after opening ceremonies at the original site of Lake Balaton in Hungary resulted in the regatta moving to Neusiedler See, a lake on the Austrian/Hungarian border. The starts were in Hungary and the weather mark north in Austria. Seven races were completed and Michał Burczyński won his second Gold Cup.

**2011:** Competitors gathered at the original site in Menominee, Michigan but snow fall on registration day forced a relocation eight hours south to Senachwine Lake near Putnam, Illinois. The first day's light air only allowed for qualifiers but better winds the on the next day enabled five Gold, four Silver, and four Bronze fleet races to be completed. Going into the fifth and final Gold race Ron Sherry was one point behind Michał Burczyński. Ron Sherry won his fifth Gold Cup with five second place finishes. Michael Rehe won the Silver fleet, and Tim Dixon won the Bronze fleet.

**2012:** The start of the Gold Cup was postponed for a few days until the best site was found on Lake Hjälmaren near Orebro, Sweden. The first races were sailed on February 1 on sticky snow over hard ice in light air. The cold temperatures and humidity made for uncomfortable conditions. The regatta was called complete on February 2 after three races were sailed in the Gold fleet that same day. Tomasz Zakrzewski P55 of Poland won his first Gold Cup, Poul Jorgensen D156 of Denmark placed first in B fleet, Wolfgang Boettger G597 of Germany placed first in C fleet, and Evgeny Chernov R98 of Russia placed first in D fleet.

2013: Lack of conditions in the host Central region caused the Worlds to be relocated to Lake Pepin, the largest lake on the Mississippi, in Lake City, Minnesota. The first two races were sailed on Sunday, January 27, in tough conditions including snow, sleet, and rain. After a one day postponement due to no wind, the regatta concluded after four races on Tuesday, January 29 with Tomasz Zakrzewski P55 of Poland repeating as Gold Cup champion, his second title.

2014: Warm conditions in the host country, Poland, forced the regatta to be moved to the Baltic Sea in Haapsalu, Estonia. Conditions in Estonia were on the warm side with below freezing temperatures at night and above freezing during the day. The Bronze fleet qualifier race was sailed in very low visibility and eventually was thrown out and resailed the next day but that didn't stop competiters from sailing an entertaining match race series on a small bay in front of the hotel. The Gold Cup was sailed in warm, light air conditions and was dominated by Karol Jabłoński P36 who won his 8th world championship.

2015: The historic Kingston Yacht Club on Lake Ontario in Canda hosted the Gold Cup. There were miles and miles of black, hard, ice. The first day, the Silver qualifier was completed but the Gold was black flagged because the wind shifted and then died. On day two, racers experienced very cold temperatures in windy conditions and two races were sailed in both Gold and Silver fleets. Brutally cold temperatures forced a postponment on the third day but temperatures warmed the next day and the regatta was completed. Poland's Karol Jabłoński P36 repeated as Gold Cup champion for the 9th time and relative newcomer Chris Burger US5166 won the Silver fleet title.

**2016:** The last season under Commodore Jörg Bohn was a tricky one; continuous Atlantic depressions over Europe left the southern mainland iceless and the Scandinavian countries covered in snow. Just in time, the right ice conditions were found on Lake Glan, south of Stockholm, Sweden. Even more weather systems came through all week which made for changing conditions and a warm week, while the ice held surprisingly well. Nobody came close to preventing a tenth world title for Karol Jabłoński.

**2017:** Lake Kegonsa in Madison, WI was the only sailable ice in North America. 50F temperatures, light air, and soft ice made for tough conditions on the first day of sailing. All 3 fleets were able to sail 3 races until conditions deteriorated. A wet and heavy snow fell overnight which ended the sailing on Kegonsa. Scouts searched desperately for another site but didn't find anything suitable in time to relocate the World championship. The Gold Cup was called complete and Karol Jabłoński continued his ice sailing dominance. He won the 3 Gold fleet races on the first day and carried the Gold Cup back to Poland for the 11th time.

**2018:** Estonia, the organizing country, had hoped to host the regatta to celebrate 100 years of ice sailing in Estonia but a suitable site could not be found. Ice was found in Poland at Gizyczko with a spare site at Jezioro Wielimie near Szczecinek. The night before the opening ceremonies, snow fell and ended any hopes of racing at Gizyczko. The opening ceremony was held in the Port of Gizyczko and on the following day the regatta moved to the spare site on Lake Wielimie. There were 21 races held for the WC in very cold conditions on hard, black ice. Karol Jabłoński showed once again why he has so many Gold Cup championships and won it for the 12th time.

**2019:** Organizers had to look in the southern-most ice-range of the United States for regatta ice. All sites above Indiana and central Ohio were covered in snow. The Gold Cup was sailed on Indian Lake in Indian Lake, OH. After 17 total races in two days, Poland's Michal Burczynski P114 took home the Gold Cup for the third time in his career. The 9 member Polish team were forced to scramble to find boats to use because their equipment was stranded in France. Daniel Hearn US5352 loaned his best equipment to Michal so that he could compete. There 5 women competitors. Germany's Anja Fiedler G390 finished 9th in the Gold fleet.

**2020:** Orsasjön, Sweden was the only area on the continent with sufficient ice conditions to host a regatta for 150 competitors. The event was postponed 1 day because of accomodation problems. Moderate winds on the first 2 days allowed for 7 races. Then the wind shut down for 2 days and the World Championship was called complete on the 4th day.

**2021:** The Gold Cup was scheduled for North America but cancelled due to the COVID-19 pandemic which caused a ban on international travel. The IDNIYRA held a non-ranking regatta in Michigan on Black Lake.

**2022:** The first race was sailed in Hjälmaren, Sweden, but snow forced the regatta to relocate to Storsjo, Norway where four more races were held. Robert Graczyk P31 won his first World Championship. It was the first time a World Championship was sailed in Norway.

#### 2023:

The 50th-anniversary celebration of the DN World Championship saw one hundred and five competitors travel to Lake Kegonsa in Madison, Wisconsin. The first day of the competition was quite challenging as the competitors had to face shifty light air; however, the breeze filled in on the remaining days, allowing six races to take place. Matt Struble US183 narrowly beat Karol Jablonski P31 by one point to win the World Championship. Two long-time class members who raced on the first World Championship, Pete Johns US2360 and Hal Bowman US1277, participated in the 2023 50th Anniversary regatta.

**2024:** Sailed at Parnu, Estonia in excellent conditions and won by Michal Burczynski P114. The Junior World and European DN and Ice Optimist Championships were held in conjunction with the regatta. The DN juniors raced with the adults while the Ice Optimists raced on their own course.

**2025:** The 2025 DN World Championship took place on Lake Winnebago, a 137,700-acre lake located between Oshkosh and Fond du Lac, Wisconsin. When sailable ice didn't materialize in the host Central Region, the regatta was called on for Lake Winnebago which offered a thick, drivable sheet and a wide, accessible launch. The Race Committee delivered a fast-paced and well-run event. The 2025 championship featured a competitive lineup with seven former DN World Champions on the starting line. A full race series was completed across all three fleets in a mix of conditions, from light and hazy to cold and brisk with steady north winds. The Gold Fleet saw fierce competition between Matt Struble US183 and Lukasz Zakrzewski P155, with Struble ultimately claiming his fifth World Championship title. The Silver Fleet was dominated by Daniel Hearn US5352, and Dideric van Riemsdijk S867 swept the Bronze Fleet.



Your Thermal Spray and Metalizing Specialists



### GOLD CUP FIRST PLACE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

Donated by Jim Redding, USA

1973 Ain Vilde Estonia, USSR Gull Lake, Mi 1974 Tim Woodhouse Michigan, USA Zergrze, Pola 1975 Jan Gougeon Michigan, USA Saginaw Bay, 1976 Romuald Knasiecki Poland Stora Värtan, 1977 Henry Bossett New Jersey, USA St. Michaels, 1978 Bogdan Kramer Poland Krynica Mors Poland Lake Champl Vermont 1980 Matti Kuulmann Estonia, USSR Lake Mälarer	and , Michigan , Sweden Maryland ska,
1975 Jan Gougeon Michigan, USA Saginaw Bay, 1976 Romuald Knasiecki Poland Stora Värtan, 1977 Henry Bossett New Jersey, USA St. Michaels, 1978 Bogdan Kramer Poland Krynica Mors Poland 1979 Piotr Burczyński Poland Lake Champl Vermont	, Michigan , Sweden Maryland ska,
1976 Romuald Knasiecki Poland Stora Värtan.  1977 Henry Bossett New Jersey, USA St. Michaels,  1978 Bogdan Kramer Poland Krynica Mors.  1979 Piotr Burczyński Poland Lake Champl.  Vermont	, Sweden Maryland ska,
1977Henry BossettNew Jersey, USASt. Michaels,1978Bogdan KramerPolandKrynica Mors Poland1979Piotr BurczyńskiPolandLake Champl Vermont	Maryland ska,
1978 Bogdan Kramer Poland Krynica Mors Poland Lake Champl Vermont	ska,
1979 Piotr Burczyński Poland Lake Champl Vermont	
Vermont	lain,
1000 Matti Kuulmann Estonia LISSP Laka Mälarar	
Sweden	n Västerås,
1981 Henry Bossett New Jersey, USA Hamilton Bay	y, Ontario
1982 Jan Gougeon Michigan, USA Wittensee, G	Germany
1983 Henry Bossett New Jersey, USA Trenton, Ont	tario
1984 Tiit Haagma Estonia, USSR Krynica Mors	ska,Poland
1985 Jan Gougeon Michigan, USA Barnegat Bay New Jersey	у,
1986 No Regatta	
1987 Mike O'Brien New Jersey, USA Lake St Clair,	, Michigan
1988 Mike O'Brien New Jersey, USA Leningrad, USA	SSR
1989 Mike O'Brien New Jersey, USA Lake Chample Vermont	lain,
1990 Wladyslaw Poland Arsunda, Swe Stefanowicz	eden
1991 Jan Gougeon Michigan, USA Saginaw Bay,	, Michigan
1992 Karol Jabłoński Germany Arsunda, Swe	eden
1993 Jeff Kent Massachusetts, USA Geneva Lake	e, WI
1994 Andreas Bock Germany Nieporet, Po	land

### GOLD CUP FIRST PLACE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

Donated by Jim Redding, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1995	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Podersdorf, Austria
1997	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Kingston, Ontario, Canada
2016	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
		Ι	DNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

### GOLD CUP FIRST PLACE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

Donated by Jim Redding, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2025 World Championship. Photo Rachel Bartel

### GOLD CUP SECOND PLACE— COMMODORE JIM REDDING MEMORIAL TROPHY

Donated by Art Teutsch and Bill Connell

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	Randy Johnson	Michigan, USA	Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Zergrze, Poland
1975	J. R. Watson	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Zbignew Stanislawski	Poland	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Vello Kuusk	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska,Poland
1979	Harald Stuertz	West Germany	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Kunno Kalk	Estonia, USSR	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario
1982	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Wittensee, Germany
1983	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Trenton, Ontario
1984	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Barnegat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Tiit Haagma	Estonia, USSR	Lake Champlain, Ver- mont
1990	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Arsunda, Sweden
1991	Ron Sherry	Michigan USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1992	Peter Hill	Vermont, USA	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Nieporet, Poland

# GOLD CUP SECOND PLACE— COMMODORE JIM REDDING MEMORIAL TROPHY

Donated by Art Teutsch and Bill Connell

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1995	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Podersdorf, Austria
1997	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Daan Schutte	Holland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Karol Joblonski	Poland Lake	Balaton, Hungary
2005	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Adam Baranowski	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Karl-Hannes Tagu	Estonia	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Kingston, Ontario, Canada

#### GOLD CUP SECOND PLACE— COMMODORE JIM REDDING MEMORIAL TROPHY

Donated by Art Teutsch and Bill Connell

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2016	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Jarek Radzki	Poland	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Peter Hamrak	Hungary	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2024 Western Challenge

### **GOLD CUP THIRD PLACE**

Donated by Wim Van Acker, Holland

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	Vello Kuusik	Estonia, USSR	Zegrze, Poland
1975	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Vello Kuusk	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska,Poland
1979	Stanislaw Macur	Poland	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Kunno Kalk	Estonia, USSR	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Hamilton Bay, Ontario
1982	Vaiko Vooramaa	Estonia, USSR	Wittensee, Germany
1983	Stanislaw Macur	Poland	Trenton, Ontario
1984	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska,Poland
1985	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Barnagat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	Stan Macur	Poland	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Andreas Bock	West Germany	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Jan Gougeon	Michigan,USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1990*	Rene Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Arsunda Sweden
1991	Henry Bossett	New Jersey	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1992	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Nieporet, Poland
1995	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Stefan Jarudd	Sweden	Podersdorf, Austria
1997	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Lake St. Clair, Michigan

### **GOLD CUP THIRD PLACE**

Donated by Wim Van Acker, Holland

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1998	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Åke Luks	Sweden	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Tomas Gross	Sweden	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Andreas Bock	Germany	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Bernd Zieger	Germany	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Hans Ebler- Hansen	Denmark	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Tomas Zakrzewski	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Kingston, Ontario, Canada
2016	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden

### **GOLD CUP THIRD PLACE**

Donated by Wim Van Acker, Holland

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Tomas Zakrzewski	Poland	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Anton Didenko	Russia	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Oskar Svensson	Sweden	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Joonas Kiisler	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2025 World Championship. Photo: Rachel Bartel

#### **GOLD CUP FOURTH PLACE**

Donated by Evert Vanderberg US4 of Michigan in Memory of Wim Van Acker H31 and Jan Eindhoven H55

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	Russ Johnson	Michigan, USA	Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	Ain Vilde	Estonia, USSR	Zegrze, Poland
1975	Ain Vilde	Estonia, USSR	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	Rolf Andersson	Sweden	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Wim Van Acker	Holland	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Jiri Saraskin	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1979	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Mälaren Lake, Vastersas Sweden
1981	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	Goran Tell	Sweden	Wittensee, Germany
1983	Leon LeBeau	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1984	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	John Larson	New Jersey, USA	Barnagat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Wieslaw Marcinczyk	Poland	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Tie: Wladyslaw Stefanowicz, Ron Sherry	Poland Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain Vermont
1990*	Tarmo Tuisk	Estonia, USSR	Arsunda, Sweden
1991	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1992	Gunars Rozenbergs	Latvia	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
		-	

#### **GOLD CUP FOURTH PLACE**

Donated by Evert Vanderberg US4 of Michigan in Memory of Wim Van Acker H31 and Jan Eindhoven H55

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1994	Jeff Kent	Massachusetts, USA	Nieporet, Poland
1995	Stefan Jarudd	Sweden	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Andreas Bock	Germany	Podersdorf, Austria
1997	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lac St. Louis, Québec, Canada
2000	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Joerg Bohn	Germany	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Jacob Schneider	Poland	Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Michal Burcynski	Poland	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Bernd Zieger	Germany	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Vaiko Voorema	Estonia	Lake Hjälmaren,Orebro, Sweden
2013	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Vaiko Voorenaa	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Kingston, Ontario, Canada

#### **GOLD CUP FOURTH PLACE**

Donated by Evert Vanderberg US4 of Michigan in Memory of Wim Van Acker H31 and Jan Eindhoven H55

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2016	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Holger Petzke	Germany	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Madars Alvikis	Latvia	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Hardi Laurits	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Michal Burczyński	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2025 World Championship. Photo: Rachel Bartel

### **GOLD CUP FIFTH PLACE**

Donated by Stan Whorwood, Canada

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	Helmut Leppik	Estonia, USSR	Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	Hans Molter	West Germany	Zegrze, Poland
1975	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Helmut Leppik	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska,Poland
1979	Henry P. Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Lake Mälaren, Vastersas,Sweden
1981	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Hamilton Bay, Ontario
1982	Harald Stuertz	West Germany	Wittensee, Germany
1983	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario
1984	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Barnagat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	Wladyslaw Stefanowicz	Poland	Lake St Clair, Michgian
1988	Stanislaw Macur	Poland	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Tie for fourth place	(See fourth place)	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1990*	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Arsunda Sweden
1991	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1992	Rene Kuulmann	Estonia	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Ake Luks	Sweden	Nieporet, Poland
1995	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Aare Kööp	Estonia	Podersdorf, Austria
1997	Ken VanWagnen	Ohio, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan

### **GOLD CUP FIFTH PLACE**

Donated by Stan Whorwood, Canada

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1998	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Mati Hool	Estonia	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Fredrik Lönegren	Sweden	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
2002	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Jakob Schneider	Poland	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Andreas Bock	Germany	Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Torch Lake, Michgian
2010	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Dariusz Kardas	Poland	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Martin Schneider	Germany	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Kingston, Ontario, Canada
2016	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden

### **GOLD CUP FIFTH PLACE**

Donated by Stan Whorwood, Canada

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Robert Gracyk	Poland	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Wojciech Baranowski	Poland	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Artis Berzins	Latvia	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Adam Szczesny	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2025 World Championship. Photo: Rachel Bartel

#### **GOLD CUP SENIOR TROPHY**

Donated by Skeeter Ice Boat Club, Williams Bay, Wisconsin, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	Wim Van Acker	Holland	Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	Wim Van Acker	Holland	Zegrze, Poland
1975	Doug Harvey	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	Wim Van Acker	Holland	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Wim Van Acker	Holland	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Wim Van Acker	Holland	Krynica Morska,Poland
1979	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Wim Van Acker	Holland	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario
1982	Jan Eindhoven	Holland	Wittensee, Germany
1983	John Larson	New Jersey, USA	Trenton, Ontario
1984	Missing Results		Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	John Larson	New Jersey, USA	Bamegat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	John Larson	New Jersey, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Visvaldis Briedis	Latvia, USSR	Leningrad, USSR

#### **GOLD CUP SENIOR TROPHY**

Donated by Skeeter Ice Boat Club, Williams Bay, Wisconsin, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1989	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1990	Missing Results		Arsunda Sweden
1991	Meade Gougeon	Michigan USA	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
1992	Missing Results		Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Missing Results		Nieporet, Poland
1995	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Bart Reedijk	Holland	Neusiedler See, Austria
1997	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1998	Missing Results		Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Lac St. Louis, Québec, Canada
2000	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
2002	Andre Baby	Canada	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Andre Baby	Canada	Lake Balaton, Hungary

### **GOLD CUP SENIOR TROPHY**

Donated by Skeeter Ice Boat Club, Williams Bay, Wisconsin, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2005	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Missing Results		Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Missing Results		Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Missing Results		Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Adam Baranowski	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Hans Ebler	Denmark	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Kingston, Ontario, Canada
2016	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Jean-Claude Vuithier	Switzerland	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022			Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Jarek Radzki	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI
			DNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

#### **GOLD CUP WOMEN'S TROPHY**

Donated by the Hungarian Yachting Association

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Karen Binder	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI

#### GOLD CUP WOMEN'S TROPHY SECOND PLACE

Donated by the Hungarian Yachting Association

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	Julie Richards	Michigan, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Valentina Kozlova	Russia	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Julie Richards	Michigan, USA	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Valentina Kozlova	Russia	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Julie Richards	Michigan, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Laura Banach	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Karen Binder	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI

#### GOLD CUP WOMEN'S TROPHY THIRD PLACE

Donated by the Hungarian Yachting Association

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	Jori Lenon	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Renee Fields	Nevada, USA	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Ruta Pampe	Latvia	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Valentina Kozlova	Russia	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Erin Bury	Minnesota, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Lisbeth Taggu	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Maggie McGary	Minnesota, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2024 Womens World Champions Anja Fiedler G390 first, Photo: Anna Suslova

### **GOLD CUP JUNIOR TROPHY**

**IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026** 

Donated by Robert Pegel, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	Bob Redner		Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	Missing Results		Zegrze, Poland
1975	Chuck Lamphere		Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	No information		Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Danny Connell	New Jersey, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska,Poland
1979	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Harry Melges III	Wisconsin, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario
1982	Missing Results		Wittensee, Germany
1983	Scott Button	Wisconsin, USA	Trenton, Ontario
1984	Missing Results		Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Bruce Hay		Bamegat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Rene Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1990	Missing Results		Arsunda, Sweden
1991	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
1992	Missing Results		Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Aaron Stange	Ohio, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Aaron Stange	Ohio, USA	Nieporet, Poland
1995	Missing Results		Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Kirill Kapustin	Russia	Neusiedler See, Austria
1997	Kirill Kapustin	Russia	Lake St Clair, Michigan

### **GOLD CUP JUNIOR TROPHY**

Donated by Robert Pegel, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1998	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lac St. Louis, Québec, Canada
2000	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Michael Rehe	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
2002	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Missing Results		Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Missing Results		Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Not Awarded		Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Missing Results		Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Chester Upham		Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Missing Results		Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Max Minarek	Germany	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Piotr Gunther	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Sam Myers	Michigan, USA	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Martin Aljaste	Estonia	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Kevin Grass	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Kingston, Ontario, Canada
2016	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden

### **GOLD CUP JUNIOR TROPHY**

Donated by Robert Pegel, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2016	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Kevin Grass	Estonia	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Rasmus Maalin	Estonia	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Anton Didenko	Russia	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	Oskar Svensson	Sweden	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	Oskar Svennson	Sweden	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Gustav Linden	Swedem	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Oskar Svennson	Sweden	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2025 World Championship Youth Fleet Photo: Anna Suslova

### SILVER CUP WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

Donated by Leon LeBeau, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1973	No Silver Fleet		Gull Lake, Michigan
1974	No Silver Fleet		Zegrze, Poland
1975	No Silver Fleet		Saginaw Bay, Michigan
1976	No Silver Fleet		Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	No Silver Fleet		St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Missing Results		Krynica Morska,Poland
1979	Mike Harvey	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Bertil Rehnfeldt	Sweden	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	J Larsen	New Jersey, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario
1982	Joachim Pinne	West Germany	Wittensee, Germany
1983	Missing Results		Trenton, Ontario
1984	Tom Sjöman	Finland	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Cliff Cartwright	Michigan, USA	Bamegat Bay, New Jersey
1986	No Regatta		
1987	Paul O Neill	Connecticut, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Dieter Schulz	West Germany	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Dave Terwilliger		Lake Champlain, Vermont
1990	Kjell Andersson	Sweden	Arsunda, Sweden
1991	Thomas Halsey	New York, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
1992	Adam Baranowski	Poland	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Scott Carlson		Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Manfred Schreiber	Germany	Nieporet, Poland
1995	Todd Gamble	Wisconsin, USA	Montreal, Québec, Canada
	road Garrible	,	

### SILVER CUP WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

Donated by Leon LeBeau, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1997	J. Bruce Williams	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1998	Christian Seegers	Germany	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Frederik Lönegren	Sweden	Lac St. Louis, Québec, Canada
2000	Elmars Smiltenieks	Latvia	Lake Hjälmaren, Sweden
2001	Johan Tolsma	Holland	Saginaw Bay, Michgian
2002	Mats Rimmö	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Fredy Rudolf	Switzerland	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Dan Backlund	Finland	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Randy Johnson	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, WI
2006	Pawel Burczyński	Poland	Mueritz, Germany & Lake Vaettern, Sweden
2007	Christian Jensen	Denmark	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Leon LeBeau	Michigan, USA	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Jim McDonagh	Minnesota, USA	Torch Lake, Michigan
2010	Piotr Gunther	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Mike Rehe	Michigan, USA	Senachwine Lake, Putnam, Illinois
2012	Poul Jörgensen	Denmark	Lake Hjälmaren, Orebro, Sweden
2013	Richard Gustring	Sweden	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Wolfgang Boettger	Germany	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Chris Berger	Illinois, USA	Kingston, Ontario, Canada
2016	Marek Lentsius	Estonia	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden

### SILVER CUP WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

Donated by Leon LeBeau, USA

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2017	Tim Sugar	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2018	Ryszard Mrózek- Gliszczyński	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	David Clapp	New Jersey, USA	Indian Lake, Ohio
2020	Dideric van Riemsdijk	Sweden	Lake Orsa, Orsa, Sweden
2021	No Regatta		
2022	David Croner	Sweden	Hjälmaren, Sweden R1, Storsjoen, Norway R2-5
2023	John Curtis	Ontario, Canada	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Oscar Lindell	Finland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Daniel Hearn	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2024 World Champions Silver Fleet Photo: Anna Suslova

The North American Championship formerly known as the Annual Regatta has been sailed each year since 1953.

1953: North Star Sail Club on Lake St. Clair in Michigan was the only club that offered to host the first annual regatta. 62 programs were sent out for the regatta scheduled for February 20-21. On February 19 the regatta was moved to Cass Lake, Michigan because of poor ice at the North Star club house on Lake St. Clair where it was originally intended.

**1954:** North Star Sail Club again sponsored the regatta and it was held at Cass Lake. The maximum fleet was 30 boats in the fourth race.

**1955** The regatta was sponsored by the West Michigan Ice Yacht Club and held again at Cass Lake. 32 skippers registered.

**1956:** The regatta was sponsored by Anchor Bay Ice Yacht Club and held on Lake St, Clair. 25 sailors registered.

**1957:** 21 skippers competed on Lake St. Clair and the regatta was sponsored by the North Star Sailing Club.

**1958:** The sixth annual regatta was sponsored by the Detroit Ice Yacht Club and held on Lake St. Clair with clear ice and moderate wind. There were 29 sailors registered.

**1959:** 44 sailors registered for the regatta which was sponsored by the North Star Sailing Club and sailed on Lake St. Clair. It was the first year that the first five placing yachts were measured and checked for compliance to the official specifications.

**1960:** The Toledo Ice Yacht Club sponsored the regatta which was a first for a yacht club outside of Michigan. The championship was scheduled for Maumee Bay on January 16-17 but was postponed due to lack of wind. It was completed on Devil's Lake in Michigan on February 6-7 with winds of 25-30 mph. 48 skippers registered.

**1961:** The ninth annual regatta was sailed in Wisconsin for the first time on Geneva Lake and was sponsored by the Skeeter Iceboat Club. 53 competitors were registered.

**1962:** The tenth annual championship went to the eastern United States for the first time with the Kewasa Ice Yacht club as host. The regatta was sailed on Honeoye Lake in New York on January 6-7. with 48 skippers registered.

1963: The regatta was postponed for two weeks and then sailed on January 19-29 at Charles Mill Lake near Mansfield, Ohio with the Mohican Sailing Club as cosponsor with Saginaw Bay. The first day offered nothing but very light air for the 61 competing skippers, split into 2 fleets for the first time. Two heats were held for each fleet on Saturday while Sunday offered fresh to strong wind (gusts to 40 mph were reported) and three more heats were run. The fleets were changed to Championship and Consolation after the first Sunday heat, based on cumulative results. The last two races settled the results.

1964: After a week's postponement due to New Year's snow, the regatta was held on January 11 on Maumee Bay, Ohio under the sponsorship of the Toledo Ice Yacht Club. There were 77 entries which necessitated a split fleet system. Saturday brought light air on hard ice with crusty snow patches. Three races in each fleet were sailed. Sunday dawned with a temperature of 5F and a 35 knot northeast wind that drove Lake Erie into Maumee Bay. The fleet was hard pressed to get off the ice because of flooding and breaking ice. The first day results were made final.

1965: After 3 postponements, the thirteenth annual regatta was sailed on Cass Lake, Pontiac, Michigan on perfect ice under strong to almost half gale conditions. 54 entries started in split fleets the first day and increasing winds caused a toll in spars and planks. The pile of splintered sitka back of the starting line would have made a great bonfire. Winds continued to build Saturday night which made for tough racing conditions on Sunday through snow drifts.

**1966:** After one disappointing attempt to hold the regatta in late January, the weather improved and 57 skippers returned to Gull Lake, Michigan February 19-20. A full schedule of 5 races were run for each of the split fleets.

1967: The regatta was held at Lake Lamoka near Bath, New York on February 11 with 102 entries, a new record. Because of the fleet size and dimensions of the lake, the fleet was split into three flights for the first time. A 2" snow cover presented high drag conditions but the wind which averaged 15 knots gusting to 20, offered sufficient power for good racing. Overall, this presented an excellent all around test for boats, equipment, sailing skill, and endurance. The Race Committee did a great job on the ice and were inundated by the avalanche of scoring work for 3 fleets. One innovation that proved invaluable were the several tape recorders used to record laps and rule infractions as soon as they were observed by the RC.

1968: 114 DNs registered for the championship at Sandusky, OH, but rain, sleet and snow drifts caused a two week postponement. The championship was sailed on February 10-11 with 60 boats at Cass Lake MI. After three races and with two races to go, two points separated the top four boats (Gene Treuter, defending champion Roland Redner, Jack Wesenberg, Jane Pegel). The fleet was placed in championship and consolation divisions. Wesenberg won the fourth race to go into the final race in a tie with Redner. Treuter won the final race to end in a tie on points with Redner. Treuter's three firsts won the tie for the championship. Redner was second, Wesenberg was third, Pegel fourth. It was the first time that an IDNIYRA Commodore (Gene Treuter) won the annual regatta.

1969: Though originally scheduled for the eastern United States, the regatta was ultimately sailed at Mt. Clemens, Michigan on Lake St. Clair four miles out off Huron Point with 64 entries. It had been previously scheduled for Oyster Bay, New York and Danbury, Connecticut and twice postponed. 1) Jack Wesenberg, Grosse Pointe; 2) Jane Pegel, Chicago; 3) Roy Holden, Metamora, MI; 4) Gene Treuter, Orchard Lake, MI; 5) Stan Woodruff, New Baltimore MI. Tim Woodhouse, Grosse Point placed 10th and was top Junior.

1970: 62 racers were registered for the regatta which took place on Lake St. Clair in Michigan. All sailed as a single fleet because conditions indicated a slow fleet. Three races were held in light to moderate winds on Saturday and no races were run on Sunday because of fog and light winds.

1971: For the first time in many years, the regatta was actually held on the weekend scheduled on February 16. The regatta was originally slated to be held on Geneva Lake in Wisconsin but 22" of snow prompted the fleet to move to Geist Reservoir in Indianapolis, Indiana. This also marked the first time that it became a truly international event with the arrival of 5 Europeans, Wim Van Acker, (Netherlands) Jan Eindhoven (Netherlands), Romar Rowecki (Poland), Alex Keufer (West Germany), and another West German.

1972: The championship was hosted by the North Shrewsbury Ice Boat and Yacht club on Bantam Lake in Connecticut February 5-6. Conditions varied with punishing winds on the first day and light air on the second which was a problem for boats that were not sufficiently tuned.. Winner was Jan Gougeon, the defending champion. 2) Gordy Bowers; 3) Bill Allen. During a January campaign in Europe, Jan had placed second in the European championships. Upon returning home on January 28 he went to work and put together a new boat, with which he then won the class title.

**1973:** Two fleets competed on Sodus Bay in New York February 3-5. 1) Tim Woodhouse; 2) John Larson; 3) Stan Woodruff; 4) Jan Gougeon; 5) John Schuck.

**1974:** 60 boats divided into two fleets of 30 each for qualifiers at Hamilton, Ontario. 1) Tim Woodhouse (defending champion); 2) Jan Gougeon; 3) Gordy Bowers; 4) Jane Pegel; 5) Don Vercruysse.

**1975:** The championship came off right on schedule February 1-2 at Williams Bay on Geneva Lake in Wisconsin. 104 skippers raced in two fleets on snow-free ice with a smooth to slight pebbly texture. The wind was on the light side for both days of the regatta.

**1976:** The regatta was sailed on Hamilton Bay in Ontario, Canada. Jan Gougeon placed first, John Schuch, second; Don Coggen, third; and Chuck Lamphere winning junior.

**1977:** Good ice was found on the Miles River (a part of the Chesapeake Bay) at St. Michaels, Maryland which was the first ice they had in 20 years. Racing was postponed on the first day because of excessive winds. Though the strong winds continued, the regatta was sailed on Sunday and Monday.

**1978:** After a two week postponement, the regatta was held on Lake Canandaigua at Canandaigua, NY on new ice.

**1979:** Polish competitors Piotr Burczynski placed first and Stan Macure second on Lake Champlain in Vermont. Ed Kraft was third and Richard Gibson was the top placing junior.

**1980:** Meade Gougeon placed first on Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan; Henry Bossett, second; Randy Johnson, third; and Harry Melges III was the top junior.

**1981:** Sailed after the worlds on Hamilton Harbor at Hamilton, Ontario. Hard one inch drifts covered 40% of the ice. Medium to light winds allowed 5 races in two fleets to be sailed in one day. The following day brought snow then rain.

**1982:** The NA championship was moved from Lake Champlain, Vermont to Lake Wallenpaupack, Pennsylvania, then to Round Valley Reservoir, New Jersey, and finally to Canandaigua, New York. An excellent regatta was completed here over two days using a single fleet. John Day and Tyler Keys plus three race committees were really dedicated.

**1983:** The North Americans were completed on the last day of a week of warm weather and rain. It was originally scheduled for Sodus Bay and then moved to Trenton, Ontario, Canada. Heavy rain prevented racing the first day there and left the ice like Swiss cheese the next. Cooler weather finally allowed the sailing of the Gold Cup and North American Championship.

**1984:** The race was sailed in light winds and 60 degree temperatures with deteriorating ice conditions near Sandusky, Ohio.

1985: The North American Championship didn't get off with the Gold Cup because the entire week was used up getting to and sailing on Barnegat Bay, New Jersey. Two weeks later another attempt was made on Lake Canandaigua in New York. Rain, warm weather and deteriorating ice conditions moved the site to nearby Lake Honyoye. Gas holes destroyed one boat and caused everyone else to decide to abandon the regatta.

**1986:** The regatta was sailed at Muskegon, Michigan. The first day saw light wind, allowing only one race. The second day had 10-15 knots. The ice was slightly bumpy snow ice with a few areas of snow that had not completely melted.

**1987:** This race was sailed on Lake St. Clair, Michigan. a day after the Gold Cup. Ice conditions were good with about 3~4" of new snow on the ice. The wind was moderate.

1988: The race was scheduled for January 30 and 31 on Hamilton Harbor, Ontario, Canada. Lack of sailable ice there resulted in a move to the Bay Of Quinte in Trenton Ontario. Three races for three fleets with a total of 104 sailors were sailed on Saturday. Conditions were wet and windy. Puddles on the ice slowed the boats much like snow drifts except you couldn't tell which ones were the deep ones. The wind was about 15 mph. By the following day the puddles had found their way through the ice resulting in some large drain holes on the course. In spite of light wind and fast ice, further racing was canceled for safety reasons.

1989: The North Americans were sailed in one very cold afternoon on Lake Champlain at Sandbar State Park, just north of Burlington Vermont. The date was January 25. Three races were sailed in the Gold fleet and two in the Silver and Bronze. The ice was bumpy with about 30% thin snow coverage. The wind was about 10 mph. The regatta was called complete the next day as the wind was a steady 50 mph with a gust of 88 recorded nearby!

**1990:** The 1990 regatta was scheduled for Sodus Bay, New York. It wound up on Elk Lake near Traverse City, Michigan. The accommodations at the Elk Lake Lodge were wonderful. The sailing was on hard, fiat frozen slush. The wind for most of the races was 15 to about 22 mph. The second day it was much lighter and variable in direction.

**1991:** The 1991 regatta was to be held in conjunction with Gold Cup but was postponed for several weeks due to warm weather and poor ice conditions. The regatta was held at Lake Lelanau Michigan, northwest of Traverse City. The regatta was completed in one day on a crowded course which resulted in several collisions.

**1992:** Lake Mendota, in Madison Wisconsin provided moderate winds and smooth ice until the regatta was ended by rain on the second day. Three fleets sailed the West end of the lake, under the direction of Robert E. Pegel.

**1993:** Geneva Lake in Wisconsin hosted seven races on hard snow ice. The site was just large enough to hold the regatta at the east end of the lake. The regatta lasted three days and all three fleets sailed seven races.

**1994:** After a false start because of newly formed drain holes at Grand Lake in Ohio, the racing was postponed for six weeks in a snow filled winter. Finally, Elk Lake in Michigan reported raceable ice in mid-March. Many people could not attend after using vacations on the false start, but three races were held on the final day of the regatta to complete the series.

1995:The North American Championship was sailed on Lac St. Louis in Montreal, Québec, Canada due to poor ice conditions at the original location of Lake Canandaigua in New York. The ice was almost fifty percent snow covered which made the port side of the race course heavily favored. Karol Jabłoński 's ``relative' consistency paid off with a victory as the result.

1996: After a false start because of a downpour of rain on Thursday, the North American's were moved from Detroit, Michigan to Burlington, Vermont, on Saturday, February 10th. On Saturday evening, about 1/2 inch of snow fell. To the racers on Sunday, it gave the sensation that you were not moving very fast, when you actually were. Four races were held for both Gold and Silver fleet. Racing on Monday was cancelled due to extremely cold temperatures and winds out of the NW at 15 to 25 mph.

1997: The North American's were held after the Gold Cup on Lake St. Clair, Michigan, in extreme cold and sticky ice conditions. After five races in Gold Fleet, there was a three-way tie between Piotr Burczyński, Meade Gougeon, and Karol Jabłoński. After the tie was broken, Meade Gougeon was our new North American Champion. There were also five races held for Silver Fleet which was won by Commodore Bill Condon. In all, there were 118 participants for this event.

1998: The North American's were held on very noisy ice in Button's Bay on Lake Champlain, south of Burlington, Vermont. Dr. Greg Smith of Gull Lake, Michigan, was the new North American Champion after seven hard-fought races. Seven races were also held for the Silver Fleet, with a total of 84 participants in the regatta.

1999: The North American Championship was held immediately after the World Championship on a large piece of ice on Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada. The wind was not very cooperative on the first day, but the miniqualifiers were held, as well as the first Gold fleet race. The next day of racing was started in light but fairly steady wind, which built to around 10 knots during the afternoon. This provided excellent racing, with 6 races in Gold and Silver fleets, and 5 races in Bronze Fleet.

**2000:** The regatta was postponed three times due to poor weather forecasts. The regatta was finally sailed at Lake Miltona, Minnesota. The ice was a pebbly snow ice, with a large area free of cracks or other hazards. The ice was hard in the morning, and turned quite soft by the afternoon with temperatures close to 60F. Jan Gougeon let everyone see his mastery of variable conditions by leading the fleet in all four Gold fleet races. The racing concluded after one day of racing due to deteriorating ice and forecast temperatures of 65F.

**2001:** The North American's followed on the heels of the light air, abbreviated Gold Cup on the same piece of ice in Saginaw Bay, Michigan. The trip to the race area on the first morning promised more light conditions, but the wind finally began to come up and the race committee got in 4 races for all in the freshening winds. Conditions held (and the Coast Guard icebreaker stayed away) on Saturday with 3 more races all around. Thirty hours accomplished more in terms of sailing and fun than the previous 5 days. The results were familiar with Jabłoński giving an all-bullet clinic, followed by Ron Sherry, Greg Smith and John Harper in Gold Fleet with the Silver Fleet dominated by Jim Grogan.

2002: The regatta was sailed on Lake Mille Lac, Garrison, Minnesota, the only suitable piece of ice in North America east of Montana and south of Alaska. Across the movable ice bridge and into the fish house suburbs went the troops to find 80% clear pebbly ice with low sticky drifts that put a premium on runner selection and energy management. The first day saw only a single Silver race before the wind went away. The next day started light for the Gold fleet but picked up for their second race. During the following Silver race drizzle started falling and visibility was limited. Better conditions greeted the third Gold race but the wind died for good at its end. The wind and temperatures the next day were too extreme and the regatta was called complete with Ron Sherry the leader in Gold and Ken Mitchell the winner in Silver.

**2003:** Deteriorating ice at the Gold Cup site moved the NA regatta north to Plattsburgh, New York onto a fairly restricted piece of glare ice that resulted from rain followed by some serious cold and wind. Dangerous conditions stopped racing after the first qualifier and racing didn't resume for 3 days. With a stroke of luck and termination, the race committee squeezed the third Gold fleet race into the moments just before sunset on the very last day of the regatta which saw Ron Sherry the Gold winner, Eben Whitcomb the Silver winner and Bill Condon the winner in bronze.

2004: The site was moved after several days of warm temperatures and rain made the safety of the ice at the primary site questionable. The regatta was relocated to another bay in Sandusky, Ohio where the ice is always thicker and more stable. This new location in front of Cedar Point amusement park was the made famous in the "Welcome to Our Playground!" photo that graced the North American IDNIYRA website for many years. This site only has room for 3/4 mile courses, so the Race Committee divided the sailors into three fleets. The ice was suitable, but little or no wind on Saturday and Sunday and soft ice due to the high temperatures made for a slow start to the regatta. By the end of the day on Monday, the Race Committee had managed four races in Gold, and three races each in Silver and Bronze fleets.

**2005:** The regatta was to be sailed in Wisconsin in January with the Worlds but all sites became snowed out just as the Worlds finished. The regatta was rescheduled to a later February date and Elk Lake, Michigan became the site. This became a wonderful venue with great weather in which to hold and finish the North Americans.

**2006:** The race site at Lake Winnebago in Wisconsin was abandoned because of one foot thick snow drifts. The regatta was moved three hours west to Lake Pepin; a wide spot of the Mississippi River, in Pepin, Wisconsin. The regatta was completed after two days of racing thru semi firm 1-2 inch snow drifts. You could watch eagles flying overhead as you checked your tell tales.

**2007:** The regatta was completed on Friday with Wednesday as a lay day after the Gold Cup, in Menominee, Michigan on Green Bay, Lake Michigan. Conditions were again very favorable with the same results for the first four places in Gold Fleet. What a week of sailing! Everyone drove home tired, happy and satisfied. Truly a fabulous week.

**2008:** The regatta was moved to Lake Pepin, a wide spot on the Mississippi River between Minnesota and Wisconsin after a last minute snow fall covered the perfect ice at the primary venue, Lake Winnebago in Wisconsin. Ninety eight sailors made the trip to the land of bald eagles to participate in a great regatta. Winds ranged from 10 to 20 mph with scattered small drifts. The ice was a bit rough but the five mile ice boat cruise on the Mississippi at the end of the day was truly a pleasure.

**2009:** After the Gold Cup, the ice at Torch Lake in Michigan deteriorated and the regatta moved to Green Bay, Wisconsin. The ice in Green Bay was cobblestone ice with hazards and 1/4" of snow on it. On the first day there was too much wind for ice conditions but on the second day there was the perfect 4-7 knots of ENE wind. On the third day there was no wind and a covering of snow so the regatta was done with one good day of racing. Awards were presented on the ice and Ron Sherry took home his eighth North American Championship trophy.

**2010:** After days of a frustrating search to find suitable ice anywhere in North America, Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada was scouted and found to have miles of beautiful ice. It was the first time that the regatta has been held on Lake Superior. Fifty eight skippers registered for the regatta which allowed the fleets to be split into Gold and Silver. Then, after waiting days for the wind to make an appearance, the regatta was finally completed and Ron Sherry won his ninth North American Championship trophy.

**2011:** After the Gold Cup was called complete on Senachwine Lake in Putnam, Illinois, the North American championship was canceled to allow competitors time to outrace a powerful blizzard and make it home safely.

**2012:** Though scheduled for the Eastern Lakes Region, the lack of conditions forced the regatta to be held on Green Bay in Green Bay, Wisconsin. Monday morning the wind was blowing hard. but calmed down enough mid afternoon to sail a qualifier and three races in the Gold and Silver fleets. On Tuesday, the only race of the day, a Gold fleet, was black flagged for not making the time limit due to light air. A growing crack in the ice that threatened to send the race course out in Green Bay became a concern and the regatta was called complete. Ron Sherry won his tenth North American Championship and Bob Struble won the Silver fleet.

**2013:** The race course on Lake Pepin, the widest naturally occurring part of the Mississippi River, near Lake City, Minnesota where the Gold Cup was held was too full of ruts to use for the North American championship. The day after the Worlds, gusty winds caused postponement which allowed John Dennis, Ron Sherry, and Tomek Zakrzewski to spend the day scouting Lake Pepin for a better ice sheet. They found a good sheet a little ways north. After waiting a few days, the wind finally came up enough to complete the North American Championship on Saturday, February 2. John Dennis won his second North American championship in three races.

**2014:** A snow storm forced the regatta to be relocated from Lake Senachwine in Peru, Illinois to Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, New York. Once a permit was secured from the local authorities, the regatta officially began on January 23 with one Silver qualifier race in the afternoon. The next day, temperatures barely made 10F but everyone persevered and the day ended with 3 more races in Silver and 4 in the Gold fleet. Winds were light in the morning, building during the day to the point that snow devils were seen flying down the ice. Ron Sherry US44 won the Gold fleet by one point over Mark Christensen US4824. In the last race, Ron experienced an exciting leeward rounding where he was thrown out of the boat, jumped back in, and completed the race. The winds were too gusty and treacherous the next morning and the regatta was called complete.

**2015:** After the Gold Cup was completed on Lake Ontario in Kingston, Ontario, Canada, a snow storm forced the cancellation of the North American Championship.

**2016:** The 2016 North American Championship was sailed on Lake Monona in Madison, Wisconsin. 10 races were sailed in Gold and Silver Fleets. All-around skills were needed as the wind strength during the event ranged from very light to very heavy. Matt Struble took first in Gold Fleet and David Elsmo won the Silver Fleet.

**2017:** After snow ended the Gold Cup on Lake Kegonsa in Madison, Wisconsin, scouts were sent to find ice. After an extensive search, a regatta quality site was found on Green Bay near Octonto, Wisconsin. Sailors enjoyed two days of sailing for a total of 7 races in each fleet. For the first time in regatta history, a father (Ron Sherry) and son (Griffin Sherry, competing as a junior) won the Gold and Silver fleet respectively.

**2018:** The scheduled start date of the regatta coincided with a massive winter storm system that moved through North America. Competitors and race committee sat tight for a few days waiting to learn the site location. The only regatta quality ice that survived the storm was at Lake Charlevoix in Petoskey, Michigan. Thursday was the first day of sailing and sailors waited for wind that finally arrived late in the day. One qualifier race was sailed. Friday was a perfect day of sailing with steady breeze and sunny skies. 5 Gold and 5 Silver fleet races later, Ron Sherry US44 beat out John Dennis US4691 by one point and won his 13th North American championship. Steve Madden US4512 took top honors in the Silver fleet.

**2019:** After 2 days of Gold Cup racing on Indian Lake in Ohio, a snow storm forced the competitors to move 3 hours west to Lake Wawasee in Syracuse, Indiana for the North American championship. The first day saw 13 races with a big breeze on a relatively small course at .7 mile because of wind direction. On the second day, after waiting for the wind to fill in, the regatta was completed with 5 more races for a total of 17 for the regatta. Ron Sherry won the Gold Fleet and attributed his success to taking time to tune against his son, Griffin. This was Ron's 14th North American championship and 3rd consecutive North American title.

**2020:** A nationwide snow storm ended all hopes of regatta ice in North America except for one place, Ft. Peck Reservoir near Glasgow, Montana. Over 60 compeitors ventured to Montana for this historic regatta, the farthest west any sanctioned iceboat regatta has ever been held. The regatta began on Wednesday. Lack of wind on Thursday and Friday necessitated a Saturday race day. Competition in the Gold fleet was tough and the top three were only seperated by one point. James "T" Thieler US5224 won his first North American Championship with Ron Sherry US44 in second, and Chad Atkins US4487 in third. Peter Johanson US5633 took top honors in the Silver fleet with Andy Allen US5451 second and Mike Miller US5369 third.

**2021:** A scaled back non-ranking U.S. Nationals was held on Black Lake in northeastern Michigan instead of the North American championship because international travel was hindered during the COVID-19 pandemic. 52 American sailors comprised 2 fleets and each had 9 races. Ron Sherry US44 won the Gold fleet and Andy Allen US5451 took top honors in the Silver fleet.

**2022:** The IDNIYRA Governing Board chose to hold another U.S. Nationals because of lingering pandemic uncertainty. Though scheduled for the Central Region, a lack of conditions moved the regatta to the Western Region. Competitors gathered in Madison, Wisconsin, but snowfall on the eve of the event sent scouts on the road looking for ice. The regatta moved to Lake Senachwine in Putnam, Illinois. Both Gold and Silver fleets completed five races. Ron Sherry US44 won the Gold, and Karen Binder US5630 dominated the Silver fleet with five wins.

#### 2023:

Following the World Championship, Lake Kegonsa in Madison, WI, experienced snowfall, which made it necessary to use plate runners for the first day of the North American Championship. Two races were held in both the Gold and Silver fleets, and the day concluded with the wind decreasing and the track becoming sticky and slower.

Competitors persevered through snow squalls to complete the regatta with a Gold and Silver race on Friday. Paul Goodwin (US46) stated that the heavy air and snowy conditions reminded him of the classic iceboat documentary Black Ice. Spectators and the Race Committee witnessed some of the most exciting races of the week on Friday. Matt Struble US183 continued his winning streak, securing his fifth North American victory.

#### 2024:

The 2024 DN North American Championship on Lake Osakis in Waconia, Minnesota, provided intense competition and varied weather conditions. After a stretch of years without consistent winds, this year's regatta finally offered the opportunity for daily racing.

The regatta opened with unusually warm temperatures, peaking at 61°F, softening the ice and limiting racing opportunities on day one. Nevertheless, defending champion Matt Struble US183 quickly established himself as the man to beat, winning both races in the Gold fleet and adapting quickly to the balmy conditions.

Minnesota's winter returned in full force as the week progressed, bringing a significant temperature drop to as low as 3°F, creating a bumpy, challenging ice surface. The sub-zero days featured strong and shifty winds, particularly on day five, when a late start led to intense, close racing in both fleets.

Matt Struble maintained his winning streak by finishing first in the Gold fleet, while Bill Cutting US5430 secured top honors in the Silver fleet. Canadian sailors made a strong showing, claiming four of the top ten spots.

**2025:** Hot on the heels of the World Championship, the 2025 DN North American Championship unfolded on Lake Winnebago in Wisconsin with three solid days of ice sailing. Cold mornings, shifting winds, and even a day lost to 50 mph gusts tested the fleet's stamina, but competitors and race officials rose to the challenge.

Every regatta is remembered for something, and this one will be remembered for the day the winds sent trailers and boats skittering across the lake. Thanks to quick action from the race committee and volunteers, everything was secured, and racing carried on.

The Race Committee kept the championship on track despite wind shifts and ice movement, completing the full complement of 7 races in the Gold, Silver, and Bronze fleets. Competition was fierce, with different winners in nearly every race.

In the end, Matt Struble successfully defended his title, claiming his seventh North American Championship just days after securing his fifth World title.



2025 North American top 3 Gold Fleet: Robert Gracyk second place, Matt Struble first place, Lukasz Zakrzewski third placed

**IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026** 

#### FIRST PLACE HOWARD BOSTON TROPHY

Donated in 1953 by Howard Boston of Mt. Clemens, Michigan

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1953	Jack Moran	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1954	Jack Moran	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1955	Bill Sporer	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1956	Ed Grant	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1957	Skip Boston	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1958	Remi DeBlaere	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1959	Skip Boston	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1960	Jane Pegel	Illinois, USA	Devil's Lake, Michigan
1961	Jack Young	New York, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1962	Reuben Snodgrass	New York, USA	Lake Honeoye, New York
1963	Jane Pegel	Illinois, USA	Mansfield, Ohio
1964	Skip Boston	Michigan, USA	Toledo, Ohio
1965	Ed Grant	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1966	Ro Redner	Michigan, USA	Gull Lake, Michigan
1967	Ro Redner	Michigan, USA	Lake Lamoka, New York
1968	Gene Treuter	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1969	Jack Wesenberg	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1970	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1971	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Geist Reservoir, Indiana
1972	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Bantam Lake, Connecticut
1973	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Sodus Bay, New York
1974	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Harbor, Canada
1975	Vello Kuusk	Estonia, USSR	Geneva Lake, WI
1976	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1977	John Schuck	Michigan, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland

#### FIRST PLACE HOWARD BOSTON TROPHY

Donated in 1953 by Howard Boston of Mt. Clemens, Michigan

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1978	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1979	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan
1981	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1983	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Trenton, Ontario
1984	John Koeck	New Jersey, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
1985	After two separate	attempts, the regatta	a was cancelled.
1986	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Muskegon, Michigan
1987	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1989	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vemont
1990	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan
1992	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Ken VanWagnen	Ohio, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1999	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota
2001	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Garrison, Minnesota

#### FIRST PLACE HOWARD BOSTON TROPHY

Donated in 1953 by Howard Boston of Mt. Clemens, Michigan

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2003	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
2005	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
2006	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Pepin, WI
2007	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake City, Minnesota
2009	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2010	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
2011	No Regatta		
2012	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, WI
2013	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, New York
2015	No Regatta		
2016	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI
2017	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI
2018	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan
2019	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana
2020	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana
2021 - 2	2022 No Regatta		
2023	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN
2025	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI

#### SECOND PLACE ROBERT PEGEL TROPHY

Donated in 1962 by Robert Pegel of Williams Bay, Wisconsin

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1953	Bill Sarns	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1954	Skip Boston	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1955	Chuck Cartwright	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1956	Jack Wesenberg	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1957	Leon Tempiin	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1958	Jane Pegel	Illinois, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1959	Jane Pegel	Illinois, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1960	Bill Sporer	Michigan, USA	Devil's Lake, Michigan
1961	Jane Pegel	Illinois, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1962	John Meirs	New York, USA	Lake Honeoye, New York
1963	Jim Nolan	Illinois, USA	Mansfield, Ohio
1964	Ed Stack	Michigan, USA	Toledo, Ohio
1965	Jane Pegel	Illinois,USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1966	Jane Pegel	Illinois,USA	Gull Lake, Michigan
1967	Gene Treuter	Michigan, USA	Lake Lamoka, New York
1968	Ro Redner	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1969	Jane Pegel	Illinois, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1970	Russ Johnson	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1971	Stan Woodruff	Michigan, USA	Geist Reservoir, Indiana
1972	Gordon Bowers	Minnesota, USA	Bantam Lake, Connecticut
1973	John Larsen	New Jersey, USA	Sodus Bay, New York
1974	Joe Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Harbor, Ontario, Canada
1975	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Geneva Lake, WI
1976	John Schuch	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1977	Zbignew Stanislaws	ski Poland	St. Michaels, Maryland

**IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026** 

#### SECOND PLACE ROBERT PEGEL TROPHY

Donated in 1962 by Robert Pegel of Williams Bay, Wisconsin

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1978	Jane Pegel	Wisconsin, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1979	Stan Macur	Poland	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan
1981	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	Ron Sherry	Michigan USA	Canandaigua, New York
1983	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario
1984	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
1985	No Regatta		
1986	Henry Bossett	New Jersey, USA	Muskegon, Michigan
1987	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1989	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vemont
1990	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan
1992	Ted Flack	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Andreas Bock	Germany	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Cliff Cartwright	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1999	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lac St. Louis, Québec, Canada
2000	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota
2001	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Garrison, Minnesota

#### SECOND PLACE ROBERT PEGEL TROPHY

Donated in 1962 by Robert Pegel of Williams Bay, Wisconsin

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site		
2003	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Champlain, New York		
2004	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Sandusky, Ohio		
2005	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan		
2006	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Pepin, WI		
2007	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Green Bay, Menominee, MI		
2008	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake City, Minnesota		
2009	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, WI		
2010	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada		
2011	No regatta				
2012	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, WI		
2013	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota		
2014	Mark Christensen	Minnesota, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, NY		
2015	No Regatta				
2016	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI		
2017	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI		
2018	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan		
2019	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana		
2020	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana		
2021 - 2	2022 No Regatta				
2023	Chad Atkins	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Kegona, Madison, WI		
2024	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN		
2025	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI		
IDNIYI	IDNIYKA YEAK BUUK 2026				

#### THIRD PLACE OLD DOMINION TROPHY

Presented in 1967 by the Old Dominion IYC, Virginia, Commodore Larry Hartwick

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1967	Stan Woodruff	Michigan, USA	Lake Lamoka, New York
1968	Jack Wesenberg	Michgian, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1969	Roy Holden	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1970	Robert Jones	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1971	Spike Boston	Michigan, USA	Geist Reservoir, Indiana
1972	William Allen	Minnesota, USA	Bantam Lake, Connecticut
1973	Stan Woodruff	Michigan, USA	Sodus Bay, New York
1974	Gordon Bowers	Minnesota, USA	Hamilton Harbor, Canada
1975	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Geneva Lake, WI
1976	Don Coggen	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1977	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Bob Redner	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1979	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Randy Johnson	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan
1981	Ain Vilde	Estonia, USSR	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1983	Leon LeBeau	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1984	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
1985	No Regatta		
1986	Leon LeBeau	Michigan, USA	Muskegon, Michigan
1987	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Dan Connell	New Jersey, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1989	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vemont
1990	Mike O'Brien	New Jersey, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan

#### THIRD PLACE OLD DOMINION TROPHY

Presented in 1967 by the Old Dominion IYC, Virginia, Commodore Larry Hartwick

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1992	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Paul Goodwin	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1999	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Bruce Williams	Michigan, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota
2001	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Garrison, Minnesota
2003	John Davenport	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
2005	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
2006	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake Pepin, Pepin, WI
2007	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake City, Minnesota
2009	Dan Backlund	Finland	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2010	Steve Orlebeke	Wisconsin, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
2011	No regatta		
2012	Matt Struble	California, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, WI
2013	James "T" Thieler	Rhode, Island, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Steve Orlebeke	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, NY
2015	No Regatta		

**IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026** 

#### THIRD PLACE OLD DOMINION TROPHY

Presented in 1967 by the Old Dominion IYC, Virginia, Commodore Larry Hartwick

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2016	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI
2017	Matt Struble	California, USA	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI
2018	Steve Orlebeke	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan
2019	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana
2020	Chad Atkins	Rhode Island, USA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana
2021 - 2	2022 No Regatta		
2023	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Steve Orelebeke	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN
2025	Lukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2025 World Championship. Photo Anna Suslova

#### **SENIOR TROPHY (OVER 50)**

Presented in 1974 by Meade Gougeon

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Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1974	Ted Sprague	Pennsylvania, USA	Hamilton Harbor, Canada
1975	Wim van Acker	Holland	Geneva Lake, WI
1976	Ro Redner	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1977	Ro Redner	Michigan, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Ro Redner	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1979	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan
1981	Wim van Aker	Holland	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	Doug Harvey	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1983	John Larson	New Jersey, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1984	John Larson	New Jersey, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
1985	No Regatta		
1986	Jane Pegel	Wisconsin, USA	Muskegon, Michigan
1987	Stan Woodruff	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1989	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vemont
1990	Stan Woodruff	Michgian, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan
1992	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont

#### **SENIOR TROPHY (OVER 50)**

Presented in 1974 by Meade Gougeon

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1999	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota
2001	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Don Jones	Michigan, USA	Garrison, Minnesota
2003	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
2005	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
2006	Don Jones	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Pepin, WI
2007	Jeff Kent	Massachusetts, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, MI
2008	Greg Smith	Michigan, USA	Lake City, Minnesota
2009	Dan Backlund	Finland	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2010	Jim Grogan	Michigan, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
2011	No regatta		
2012	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, Wisconson
2013	John Dennis	Minnesota, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, NY
2015	No Regatta		
2016	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI
2017	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI
2018	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan
2019	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana
2020	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana

SENIOR TROPHY (OVER 50)
Presented in 1974 by Meade Gougeon

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2021 - 2	2022 No Regatta		
2023	James "T" Thieler	Rhode Island, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN
2025	Matt Struble	California, USA	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI



2024 North American Championship Photo Anna Suslova

# MASTERS TROPHY (OVER 60) Donated by Ed Kraft in 1988

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1989	Ed Kraft	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vemont
1990	Doug Harvey	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Malcolm Ball	Illinois, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan
1992	Doug Harvey	Michigan, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Bart Reedjik	Holland	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Doug Harvey	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Bart Reedjik	Holland	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Bob Theissen	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	Bart Reedjik	Holland	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Pete Johns	Illinois, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1999	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota
2001	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	No Results		Garrison, Minnesota
2003	Meade Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	J. Bruce Williams	Michigan, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
2005	Andre Baby	Québec, Canada	Elk Lake, Michigan
2006	No Results		Pepin, WI
2007	J. Bruce Williams	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Lake City, Minnesota
2009	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2010	J. Bruce Williams	Michigan, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
2011	No regatta		
2012	Rick Lemberg Sr.	Indiana, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, Wisconson

#### **MASTERS TROPHY (OVER 60)**

Donated by Ed Kraft in 1988

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2013	J. Bruce Williams	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Don Brush	Vermont, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, New York
2015	No Regatta		
2016	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI
2017	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI
2018	Jim Grogan	Michigan, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan
2019	Holger Petzke	Germany	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana
2020	Peter Van Rossum	Ontario, CA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana
2021	No Regatta		
2022	No Regatta		
2023	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI
2024	Ron Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN
2025	Karol Jablonski	Poland	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI





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#### **ELLIOT SHARP TROPHY**

Donated in 1962 by Eliot Sharp of New York. Awarded to the highest scoring Junior Skipper.

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1962	Louis Loenneke	Illinois USA	Lake Honeoye, New York
1963	Louis Loenneke	Illinois USA	Mansfield, Ohio
1964	Jan Gougeon	Michigan, USA	Toledo, Ohio
1965	Louis Wake	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1966	Doug Evans	Illinois, USA	Gull Lake, Michigan
1967	Dale Marshall	Michigan, USA	Lake Lamoka, New York
1968	Jim Morrison	Michigan, USA	Cass Lake, Michigan
1969	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1970	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1971	Tim Woodhouse	Michigan, USA	Geist Reservoir, Indiana
1972	Mat Patterson	Michigan, USA	Bantam Lake, Connecticut
1973	Ron VanWagnen	Ohio, USA	Sodus Bay, New York
1974	Bob Rednor	Michigan, USA	Hamilton Harbor, Canada
1975	Chuck Lamphere	Illinois, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1976	Chuck Lamphere	Illinois, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1977	Rick Gibson	Michigan, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	William Gibson	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1979	Richard Gibson	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Harry Melges III	Wisconsin, USA	Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan
1981	Harry Melges III	Wisconsin, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	William Gibson	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1983	William Gibson	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1984	Bruce Hay		Sandusky, Ohio

#### **ELLIOT SHARP TROPHY**

Donated in 1962 by Eliot Sharp of New York. Awarded to the highest scoring Junior Skipper.

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1985	No Regatta		
1986	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Muskegon, Michigan
1987	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1989	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Vemont
1990	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan
1992	Aaron Stange	Ohio, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Aaron Stange	Ohio, USA	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Missing Information		Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Missing Information		Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	No Junior Sailed		Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	No Junior Sailed		Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Brian Parker	Ohio, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1999	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Sam Kiefer	Minnesota, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota
2001	Michael Rehe	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Michael Rehe	Michigan, USA	Garrison, Minnesota
2003	Michael Rehe	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Missing Information		Sandusky, Ohio
2005	No Junior Sailed		Elk Lake, Michigan
2006	No Junior Sailed		Lake Pepin, Pepin, WI
2007	Chester Upham	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan

#### **ELLIOT SHARP TROPHY**

Donated in 1962 by Eliot Sharp of New York. Awarded to the highest scoring Junior Skipper.

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site	
2008	Martin Schneider	Germany	Lake City, Minnesota	
2009	Max Minarek	Germany	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan	
2010	Sam Myers	Michigan, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada	
2011	No regatta			
2012	Sam Myers	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, Wisconson	
2013	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota	
2014	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, New York	
2015	No Regatta			
2016	Mike Clapp	New Jersey, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI	
2017	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI	
2018	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan	
2019	Rasmus Maalin	Estonia	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana	
2020	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana	
2021 - 2022 No Regatta				
2023	Cooper Frost	Michigan, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI	
2024	Milo Fleming	Maine, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN	
2025	Gustav Linden	Sweden	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI	

# NORTH AMERICAN DN CHAMPIONSHIP B FLEET TROPHY

Donated in 1977 by Reuben Snodgress of Lake Ronkonkoma Ice Boat and Yacht Club

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1977	Reuben Snodgrass	New York, USA	St. Michaels, Maryland
1978	Michael Harvey	Michigan, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1979	Ed Snyder	New York, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1980	Tie: Leon LeBeau & Lou Loenneke	Michigan, USA Wisconsin, USA	Saginaw Bay, Alpena, Michigan
1981	Jane Pegel	Wisconsin, USA	Hamilton Bay, Ontario, Canada
1982	John Koeck	New Jersey, USA	Canandaigua, New York
1983	Bill Van Gee	New York, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1984	Duane McDaniels	Michigan, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
1985	No Regatta		
1986	Jim Grogan	Michigan, USA	Muskegon, Michigan
1987	Matt Struble	Michigan, USA	Lake St Clair, Michigan
1988	Don Brush	Vermont, USA	Trenton, Ontario, Canada
1989	Rich Cobb	Connecticut, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1990	John Harper	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1991	Eric Loenneke	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Leelanau, Michigan
1992	Dennis Butts	Ohio, USA	Lake Mendota, Madison, WI
1993	Andreas Müller-Hartburg	Austria	Geneva Lake, WI
1994	Chris Clark	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
1995	Dennis Butts	Ohio, USA	Montreal, Québec, Canada
1996	Paul Gervais	Vermont, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1997	Bill Condon	New Jersey, USA	Lake St. Clair, Michigan
1998	Ken Smith, Jr	Illinois, USA	Lake Champlain, Vermont
1999	James Hadley	New Jersey, USA	Lac St. Louis, Québec Canada
2000	Butch Babcock	Michigan, USA	Lake Miltona, Minnesota

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#### **B FLEET TROPHY**

Donated in 1977 by Reuben Snodgress of Lake Ronkonkoma Ice Boat and Yacht Club

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2001	Jim Grogan	Michigan, USA	Saginaw Bay, Michigan
2002	Ken Mitchell	Ontario, Canada	Garrison, Minnesota
2003	Eben Whitcomb III	Connecticut, USA	Lake Champlain, New York
2004	Rich Lemberg Jr.	Indiana, USA	Sandusky, Ohio
2005	William Coberly	Michigan, USA	Elk Lake, Michigan
2006	Merrilli Randmaa	Estonia	Lake Pepin, Pepin, WI
2007	Mike Derusha	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2008	Peter Woodruff	Michigan, USA	Lake City, Minnesota
2009	Matthias Grothues-Spork	Germany	Green Bay, Menominee, Michigan
2010	Randy Rogoski	Michigan, USA	Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
2011	No Regatta		
2012	Bob Struble	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Green Bay, Wisconson
2013	Lenny Liscio	Canada	Lake Pepin, Lake City, Minnesota
2014	Hal Bowman	North Carolina, USA	Lake Champlain, Plattsburgh, New York
2015	No Regatta		
2016	David Elsmo	Wisconsin, USA	Lake Monona, Madison, WI
2017	Griffin Sherry	Michigan, USA	Green Bay, Peshtigo, WI
2018	Steve Madden	Massachusetts, USA	Lake Charlevoix, Petoskey, Michigan
2019	Jacek Marzenski	Canada	Lake Wawasee, Syracuse, Indiana
2020	Peter Johanson	Michigan, USA	Fort Peck Reservoir, Montana

#### **B FLEET TROPHY**

Donated in 1977 by Reuben Snodgress of Lake Ronkonkoma Ice Boat and Yacht Club

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site		
2021 -	2021 - 2022 No Regatta				
2023	Tom Myer	Texas, USA	Lake Kegonsa, Madison, WI		
2024	Bill Cutting	Michigan, USA	Lake Osakis, Waconia, MN		
2025	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Winnebago, Fond du Lac, WI		



2024 North American Silver Fleet Champions

### THE VAN ACKER AWARD

Donated anonymously to recognize Regatta Chairmen and to remember Wm. Van Acker, worked diligently to promote the growth of the DN and to unify Europe and North America. Wm Van Acker (1921-1991) served as European Commodore for 16 years and was instrumental in the organization of the first Gold Cup.

1973	Art Teutsch	1999	Andre Baby
1974	Stan Whorwood	2000	John Floyd
1975	Jane Pegel	2001	Randy Rogoski
1976	Stan Whorwood	2002	John Davenport
1977	Bill Connell	2003	Steve Madden
1978	Royce Fellows	2004	David Zoll
1979	Ed Kraft	2005	John Davenport
1980	Joe Norton	2006	Steve Madden
1981	Dan Gibson	2007	Dave Zoll
1982	John Day	2008	Mark Isabell
1983	Bill Van Gee	2009	Dan Connell
1984	Ed Kraft	2010	Richard Potcova
1985	Joe Norton	2011	Ken Smith
1986	Ed Kraft	2012	Dan Connell
1987	Dan Bierman	2013	Kent Baker
1988	Paul Goodwin	2014	Julie Jankowski
1989	Bob Schumacher	2015	Kent Baker
1990	Bill Van Gee	2016	Kent Baker
1991	Ed Kraft	2017	Mike Miller
1992	Lou Loenneke, Jr.	2018	Chad Atkins
1993	Andre Baby	2019	Rob Holman
1994	Harold Chamberlain	2020	Daniel Hearn
1995	Bob Cummins	2021 - 2	2022 No Regatta
1996	John Harper	2023	Chris Berger
1997	Lou Loenneke , Jr	2024	James "T" Thieler
1998	Bill Condon and Bob Schumacher	2025	Peter Johanson

**1966** After four years of DNs in Europe, the first European Championship (EC) was held at the Union Yacht Club in Neusiedl, Austria. The conditions were excellent and it was the first (and last) time a long distance race around the lake was part of the EC.

**1967** The races were held in the centre of Stockholm, Sweden on softening spring ice. Conditions were unfamiliar to the Dutch, who had a long night of changing their angle runners after day one and finishing ahead of the pack the next few days.

**1968** The sailors returned to the Union Yacht Club on the Neusiedler See. After the first race there was a storm that blew the ice out and racing continued further south on the lake for one more day.

1969 The regatta was organised by the Baltische Segler Verein, on a smooth and wet Steinhuder Meer. The BSV is a combination club of the pre-war German iceboaters from Estonia and Riga that were displaced by the Molotov-Ribbentrop pact in 1939 and the ones from East Prussia that were chased out by the Red Army in 1944.

**1971** Wim van Acker set the date for this EC in Monnickendam a year before. The ice appeared three days before the event. It was a once per century event just north of Amsterdam on glass ice.

1972 The regatta was sailed in a small fleet in Gottskär, Sweden

1973 Sailing conditions were excellent in Gizycko, Poland.

**1976** The EC was sailed on ice covered in wet snow on one windy day in Stockholm. and without Estonian competitors by decision from Moscow bureaucrats.

**1977** The regatta was held on a new area for the first time in Krynica Morska, Poland. Ice conditions were not so good, with a lot of shell ice, giving a premium to very strong DNs.

**1978** The EC was sailed in Krynica Morska again, very popular at that time. The ice was soft, leading to the sailing being done before 9 in the morning on all days, before the ice got too soft.

**1979** The EC was sailed at the Union Yacht Club, Neusiedl for the third time on rough ice in light wind conditions. In a fleet of 46, Robert Ettl was unbeatable, he won all four races.

**1980** The EC was sailed over two days on snow covered ice near Västerås on which the Estonian and Polish sailors had 9 in the top 10.

The EC was sailed on Lake Dettern, near Vänersborg, Sweden on snow covered rough ice. In medium to high winds the Eastern Europeans were once again unbeatable.

**1982** The regatta was sailed on the Kleine Wittensee, northern Germany. Three races were sailed the first day, on smooth ice in a stiff breeze. The next two days gave no wind followed by heavy rain, leading to an end for the regatta.

For the third time in the center of Stockholm, the EC was sailed over two days on smooth ice with a thin snow cover .

It was the third turn for Krynica Morska, Poland where only three races could be sailed over three days despite perfect ice conditions, because of light winds.

It was the first time the EC could be sailed on Lake Vänern, the big lake we always drive past in Sweden. The smooth hard ice had snow drifts, making sailing difficult in the light conditions

The conditions deteriorated on Lake Neusiedl, forcing a move to the Schlei, northern Germany where all competitors had to wait in pouring rain conditions before the first start, but the ice deteriorated over the next few days forcing a cancellation and a move to Denmark, all to no avail.

The German organisers rescued the event by moving to Kungsbacka, near Gothenburg, Sweden where the regatta was sailed on smooth ice with a thin, hard snow cover that needed enough wind, which was lacking most days.

The regatta was sailed from Strelna, near Leningrad, in the Russian part of the USSR the only time ever. Conditions were hard, with deep snow on soft ice.

The championship was sailed from Vasa, Finland. Conditions were miserable, with lots of rain and soft wet snow. Many hotel rooms were ruined by wet equipment and sharpening in the rooms.

The Polish organisors were forced north, to Lake Storsjön, Arsunda, Sweden where the regatta was sailed on the roughest ice in history. The ice was best described as paving stones and caused many breakages.

The championship was held in Estonia, in the middle of its struggle for independence, in Haapsalu.

1992 The regatta was sailed in Arsunda, Sweden again. On day one, no sailing was possible because of snow and no wind. On day two, many people left because of the deep snow. Miraculously, most of the snow had been blown away for the last day. Sailing was dangerous because of snow, but things went well.

The EC was sailed on Lake Mälaren, on the south coast from Sundbyholm, near Eskilstuna, Sweden from the site of Sunbyholm castle. There was snow on the ice and light winds prevented racing until Thursday. when four races were sailed. More snow and no racing after that.

After a Worlds week on Lake Zegrze, Nieporet, Poland with light winds and snow there was only one day left for the EC. More snow and no wind prevented sailing.

The EC was held in Västerås, Sweden in good conditions, but with the ice deteriorating later in the week because of rain.

After being snowed out of the worlds in Podersdorf, Austria, the fleet moved to the small Wallersee, near Salzburg for the EC. Luckily there were smaller numbers of competitors, making reduced fleets possible on the glass ice.

After a first race on soft ice on the Baltic Sea from Kalmar, Sweden, we woke up on day 2 to the ice sheet having drifted off. The regatta was finished at Väksjö, Sweden.

Both the Worlds and EC were sailed on Lake Pyhajarvi in Finland. Conditions for the EC had totally changed from the Worlds before with deep, wet snow drifts on day one and dangerous shell ice on day two.

1999 The event was held at a new site on on Sniardwy, the biggest lake in Poland, at Mikołajki with smooth ice as far as the eye could see. This year was a preview to future times, with the small, overextended Swiss organising group hiring the local ice boat club to do the on the ice race organising.

In Fiskeboda, Sweden, there was a thin layer of snow on the smooth ice that hid some cracks, one of which ruined Tomas Lindgrens chances in race 4, on the way to his fourth race win.

A difficult season that saw us end up on Lake Lipno, Czech Republic. Known for fickle winds, we sailed on the widest area, from the ferry ramp at Dolni Vltavice, south of Cerna. Conditions were difficult, with snow, but just low enough to make sailing possible.

**2002** It was an experimental year, with only one event counting as both the Worlds and EC with more races planned. We sailed from Haapsalu, Estonia, but storms and windless days kept us from sailing more than normal.

**2003** We all travelled to Paldiski, a former naval base town for the Soviet army in Estonia. It had Just too much hard snow, and we moved across the Baltic Sea to Björkvik, south of Stockholm. The smooth ice there made for good racing.

**2004** The EC was sailed on Lake Balaton, Hungary. Initially at Balaton-füred, where the conditions worsened so we moved to the southwest end of the lake where we had smooth ice at Keszthely

**2005** Was another big moving year, with a start very far up north at Bergvik, near Söderhamn, Sweden. Where snow and appearance of a crack during qualifiers forced a move all the way to Pyhajarvi, Finland. After a few days of no wind and snow the EC was finally completed.

**2006** The EC got under time pressure after the worlds were moved from Germany to Motala, Sweden and the primary ice sheet there blew away. But a valiant effort was made that resulted in cancellation after one race in the closing hour.

**2007** The EC was sailed on a big thick sheet of ice in Haapsalu, without a second below zero all week. The top layer became softer all day every day, and firmed back up overnight. The wind conditions made for difficult races as well, but the first event organised by an experienced Polish Race Committee was a big succes.

**2008** The Austrian ice scouts this year travelled all over Europe to find a suitable site, to find it 100 kilometers from home in the end, at Lake Lipno in the Czech Republic. There was good wind, but the hills around made for a one-sided course. Dangerous!

**2009** This year marked a return to Saint Petersburg, formerly Leningrad, in Russia, formerly Soviet Union. There was a tight organization, making use of the best conditions early in the day.

**2010** The EC was sailed at the extreme south end of Lake Neusiedl, Austria with the starting area across the border in Hungary few times. Hard smooth ice made for excellent racing.

**2011** The EC was sailed from Kuressaare on the Island of Saarema, Estonia. The racing area was a few miles out on the Baltic Sea, towards Riga on a giant sheet of ice.

**2012** After the worlds in Örebrö, Sweden, the snow came, forcing a move for the EC. Despite forecasts for more snow everybody packed up and moved to Mariestad, where more snow was falling so the EC was cancelled without getting a sail.

**2013** The EC this year was sailed from the iceboating city of Gizycko, Poland with a move to Lake Siemianowka on the Belarussian border after getting snowed out for a last race.

**2014** The EC was sailed over two days in Haapsalu, Estonia. Good conditions out on the course, but there were holes in the ice on the way out, causing some trouble.

**2015** The EC was on Lake Vörtsjärv, central Estonia. A new lake for the DN EC leading to underestimation of ice deterioration after enough races were sailed to have a valid event, leading to racing getting cancelled on the last day.

**2016** After a week of high temperatures during the Worlds on Lake Glan in Norrköping, Sweden, the EC was sailed on the last morning, which was a surprise to some. The fleets sizes were smaller than during the Worlds which allowed for enough races before a forecasted storm hit.

**2017** It was a difficult winter with a constant stream of weather depressions alternately ruining all our usual lakes except the extreme south lake Balaton in Hungary where a high pressure area formed over it from mid December until almost March. The massive ice was used for a good EC at Balatonfüred, until the last possible day on that ice.

**2018** Estonia was the organizing country but lacked safe ice. The site chosen by the Commodore was Gizyczko in Poland with a spare site at Jezioro Wielimie near Szczecinek. The opening ceremony was held in the Port of Gizyczko, but on the following day a snow storm forced a move to the spare site. There were 21 races held for the WC and 13 races for EC.

**2019** The organizing country was Hungary. Unfortunately, due to the mild weather the originally planned location did not provide suitable ice for the regatta. After a detour and snowstorms in the Baltic, the final venue, Lake Sniardwy in Poland was decided on Saturday. There were 119 participants from 17 countries divided into three fleets. 21 races were sailed in three days and finally there was no need to use the reserve day. This year the EC and the Juniors got a much-needed sponsorship from: The Hungarian Yachting Association, Rooster Sailing, Quantum Sails Hungary, Kwindoo and IceWise.

**2020** Orsasjön, Sweden was the only area on the continent with sufficient ice conditions to host a regatta for 150 competitors. After the World Championship, we spent an additional day on the ice, making it three days in a row without wind. Hopes were high that on the last day that we could have still finished some races for a valid event. Although the wind arrived, the ice conditions worsened and the EC was cancelled.

**2021:** The 2021 European Championship regatta was cancelled because of the COVID19 pandemic.

**2022:** The regatta was sailed in Storsjo, Norway. Lukasz Zakrzewski P155 won the regatta with three first place finishes and one second place finish. It was the first time a European Championship was held in Norway.

**2023:** The organizing country for this event was Latvia, but due to challenging weather conditions, the regatta was moved to Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania. Tomasz Zakrzewski P55 was the champion, with Mihkel Kosk C45 second and Robert Graszyk P31 in third.

**2024:** Pärnu, Estonia, provided superb sailing conditions for most of the week. The regatta was dominated by Polish and Estonian sailors, with Poland taking all three podium positions and six sailors in the top ten. Champion Michal Burczynski dominated by winning his second title in one week after winning the Gold Cup earlier that week. The hosting Estonians sailed well, with Joonas Kiisler C53 in fourth place and four sailors in the top ten

**2025:** The 2025 European Championship at Lake Pyhäjärvi in Säkylä, Finland, crowned a new name for the trophy: Rasmus Maalinn C20 of Estonia. At under 30 years old, Rasmus is the first sailor under 30 to win since Poland's Michal Burczynski P114 in 2004. Despite warm temperatures, wet ice, and tricky winds, the Race Committee completed 12 A-fleet races and 11 each in B and C. Rasmus dominated with seven race wins to secure the title ahead of Burczynski in second and Poland's Łukasz Zakrzewski P155 in third..

#### A FLEET TROPHY

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
1966	Kees Kortenoever	Holland	Neusiedler See, Austria
1967	Bouw van Wijk	Holland	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1968	Bouw van Wijk	Holland	Neusiedler See, Austria
1969	Jan Eindhoven	Holland	Steinhuder Meer, W. Germany
1970	(No Race - too much	n snow)	
1971	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Monnickendam, Holland
1972	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Gottskär, Sweden
1973	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Gizycko, Poland
1974	(No race—too much	snow)	
1975	(No race- too much	snow)	
1976	Olle Blomquist	Sweden	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Krynica Morska, Poland
1978	Vello Kuusk	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1979	Robert Ettl	West Germany	Neusiedler See, Austria
1980	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Dettern, Sweden
1982	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Kleine Wittensee, Germany
1983	Vaiko Voorema	Estonia, USSR	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1984	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Vaiko Voremaa	Estonia, USSR	Gränna, Sweden
1986	(No race)		
1987	Wladyslaw Stefanowicz	Poland	Kungsbacka, Sweden
1988	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Vasa, Finland
1990	Sören Snäckerström	Sweden	Arsunda. Swedem
1991	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
1992	Karol Jabłoński	Germany	Arsunda, Sweden
IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026			

### A FLEET TROPHY

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
1993	Stan Macur	Poland	Sundbyholm Mälaren, Sweden
1994	(No race, snowed o	ut.)	
1995	Vaiko Voorema	Estonia	Västerås Mälaren, Sweden
1996	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Wallersee, Austria
1997	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Kalmar & Växjö, Sweden
1998	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Lake Sniardwy, Poland
2000	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Lake Hjälmaren, Fiskeboda, Sweden
2001	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2002	Ron Sherry	USA	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Björkvik, Sweden
2004	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
2006	No Regatta		
2007	Andreas Bock	Germany	Haapsalu, Estonia
2008	Matt Struble	USA	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	St. Petersburg, Russia
2010	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Kuressaare, Saaremaa, Estonia
2012	(No Race)		
2013	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Niegocin & Lake Siemianowka, Poland
2014	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Võrtsjärv, Estonia
2016	Ron Sherry	USA	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Balaton, Hungary

### A FLEET TROPHY

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
2018	Ron Sherry	USA	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Jarek Radzki	Poland	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020 - 2	2021 (No Race)		
2022	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Storsjoen, Norway
2023	Tomek Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland,



2025 European Championship Photo: Rola Lora

### **SECOND PLACE**

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
1966	Jan Dick Wevers	Holland	Neusiedler See, Austria
1967	Wim van Acker	Holland	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1968	Dieter Handl	Austria	Neusiedler See, Austria
1969	Heinrich Reiter	Austria	Steinhuder Meer, W. Germany
1970	(No Race - too mu	ich snow)	
1971	Helge Rodén	Sweden	Monnickendam, Holland
1972	Jan Gougeon	USA	Gottskär, Sweden
1973	Helmuth Leppik	Estonia, USSR	Gizycko, Poland
1974	(No race—too mu	ch snow)	
1975	(No race- too mu	ch snow)	
1976	Hans Molter	West Germany	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Endel Vooremaa	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1978	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Krynica Morska, Poland
1979	Peter Koppany	West Germany	Neusiedler See, Austria
1980	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Dettern, Sweden
1982	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Kleine Wittensee, Germany
1983	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1984	Tiit Haagma	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Gränna, Sweden
1986	(No race)		
1987	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Kungsbacka, Sweden
1988	Andrzej Dalecki	Poland	Leningrad, USSR
1989	Andreas Bock	West Germany	Vasa, Finland

### **SECOND PLACE**

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
1990	Władysław Stefanowicz	Poland	Arsunda. Swedem
1991	Rein Veider	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
1992	Andrzej Dalecki	Poland	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Rein Veider	Estonia	Sundbyholm Mälaren, Sweden
1994	(No race, snowed or	ut.)	
1995	Ake Luks	Sweden	Västerås Mälaren, Sweden
1996	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Wallersee, Austria
1997	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Kalmar & Växjö, Sweden
1998	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Sniardwy, Poland
2000	Thomas Karlsson	Sweden	Lake Hjälmaren, Fiskeboda, Sweden
2001	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2002	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Björkvik, Sweden
2004	Ron Sherry	USA	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
2006	(No Race)		
2007	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2008	Ron Sherry	USA	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	St. Petersburg, Russia
2010	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Kuressaare, Saaremaa, Estonia

### **IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026**

### **SECOND PLACE**

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
2012	No Regatta		
2013	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Niegocin & Lake Siemianowka, Poland
2014	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Võrtsjärv, Estonia
2016	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2018	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020 - 20	021 (No Race)		
2022	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Storsjoen, Norway
2023	Mihkel Kosk	Estonia	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland



2025 European Championship. Photo Rola Lora

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
1966	Hans Bergkvist	Sweden	Neusiedler See, Austria
1967	Sune Lind	Sweden	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1968	Jan Eindhoven	Holland	Neusiedler See, Austria
1969	Frits Meeuwissen	Holland	Steinhuder Meer, W. Germany
1970	(No race - too much snow)		
1971	Helmuth Leppik	Estonia, USSR	Monnickendam, Holland
1972	Helmuth Leppik	Estonia, USSR	Gottskär, Sweden
1973	Vello Jürjo	Estonia, USSR	Gizycko, Poland
1974	(No race—too much snow)		
1975	(No race- too much snow)		
1976	Rolf Andersson	Sweden	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1977	Rolands Berdash	Latvia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1978	Jüri Šaraškin	Estonia, USSR	Krynica Morska, Poland
1979	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Neusiedler See, Austria
1980	Ain Vilde	Estonia, USSR	Lake Mälaren, Västerås, Sweden
1981	Stanislaw Macur	Poland	Dettern, Sweden
1982	Göran Tell	Sweden	Kleine Wittensee, Germany
1983	Bogdan Kramer	Poland	Stora Värtan, Sweden
1984	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Krynica Morska, Poland
1985	Piotr Burczyński	Poland	Gränna, Sweden
1986	(No race)		
1987	Peter Koppany	West Germany	Kungsbacka, Sweden
1988	Andreas Bock	West Germany	Leningrad, USSR
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Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
1989	Stanislaw Macur	Poland	Vasa, Finland
1990	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia, USSR	Arsunda. Sweden
1991	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
1992	Władysław Stefanowicz	Poland	Arsunda, Sweden
1993	Matti Kuulmann	Estonia	Sundbyholm, Mälaren, Sweden
1994	(No race, snowed o	ut.)	
1995	Stefan Jarrudd	Sweden	Västerås Mälaren, Sweden
1996	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Wallersee, Austria
1997	Tomas Lindgren	Sweden	Kalmar & Växjö, Sweden
1998	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
1999	Bernd Zeiger	Germany	Lake Sniardwy, Poland
2000	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Hjälmaren, Fiskeboda, Sweden
2001	Daan Schutte	Holland	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2002	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Ron Sherry	USA	Björkvik, Sweden
2004	Fredrik Lönegren	Sweden	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Ron Sherry	USA	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Lomasakyla, Finland
2006	No Regatta		
2007	Vaiko Vooremaa	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2008	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Lake Lipno, Czech Republic
2009	Michał Burczyński	Poland	St. Petersburg, Russia
2010	Ron Sherry	USA	Neusiedler See, Austria
2011	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Kuressaare, Saaremaa, Estonia

Year	Winner	Home	Regatta Site
2012	No Regatta		
2013	Peter Hamrak	Hungary	Lake Niegocin & Lake Siemianowka, Poland
2014	Ron Sherry	USA	Haapsalu, Estonia
2015	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Võrtsjärv, Estonia
2016	Madars Alvikis	Latvia	Lake Glan, Norrköping, Sweden
2017	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2018	Karol Jabłoński	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Mihkel Kosk	Estonia	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020 - 2	021 (No Race)		
2022	Jarek Radzki	Poland	Storsjoen, Norway
2023	Robert Graczyk	Poland	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Jarek Radzki	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Łukasz Zakrzewski	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland



2025 European Championship. Photo Rola Lora

### **WOMEN'S TROPHY**

Donated by the Polish DN Ice Sailing Association

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2018	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020 - 1	2021	(No Race)	
2022	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Storsjoen, Norway
2023	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Anja Fiedler	Germany	Pärnu, Estonia
2025`	Laura Banach	Poland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland

### WOMEN'S TROPHY SECOND PLACE

Donated by the Polish DN Ice Sailing Association

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2018	Valentina Kozlova	Russia	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Valentina Kozlova	Russia	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020 - 2	2021	(No Race)	
2022	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Storsjoen, Norway
2023	Ruta Pampe	Latvia	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Laura Banach	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Lisbeth Taggu	Estonia	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland

### WOMEN'S TROPHY THIRD PLACE

Donated by the Polish DN Ice Sailing Association

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2018	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Lucie Vuithier	Switzerland	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020 -	2021 (No Race)		
2023			Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Lisbeth Taggu	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Claudia Mishima	Finland	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland

### JUNIOR'S TROPHY

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2018	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Wielimie, Szczecinek, Poland
2019	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Śniardwy, Poland
2020-2	.021 (No Race)		
2022	Oskar Svennson	Sweden	Storsjoen, Norway
2023	Oskar Svennson	Sweden	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Angus Aarna Ant	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia
2025	Karl Ader	Estonia	Lake Pyhäjärvi, Säkylä, Finland

### DN JUNIOR WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

After the 1990 European Secretaries meeting in Warsaw, Poland, a special meeting was held in Olsztyn, Poland. Stan Macur, Poland; Ain Vilde and Otto Raud, Estonia organized the Junior DN Championship because there were no events for young ice saiors. IDNIYRA Europe Commodore Wim van Acker supported the decision and the first European Junior Championship took place just before regular 1991 DN European Championship in Haapsalu, Estonia. IDNIYRA Europe began financially supporting the regatta 2001. The first Junior World Championship was held in 2002 in Haapsalu Estonia.

### **FIRST PLACE**

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2002	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Janno Hool	Estonia	Saadjarv, Estonia
2004	Argo Vooremaa	Estonia	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Patryk Piasecki	Poland	Lake Dadaj, Poland
2006	Patryk Piasecki	Poland	Parnu, Estonia
2007	Matiss Alvikis	Latvia	Saulai, Lithuania
2008	Rando Randmaa	Estonia	Siemianówka, Poland
2009	Jaan Akerman	Estonia	Sweden Lake Glan
2010	Karl-Hannes Tagu	Estonia	Śniardwy Lake, Okartowo, Poland
2011	Piotr Gunther	Poland	Śniardwy Lake, Okartowo, Poland
2012	Miłosz Wojewski	Poland	Śniardwy Lake, Okartowo, Poland
2013	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Nida, Lithuania, Kuronian Zaliw
2014	Jacek Stanisławski	Poland	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	Kevin Grass	Estonia	Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Võrtsjärve, Estonia
2017	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Oskar Svensson	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Oskar Svensson	Sweden	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Gustav Linden	Sweden	Pärnu, Estonia
			IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026

# DN JUNIOR WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP

### **SECOND PLACE**

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	Johannes Puusepp	Estonia	Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	Kevin Grass	Estonia	Lake Võrtsjärve, Estonia
2017	Eigo Helimets	Estonia	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Gustaw Micinski	Poland	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Gustaw Micinski	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Cezary Sternicki	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia

### **THIRD PLACE**

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Konrad Żółtowski	Poland	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	Konrad Żółtowski	Poland	Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Võrtsjärve, Estonia
2017	Kevin Grass	Estonia	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Joosep Laus	Estonia	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Anton Didenko	Russia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Melvin Aasav	Estonia	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Cezary Sternicki	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Gustav Linden	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Cezary Sternicki	Poland	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Angus Aarna Ant	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

### **IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026**

# DN JUNIOR EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIP

### FIRST PLACE

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
1991	Agu Tomingas	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
1992	Paweł Kacprowski	Poland	Sandvikken, Sweden Unofficial
1993	Tomasz Zakrzewski	Poland	St. Petersburg , Russia
1994	No Regatta, no wind		
1995	Hubert Szustak	Poland	Kowno, Lithuania Unofficial
1995-1	996 No Official Races		
2000	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Okartowo, Poland, Lake Śniardwy
2001	Michał Burczyński	Poland	Riga, Kisezers , Latvia
2002 - 2	2013 No Regatta		
2014	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	No Regatta		
2016	No Regatta (snow)		
2017	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2019	Anton Didenko	Russia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Oskar Svensson	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Oskar Svensson	Sweden	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Angus Aarna Ant	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

# DN JUNIOR EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIP

### **SECOND PLACE**

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Jacek Stanisławski	Poland	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	No Regatta		
2016	No Regatta (snow)		
2017	Joosep Laus	Estonia	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Eddie Klemets	Sweden	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2019	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Melvin Aasav	Estonia	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Gustaw Micińsk	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Gustav Linden	Sweden	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Karl Ader	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Kevin Grass	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	No Regatta		
2016	No Regatta (snow)		
2017	Keith Luur	Estonia	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Zuzanna Rybicka	Poland	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2019	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Gustaw Micinski	Poland	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Cezary Sternick	Poland	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Gustav Linden	Sweden	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Kacper Worek	Poland	Pärnu, Estonia

# ICE OPTIMIST WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP FIRST PLACE

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2001	Patryk Piasecki	Poland	Riga, Kisezers , Latvia
2002	Elise Umb	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2003	Elise Umb	Estonia	Saadjarv, Estonia
2004	Lukasz Przybytek	Poland	Lake Balaton, Hungary
2005	Lukasz Przybytek	Poland	Lake Dadaj, Poland
2006	Aleksander Matysiak	Poland	Parnu, Estonia
2007	Antonina Marciniak	Poland	Saulai, Lithuania
2008	Sara Pasecka	Poland	Siemianówka, Poland
2009	Antonina Marciniak	Poland	Sweden Lake Glan
2010	Sara Piasecka	Poland	Okartowo, Poland, Śniardwy Lake
2011	Paweł Roszkowski	Poland	Okartowo, Poland, Śniardwy Lake
2012	Antonina Marciniak	Poland	Okartowo, Poland, Śniardwy Lake
2013	Mikołaj Mickiewicz	Poland	Nida, Lithuania, Kuronian Zaliw
2014	Rasmus Maalinn	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	Keith Luur	Estonia	Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	Daniel Rüütel	Estonia	Valma, Vortsjarv Lake
2017	Georg Paomees	Estonia	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Karl Ader	Estonia	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Andrias Sepp	Estonia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Mateusz Gigielewicz	Poland	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Angelina Ounap	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Aron Poolma	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Aron Poolma	Estonia	Lake Kertoujai, Lithuania
2024	Aron Poolma	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

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# ICE OPTIMIST WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP SECOND PLACE

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Joosep Laus	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	Melvin Aasav	Estonia	Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	Kacper Worek	Poland	Valma, Vortsjarv Lake
2017	Daniel Rüütel	Estonia	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Jakub Kamiński	Poland	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Lisbeth Taggu	Estonia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Anielka Graczyk	Poland	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Laura Taggu	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Anni Kubjas	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Emma Mia Kaar	Estonia	Lake Kertuoja, Lithuania
2024	Remo Maripuu	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

### **THIRD PLACE**

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Dan Talv	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	Sten-Markus Andresson	Estonia	Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	Sten-Markus Andresson	Estonia	Valma, Vortsjarv Lake
2017	Cezary Sternicki	Poland	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Stanisław Konarzewski	Poland	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Mateusz Gigielewicz	Poland	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Andrias Sepp	Estonia	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Martin Rahnel	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Leene Välista	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Anni Kubjas	Estonia	Lake Kertuoja, Lithuania
2024	Trinette Välisson	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

### **IDNIYRA YEAR BOOK 2026**

# ICE OPTIMIST EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIP FIRST PLACE

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Mateusz Michalak	Poland	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	No Regatta		Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	No Regatta (snow)		
2017	Cancelled (insufficial	nt races)	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Gustaw Miciński	Poland	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Andrias Sepp	Estonia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Andrias Sepp	Estonia	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Angeliina Õunap	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Aron Poolma	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Aron Poolma	Estonia	Lake Kertuoja, Lithuania
2024	Remo Maripuu	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia



2025 European Championship top 3 women

# ICE OPTIMIST EUROPEAN CHAMPIONSHIP

### **SECOND PLACE**

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Joosep Laus	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	No Regatta		Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	No Regatta (snow)		
2017	Cancelled (insufficiant race	es)	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Jakub Kamiński	Poland	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Mateusz Gigielewicz	Poland	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Maria Onarzewska	Poland	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Laura Taggu	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Leene Välista	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2023	Leene Väliste	Estonia	Lake Kertuoja, Lithuania
2024	Stanislaw Lugowski	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

Year	Skipper	Home	Regatta Site
2014	Dan Talv	Estonia	Lake Ķīšezers, Latvia
2015	No Regatta		Lake Rėkyva, Lithuania
2016	No Regatta (snow)		
2017	Cancelled (insufficiant race	es)	Lake Jezioro Duże Żnińskie
2018	Jorgen Kuivonen	Estonia	Lake Rekyva, Lithuania
2019	Georg Paomees	Estonia	Siemianówka Reservoir, Poland
2020	Amelia Potejko	Poland	Lake Oresjön, Furudal, Sweden
2021	Martin Rahnel	Estonia	Haapsalu, Estonia
2022	Emma Mia Kaar	Estonia	Haapsalue, Estonia
2023	Emma Mia Kaar	Estonia	Lake Kertuoja, Lithuania
2024	Aron Poolma	Estonia	Pärnu, Estonia

# **Suppliers**

### **DN BUILDER KITS**

1D-Sails Bernd Zeiger G107 Kurallee 1D 24159 Kiel

Phone: +49 431 374152 Mobile: +491777980919 Mobile SWE: +46 734352354

Email: landessekretaer@eissegeln.org

Ake Luks Gustavsvagen 25 S 633 46 Eskilstuna Sweden

Phone: 46 16 14 83 98 Fax: 46 16 14 83 98 Ake Luks (S-5)

Composite Concepts 35940 Carlisle Drive Clinton Twp., MI 48035 586-790-5557 Fax: 586-792-3374 ron@iceboatracing.com iceboatracing.com Ron Sherry

North Wind Ice Boats 80 Twin Fawn Drive Hanover, MA 02339 781-724-0648 (primary) nwind1@aol.com northwindiceboats.com Steve Duhamel

Norton Boat Works PO Box 464, 535 Commercial Green Lake, WI 54941 920-294-3544 Joe Norton Weeks Yacht Yard 10 Riverview Ct. Patchogue, NY 11772 516-475-1675 Fax: 516-475-1675 weeksyachtyard.com Brian or Joe Weeks

#### **EPOXY**

WEST SYSTEM
Gougeon Brothers
PO Box 908
Bay City, MI 48707
517-684-7246
Epoxy information and the West
System Technical Manual available
online westsystem.com

Jamestown Distributors 17 Peckham Drive Bristol, RI 02809 800-497-0010 Fax: 800-423-0542 jamestowndistributors.com

McCormick Lumber 3156 Milwaukee St. Madison, WI 53714 608-244-4741 Fax: 608-244-0762 mccormicklumber.com Andy McCormick

### Suppliers: Epoxy & Hardware

CTM Heinrich-Hertz-Str. 38 D24837 Schleswig, Germany Tel: +49 (0) 4621 95 533 Fax: +49 (0) 4621 95 535 info@ctmat.de

Weeks Yacht Yard 10 Riverview Ct. Patchogue, NY 11772 516-475-1675 Fax: 516-475-1675 weeksyachtyard.com Brian or Joe Weeks

### **HARDWARE**

Annapolis Performance Sailing 104 Severn Avenue Annapolis, MD 21403 800-729-9767 Sail@apsltd.com www.apsltd.com

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Dave's Machining 402 Milwaukee Ave. Fort Atkinson, WI 53538 920-563-4341 3yeadons@charter.net David L. Yeadon

Jamestown Distributors 17 Peckham Drive Bristol, RI 02809 800-497-0010 Fax: 800-423-0542 jamestowndistributors.com

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Red Wolf - DN Performance Planks & Chocks dn-parts.com Poland Tel. 0048 691 997 999 Tomek Zakrzewski zakrzewski@pro.onet.pl

### Suppliers: Hardware, Hull Numbers, Masts, Booms

Strublized Chocks Contact Ron Sherry Composite Concepts 35940 Carlisle Drive Clinton Twp., MI 48035 586-790-5557 Fax: 586-792-3374 ron@iceboatracing.com iceboatracing.com

Weeks Yacht Yard 10 Riverview Ct. Patchogue, NY 11772 516-475-1675 Fax: 516-475-1675 weeksyachtyard.com Brian or Joe Weeks

#### **HULL NUMBERS**

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George Siegle

#### MASTS & BOOMS

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https://www.moorebro.co/

Icewise Hungary Péter Hamrák m53@icewise.hu +36 70 336 4000 www.icewise.hu

### Suppliers: Masts & Booms, Misc. Services & Items

Kenyon Spars (A division of Rig-Rite Inc.) 63 Centerville Rd. Warwick, RI 02886 401-739-1149 DN@rigrite.com rigrite.com Kim Houghton

McCormick Lumber 3156 Milwaukee St. Madison, WI 53714 608-244-4741 Fax: 608-244-0762 mccormicklumber.com Andy McCormick

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# MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES & ITEMS

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Email: landessekretaer@eissegeln.org

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02809 USA
Phone: 781-355-4650
Phone 1-781-335-4650
office@moorebro.co
blacksealj35@gmail.com
Paul Goodwin
(Full-size templates for building the DN
or Ice-Opti hull)
39480 Lakeshore Dr,
Harrison Twp, MI 48045
248-761-7255

Email: pgoodwin-dn@cefirmbach.com

# Suppliers: Miscellaneous Services & Items, Plans

North Sails New Jersey (battens) 2422 Rt 34 North Manasquan, NJ 08736 732-528-8899 Fax: 732-528-6565

Poplar Place Products (Videos) 4985 Poplar Ln. Vicksburg, MI 49097 616-649-1333 Greg Ward

Precision Swaging (Stays, halyards & rigging) 12 Hickory Point Springfield, IL 62707 Phone: 217-529-7414 Contact: Tim Dixon

RKR Composites (custom runner sharpeners) W357 N5895 Meadow Ct Oconomowc, WI 53066 414-791-3056 dncompositemast.com Bob Rast

#### OTHER ICE BOATS

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35940 Carlisle Drive
Clinton Twp., MI 48035
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PO Box 464, 535 Commercial
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Joe Norton

Lloyd Roberts (Gambit plans) 140 Porter St. Rockport, ME 04856 207-596-2095 Lloyd Roberts

Wind Products 2485 Rosstown Rd. Wellsville, PA 17356 1-866-432-1074 Fax: 717-432-2074 windproducts@email.com www.sail4joy.com windproducts.safeshopper.com Manufacturer of Lockley Skimmer 45 Iceboat

#### **PLANS**

Paul Goodwin
Full-size templates for building the
DN or Ice-Opti hull
39480 Lakeshore Dr.
Harrison Twp, MI 48045
248-761-7255
Email: pgoodwin-dn@cefirmbach.com

IDNIYRA Treasurer DN class plans Deb Whitehorse treasurer.idniyra@gmail.com

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### **Suppliers: Runners**

#### RUNNERS

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### Suppliers: Sails

#### SAILS & SAILMAKERS

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Contact: Mike Boston

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North Sails Sweden Sales & Consultant: Designer: Tore Lewander Email: tore@se.northsails.com Phone: +46 854 480 770

Quantum Sails Zenda PO Box 2 N 598 Zenda Road Zenda, WI 53195 262-275-9728 Fax: 262-275-8012 jim@melges.com Jim Gluek

Remus Sailmakers Max Planckstraat 18 2041 CZ Zandvoort The Netherlands Phone 00 31 23 5720168 remus.zeilmakerij@usa.net

Vermont Sailing Partners 150 West Canal St. Winooski, VT 05404 802-655-SAIL info@vtsailing.com www.vtsailing.com Bill Fastiggi

WB Sails Ltd Italahdenkatu 22b C 00210 Helsinki, Finland Phone: +3589 621 5055 Fax: +3589 621 5066 john@wb-sails.fi www.wb-sails.fi/news/WBlines/DN Contact: John Winguist

# Suppliers: Wood

### WOOD

McCormick Lumber 3156 Milwaukee St. Madison, WI 53714 608-244-4741 Fax: 608-244-0762 mccormicklumber.com Andy McCormick

Olympic Woods Inc. 896 57th St. Port Townsend, WA 98368 360-385-3816 Contact Michael Brady tarthur@olympus.net

Rare Earth Hardwoods 6778 E Traverse Hwy Traverse City, MI 49684 Phone: 616-946-0043

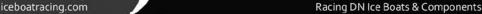
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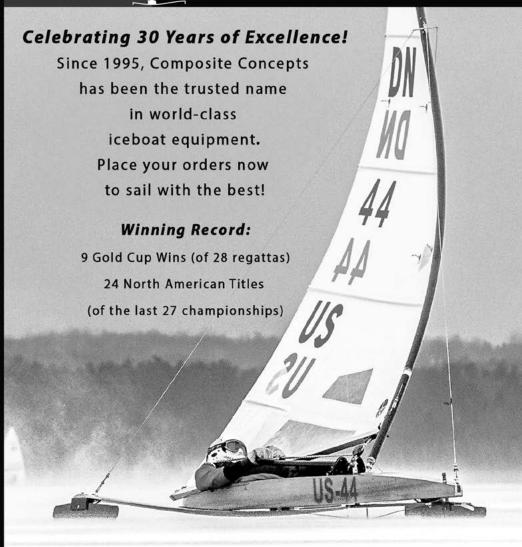
Composite Concepts - Ron Sherry
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# Compos te Concepts, Inc.





# Over 1000 Masts Built!

Ron Sherry, Composite Concepts LLC ron@iceboatracing.com iceboatracing.com Phone: 586-484-5134

# APPENDIX III NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY PROTEST FORM Page A

Regatta or Series			
Protesting Yacht: Class		Sail Number	
Skipper:			
		Sail Number	
Skipper:			
Date & Race Number of	f Incident:		
Witnesses Who Saw the	e Incident:		
Statement of Facts:			
Rules the Protestor Believes Were Violated:			
Time Protest Was Repo	orted to Committee:		
Temperature	Wind Velocity	Visibility	
Ice Condition			

# APPENDIX III NATIONAL ICEBOAT AUTHORITY PROTEST FORM Page B

### **Statement of Facts:**

Indicate Wind Direction Position and tracks of all yachts involved. Also, show their positions in relation to the course and the MARKS of the course.

Signature, Skipper of Protesting Yacht:	
-----------------------------------------	--

# FOR RACE & PROTEST COMMITTEE (JUDGES) USE Page A

Protest Received (Date, Time):
By (Official):
DECISION OF PROTEST COMMITTEE (JUDGES)
Facts Found
Decision & Grounds, including rules(s) infringed and yacht(s)

# FOR RACE & PROTEST COMMITTEE (JUDGES) USE Page B

Page B				
<u>Diagram</u>				
Yes or No:		_ 's Diagram is Endorsed		
Yes or No	Diagram constructed by the Judges is attached.			
Chief Judge				
Names of Other Judges Hearing Protest:				
Date of Hearing: Date of Decision:				